"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day; fair and colder to-morrow; brisk winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,925. * * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1909.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MRS. STETSON NOW CONFESSES ERROR

A Public Recantation Follows the Second Day's Hearing of Her Case.

A LONG SECRET SESSION

She Promises to Obey the Mother Church's Mandate and Submit to Its Punishment.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—At the close of the second day's hearing of the charges brought against Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, deposed leader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in New York, the defendant issued a statement practically recanting and appealing for leniency at the hands of the mother church.

To-day's session began shortly after 9 A. M. and continued until dark. Though the public knows nothing of what took place inside the great stone church, it is believed now that Mrs. Stetson is not to be excommunicated, but will be let off with a reproof.

Mrs. Stetson arrived at the church accompanied only by her secretary, Etta Dunn. They drove up on the Norway Street side of the church in a taxicab they had taken at the Touraine.

The camera brigade had long been assembled, awaiting Mrs. Stetson's arrival, and there was a great clicking of shutters when she stepped out of the taxicab. The plates recorded a wealth of royal purple veiling swathed about the face of Mrs. Stetson, and got but little in the line of features.

Miss Dunn appeared quite peevish with the photographers, and paused long enough on the sidewalk to ask if they were not ashamed of themselves. The answer was a salvo of clattering shutters taking in a snap of Miss Dunn.

Directors Are Silent.

At 2:20 P. M. Archibald McLellan, Chairman of the Board of Directors, left the church, accompanied by John V. Dittemore, the Secretary, and Director Allison V. Stewart for luncheon. Mr. McLellan refused to discuss the case with the reporters who besieged him.

"Is Mrs. Stetson's case before the Directors finished?" he was asked as he walked rapidly down the street.

"Not a word, gentlemen."

"Will there be another session to-night or to-morrow?"

"I cannot talk," he replied.

"Will the Directors make any statement of this affair?"

"Nothing to say, gentlemen."

This question was asked several times, and finally he said:

"I don't think you need stay around here any more to-day. We shall have nothing to give out."

Mr. McLellan and Mr. Dittemore did not appear to be at all fatigued as the result of their long session. They smiled blandly at all the questions asked by the small army of reporters. At first, they seemed to resent being snapshotted by the photographers, but finally posed for them.

Mrs. Stetson and her companions are in their apartments at the hotel to-night. The Directors have dispersed and the church is dark.

Not one of the Directors would give out any statement or go further in discussing the trial than to admit that the Directors had been in session.

A leading member of the church intimated that it was doubtful if any announcement would be made as to the result of the hearing.

"It is not customary," he said, "to make public announcement concerning the infliction of discipline in the church. It never has been the policy of the board. In cases where discipline has been administered it has been their policy to protect those in error and to cast out devils from them without publicity."

Mrs. Stetson's Statement.

Mrs. Stetson's statement made no mention of the hearing. It was as follows:

"Our beloved leader, Mary Baker Eddy, has requested us all to unite with those in our church who are supporting the Mother Church Directors. To-day I have received a copy of her letter addressed to the Trustees of our church.

"For twenty-five years I have gladly obeyed her leading in every question. I have always found that by doing this I drew nearer to God. My students know that I have taught them to do likewise, without questioning her wisdom. Therefore, they do not now need any word from me in addition to what our beloved leader has said to guide them at this hour. They will know that it is right for them to unite with those who supported the Mother Church Directors in the judgment rendered against me.

"I, myself, have been obeying that judgment, and I shall continue to do so. I shall furthermore obey my leader by uniting with those who felt it was right to condemn me in their testimony. My leader's letter induces me to believe that I may have been wrong where I felt that I was absolutely right.

"For twenty-five years I have watched and prayed for guidance and strength in correcting every error revealed to me by God and by my leader, or by any of my brethren."

REORGANIZING FIRST CHURCH.

Sweeping Changes Under Way, Say Opponents of Mrs. Stetson.

A sweeping reorganization is under way in the First Church of Christ, Scientist. Within a few weeks, according to the opponents of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson and the Board of Trustees, many changes will be made in its government. Already several important steps looking to the reorganization, or "housecleaning," as some of the anti-Stetson faction called it, have been taken. Others are in process of development.

Whether the future steps will be accompanied by turmoil and bitter feeling between the opposing factions remains to be seen, for all now depends on the attitude of those members of the Board of Trustees who until Monday had stanchly supported Mrs. Stetson and her teachings.

There is a strong belief now among the leaders of the anti-Stetson faction, however, that the Trustees will take steps to prevent any further conflict in the congregation by tendering their resignations some time between now and Nov. 23, when another congregational meeting will be held, unless the Trustees take such steps as will make the meeting unnecessary.

The only step which could be taken by them to call the meeting off, it is said,

Continued on Page 2.

HOPE DIAMOND'S OWNER LOST

Famous Unlucky Stone Also Said to Have Gone Down with the Seyne.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—According to The London Express a telegram has been received in Paris stating that Selim Habib, a wealthy Turkish diamond collector and merchant, who formerly owned the famous blue Hope diamond, was among the passengers drowned in the wreck of the French mail steamer Seyne at Singapore.

This adds another to the list of misfortunes associated with the ownership of the famous gem. It is reported that he had the diamond with him.

Because certain of its owners have met with misfortune a baleful influence has been ascribed to the famous Hope diamond. Such a stone, weighing 67⅛ karats, was the most valuable of the crown jewels of France when Louis XVI. was beheaded in 1793. It disappeared when the royal treasure was stolen, and in 1830 Daniel Eliason, a London dealer, offered for sale a stone which he said he had bought from a stranger, in all ways like it, except that this one weighed only 44⅝ karats.

This was purchased by Henry Thomas Hope, a banker of great wealth, for $90,000. He was not affected adversely by its possession. He gave it to his daughter when she married the Duke of Newcastle, and she gave it to her second son, Lord Francis Hope. His early career was a wild one. He married May Yohe, the actress, in 1894, and they had a troubled life, ending in a divorce in 1901. Meanwhile Lord Francis had sought to sell the diamond to satisfy his creditors, and about the time of his divorce the courts permitted him to do so. It was bought by Simon Frankel at a price reported as $168,000. After ridding himself of it Lord Francis married again and settled down.

The diamond was brought to New York and Joseph Frankel's Sons & Co. tried to dispose of it to some American. They were unable to get their price, and the diamond lay for years in a safe deposit vault. Largely because they had such a large amount of capital tied up in the stone the house had financial difficulties after the slump of 1907.

The gem was bought in 1908 by Selim Habib. He said the price was $400,000. Financial troubles came to him soon, and last July he was compelled to offer his fine collection of gems for sale in Paris. The auction was held on July 23, and a report later had it that he had been compelled to accept $80,000 for the Hope diamond. Louis Aucoc, the leading diamond expert of France, was said to have bought it for a client. There is doubt whether Habib would have accepted this price, and as there were several other famous diamonds in the Habib collection one of these may have been bought by M. Aucoc.

EXPLORERS DISCREDIT COOK.

Gen. Kneeland Says the Club and London Geographers Credit Only Peary.

The installation of officers of the Gotham Club took place last night in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria. It was followed by a reception and a literary and musical programme. Mrs. A. A. A. Brooks, the recently re-elected President, presided at the function.

During the evening a note of regret was received from Mrs. Russell Sage, who was unable to be present, and a letter of regret was also received from Lewis Nixon.

Mrs. H. Secor Tonjes, former President of the Women's Equality Republican Club, made an address on the Cook-Peary controversy. She said she believed both Cook and Commander Peary reached the pole, Cook getting there first. This was her opinion, she said, after reading the newspapers.

"I am willing," she said, "to accept Dr. Cook's word as an American gentleman."

Gen. Stillman F. Kneeland was booked to speak on "War Reminiscences," but he left that subject to comment on the polar controversy.

"I was very glad to hear Mrs. Tonjes speak on the Cook-Peary matter because I am prejudiced upon both sides. I live in Brooklyn, therefore I hope Cook reached the pole. I am a member of the Explorers' Club and also of the Geographical Society of London, and both of these bodies believe individually and collectively that only one man reached the pole—and they know that he did. That man is Commander Peary.

"Before he organized his last and successful expedition he exhibited to the Explorers' Club a large map which he had prepared showing his previous routes, and explained just where he had made his mistakes. Since his return from his last trip he has shown us his records and maps, and there is now no question that Peary reached the north pole. I hope that Cook has, but I have studied his story, and in common with my fellow-geographers I have been reluctantly forced to discredit it."

THE HUSBAND OFFERED

All His Wages, Bowling, Theatres, and Parties—She Wouldn't Go Back.

Letters written by Armond G. Rossig of West Hoboken, pleading with his wife to return to him, were read in the Chancery Chambers in Jersey City yesterday before Vice Chancellor Howell.

In one he offered that he and she would join some bowling club; that he would give her all his money, and that they would go regularly to the theatre. In another he said he had washed the ice box, and that if she did not return soon he would be forced to send her cat to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. In still another he urged her to come back so they could spend Christmas together, and in another to be back by New Year's, when they would celebrate their wooden wedding.

The letters were not all of the same tenor. In some he chided her for letting dishes stand from Saturday to Tuesday, for being at the bowling score board and smearing chalk on the face of "that miserable race track gambler."

The wife's letters were of the strenuous kind, dissertations on his manhood. He is suing on the ground of desertion. She has filed a counter suit, charging cruelty.

BELMONT LIFTS CHURCH DEBT

His Plea Wins $625 from the Parishioners of St. George's, Hempstead.

August Belmont, Senior Warden of St. George's Church, Hempstead, L. I., called a meeting of the parishioners of the church last night at his country house, in order to give them a chance to make what inquiries they pleased into the financial situation, and incidentally to get contributions to the amount of $625, the sum that the church owed.

So many people came that his drawing room was quite full, except for a little half circle of space in which he stood. He said that it took $4,500 a year to run the church; that, through an anonymous contribution—which every one suspected was his own—the former debt of $4,000 had fallen to $2,000, and that smaller contributions had brought it to only $625. This, he said, must be paid by Advent Sunday, Nov. 28, so that they could then proceed with a clean slate. Thereupon Mr. Belmont distributed little subscription blanks, which, he said he had had prepared in his office, and before the evening ended the debt was covered.

The Flamingo—Quickest Florida Train. Lvs. N. Y. 10:25 A. M. daily; arrives Jacksonville 1:30 P. M., with through sleeper to all Florida East Coast Resorts. Inq. Seaboard Air Line, 1,183 Broadway, City.—Adv.

PALADINO MEETS A FIRM SKEPTIC

"Fake!" Says One Spectator After a Second Seance of Table-Jigging.

CAN'T TELL HOW IT'S DONE

But a Clever Magician Could Have Accomplished Equal Marvels—S. S. McClure Chief Spectator.

The only person not a believer in spiritualism and not interested in the success of Eusapia Paladino, out of the magic thirteen who attended her second seance in the Lincoln Square Arcade last night declared after it was over that in his judgment her performance was a "fake." This man said as others had on Sunday night, that there had been some things which he could not explain, but in the darkened room, with the woman surrounded by persons who were evidently in sympathy with her and doing all they could to help her, he could not rid his mind of the thought that she was doing with her hands some of the things ascribed to the invisible "John," supposed to be operating through her. He said, further, that most of the things she did could, in his judgment, have been done by a clever magician.

Almost all the things usually credited to the powers of Signora Paladino were brought off last night. The ghostly hand appeared and actually clasped that of S. S. McClure, the magazine publisher, for whose benefit the seance really was given. The tiny light flashed up and down the crepe curtain—a phenomena which did not appear at the first of the woman's seances in this country on last Sunday night. The curtain blew out over the table covering it, and there were many levitations of the table, and the little stand which is also used in the demonstration danced about the room gleefully while the medium called on "John," as if, said the skeptic among those present, "he were a dog being urged to do tricks."

The seance began at 9:30 o'clock in the same room in which the first was held, so that the medium was surrounded by the same fixtures and paraphernalia as on her first effort. The sitters, as already told, consisted of thirteen persons. Five of these were women. Mrs. Carrington, wife of Hereward Carrington, Signora Paladino's manager, who brought her to this country, and Miss Allen, secretary to Prof. Hyslop, were the only women known to the reporters, the others refusing their names.

Among the men were, first and foremost, Mr. McClure, who advanced to Mr. Carrington the means to bring Signora Paladino here for experimental purposes, but who is not a believer in mediums; Dr. Saram Ellison and Dr. Bosworth, both representing Harry Kellar, the magician, who is now in Los Angeles. The other men refused their names. One of the men, however, was the Italian interpreter.

Nearly all the women were in evening dress. One or two wore bright flowers, giving a touch of color to the otherwise sombre room in which the Signora and "John" were to entertain.

Signora Paladino, with the interpreter, was among the first to arrive, impassive and imperturbable as ever. She went at once to the scene of her performance and began preparations for the sitting. She was assisted by the other women present, while Mr. Carrington toyed with the lights and got the chairs and table in proper position before the curtain which covered the entrance to the medium's magic cabinet.

Mr. Carrington said to the reporters at the outset that the seance was given primarily for Mr. McClure's benefit, and, therefore, he had no right to let them remain. Mr. McClure, when appealed to, said he did not care who stayed if the number did not interfere with the sitting. But Mr. Carrington decided against a public seance, so far as the newspapers were concerned, so it was agreed that one of those present should tell afterward what happened and what his impressions of it were.

Levitation was again the first stunt of the signora and "John." It was explained by Mr. Carrington and others that table-lifting and rapping were the beginnings, the first baby steps, so to speak, of all psychic manifestations. In its levitations the table at one time reached a height of several feet, with all four legs off the floor, Paladino being stoutly held meantime hand and foot, so it was said, by Drs. Ellison and Bosworth.

In fact, these representatives of Mr. Kellar had the duty of holding the medium's hands throughout the evening, and it was freely said after the sitting that both joined with her heartily in calling on "John" to do the tricks expected of him.

After the levitations—in which the falling of the tables when the "control" let go his hold were distinctly heard by the reporters waiting in the hall—there came the dancing of the little stand and the knockings and rappings.

The first of these was described by the skeptic who told his impressions afterward, as sounding very much like the noise a dog makes in dragging a light piece of furniture over a bare floor. He it was who also was reminded of the dog and his tricks simile by the manner in which Signora Paladino and those in the room spoke to "John."

At this time—in fact from almost the very first—the room was very dimly lighted. It would have been impossible, it was said, for one to read newspaper print by it. The knockings were graphically described by one of the women, who volunteered the opinion that the demonstration did not prove any spiritual power on Paladino's part, but that she had some uncommon power, electrical or otherwise.

"She would do just so," said this woman, her hand going through the motion of one knocking at a door, "and off on the other side of the room there would be corresponding knocks.

"I was hit on the head by a stool, and there was no fake about that," this woman also said. Then she added that these

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Aplanatic invisible Bisight eyeglasses, near and distant vision. Spencer's, 11 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

60 HORSES KILLED; BOYS HELD FOR IT

Caught at Place Where They Ordered Milk Stable Manager to Bring Them Money.

DEATH BY MAXIM SILENCER

Was Penalty They Threatened If He Failed to Meet Their Terms—May Be Tools of Men Poisoners.

The Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Milk Company of 130 Manhattan Street has lost sixty fine delivery horses in the last few months under circumstances which indicated poisoning. From. Nov. 8 to 15 four letters were received at the company's office, addressed to "Manager, Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Company, 3,229 Broadway, New York City," demanding first that $500, and then $800, be put in an envelope in Riverside Drive at spots designated variously as 145th, 148th, and 158th Streets, under penalty of losing twenty more horses by Saturday. The horses were to die, not by poisoning, but by shooting with a rifle equipped with a Maxim silencer and smokeless powder. The same rifle was to put an end to the manager should he set the police to watching for the blackmailer. The letters were signed sometimes "The A. C." and again "The Arsenic Club."

Last night at 8:30 o'clock Manager Horace S. Cuttle of the firm risked the Maxim silencer smokeless powder and all the rest and went himself to the designated spot at 158th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, and last night William Howard Enell, 16 years old, of 237 West 142d Street, and Emanuel Blumberg, 14 years, of 286 West 142d Street, were locked in Police Headquarters on charges of sending threatening letters, while Jesse Wacht, 11 years old, of 522 West 158th Street, was taken as a material witness against them. He said he had been enlisted, in total ignorance of the plot, to ask Mr. Cuttle about an envelope and receive 25 cents for his pains. The two older boys, according to the police, made a clean breast of having composed and written the letters, though they denied any actual complicity or knowledge of the poisonings that have really occurred. They wept copiously at Headquarters, and there was no Maxim device to act as a silencer.

The company had immediately reported the matter to the police. Decoy envelopes were duly deposited at the places mentioned, but no one appeared to get them. On Nov. 9 came another letter, adding to the earlier warning:

"We have a rifle with an action silencer and smokeless powder; we are desperate men."

On the 10th came another letter.

"We have watched you place the money," it said, "but there were suspicious men around. We will give you another chance. At 148th Street and Riverside Drive throw the envelope behind the billboard. A man, woman, or child will get them; if you follow you will be plugged by a bullet in the heart, and we will destroy all the horse in your Harlem Stables."

Finally on Monday came the last letter.

"This is your third and last chance," it said. "The sum has been raised on account of non-payment, from $500 to $800, in one-hundred-dollar bills, or $10,000 worth of your horses will be destroyed on Saturday. We have thirty men and can carry out our threats. Go to 158th Street and Riverside Drive with $800 in a small envelope in your hand at 8:30 P. M., Tuesday, near the electric light post, till some one—a small boy—asks, 'Have you got the envelope?' Give the boy the envelope, and stand till you hear three whistles, and if you run you will fall—with a bullet in the brain.

"Rifle, Maxim silencer, smokeless powder. THE ARSENIC CLUB."

Mr. Cuttle went as directed last night. A small boy, Wacht, came and asked him if he had an envelope. Cuttle handed him the envelope, which Wacht took just as Detective Butts, who with Detectives Hughes, Young, and Flynn, had been hiding only a few rods away, took him. The boy when questioned as to who had sent him, led the detectives to 158th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, where they found the Enell boy on the corner. "That's the boy that sent me," Wacht said. So suddenly confronted by the detectives, Enell broke down at once and admitted having written the letter. He told them, too, that Emanuel Blumberg was to have given the three signal whistles. Blumberg, who had taken fright before he could whistle, was found at home. All three boys were taken to headquarters.

There Enell, according to the police, write out a voluntary confession saying that he had written the letters after composing them with Blumberg on the roof of his own home. They met an unknown boy, he said, and offered him 25 cents if he would ask for an envelope from a man whom they pointed out to him. Both Enell and Blumberg declared that they had read in the papers about the horse poisoning and considered it an easy way of making money.

SEVEN-FOOT PIE FOR GAYNOR.

Bakers Mean to Outdo the Six-Foot Product Intended for Taft.

The striking pie bakers decided yesterday that they would not be outdone by the striking pie salesmen who are getting ready to present a mince pie six feet in diameter to President Taft on Thanksgiving Day. A meeting of the Pie Bakers' Union was held, at which it was decided to present a Thanksgiving pie to some public official.

The difficulty was in deciding who should get the big pie. It would be overdoing the matter to press the acceptance of two pies on President Taft. A striker had inspiration, and suggested that the pie of the striking bakers should be sent to Mayor-elect Gaynor.

"The very thing," said the Chairman, and it was then unanimously resolved that the pie would be sent to Mr. Gaynor. A committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements, and this committee gave the order for the pie, to a union bakery in Newark. It will be seven feet across.

MRS. LONGWORTH AMAZED KOREANS

Book Just Published by German Woman at Korean Court Tells Remarkable Tale of Her.

MADE JOKE OF CEREMONY

Had Picture Taken Astride Stone Elephant at Tomb of Empress Before Horrified Imperial Suite.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—Fraulein Emma Kroebel, a German woman, who was the chief mistress of ceremonies at the Court of the Emperor of Korea in 1905, appears as the author of a book, published here to-day, which contains a section dealing with the visit of the then Miss Alice Roosevelt to Korea in that year. In her account of the official reception to Miss Roosevelt she says:

"Learning that the Rooseveltian party had been invited to the Court of the Mikado, the Korean Emperor hastened to extend the hospitality of his modest establishment to the distinguished American travelers. Acceptance of his Majesty's invitation came with such astonishing promptness that the Court was in a dilemma how to get a suitable welcome ready in time.

"The Emperor finally decided to bestow upon the daughter of the President of the United States the highest honor at his command, namely, a reception at the grave side of his departed consort, the Empress. An imposing suite of dignitaries and flunkeys were accordingly dispatched to the grave in a picturesque and secluded spot a mile outside Seoul, with utensils for a state banquet.

"Shortly after the suite arrived a tornado of dust burst upon us, out of which a cavalcade of equestrians emerged. At their head rode a dashing young horsewoman clad in a scarlet riding habit, beneath the lower extremities of which peeped tight-fitting red riding breeches stuck into glittering boots. In her hand she brandished a riding whip; in her mouth was a cigar.

"It was Miss Alice Roosevelt. We were flabbergasted. We had expected a different sort of apparition. Everybody was bowing and scraping in the most approved Korean Court fashion, but the Rough Rider's daughter seemed to think it all a joke. As the mistress of ceremonies I stammered out a few words of greeting, and the guest of honor mumbled a word of thanks, but nothing more. She was mainly interested in the colossal figures of gods and the mammoth stone images of animals which hold watch over the graves of the departed members of the Korean dynasty.

"Spying a stone elephant, which seemed particularly to strike her fancy, Alice hurtled off her horse and in a flash was astride the elephant, shouting to Mr. Longworth to snapshot her. Our suite was paralyzed with horror and astonishment. Such a sacrilegious scene at so holy a spot was without parallel in Korean history. It required indeed 'American ways' to produce it.

"It was a critical moment. The suspense was relieved only by the passing of tea and other refreshments. Alice remained oblivious to what was going on around her. Not a word of thanks for her reception was forthcoming. She chatted casually with the wife of the American Minister, Mrs. Morgan, and partook bravely of the champagne and other delicacies.

"Suddenly she gave orders for the saddling of her horse, and galloped away with her male escorts like a Buffalo Bill."

MAY BAR MOVING PICTURES.

Tests In Pittsburg, After Bad Fire, Show Films Are Dangerous.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Nov. 16.—As the result of a test of moving picture films by the Government experts at the United States testing station here to-day, moving picture shows may be barred from Pittsburg until a more safe film is found. W. H. Coster, Chief of the Bureau of Explosives of Pittsburg, after the tests to-day, ordered all theatres having moving picture shows to keep each film in a separate metal case. More drastic action may be taken later when the detailed report of Dr. Walter O. Snelling, Chief Chemist of the Government testing station, is made.

The tests were made at the request of W. D. McGill, Fire Marshal of Allegheny County, who, since a recent fire and explosion in the Ferguson Building here, has maintained that moving picture films are dangerous. The Ferguson Building was wrecked and sixty peole injured, and while it has been asserted that films stored in the building were not to blame, the result of the tests to-day show that the number of films which are known to have been stored in a safe in the Ferguson Building of themselves would generate enough gas to wreck the entire building, which was done.

The Government experts placed ordinary picture films in bottles or tubes and sealed them; then placed the receptacles in heat. The gas generated from the films burst the receptacles into thousands of pieces. It was decided that one or more films placed together would generate enough gas to do great damage.

Taft Too Busy for Golf.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Forsaking golf for the time being because of the press of official matters which keep him at the White House until late in the afternoon, President Taft is taking daily horseback rides, usually in the grounds south of the White House and along the shores of the river in Potomac Park. His companion yesterday and to-day was Capt. Archibald W. Butt, military aid.

Jones—I didn't realize the safest life insurance could be obtained at such a low net cost. Brown—I didn't either until I consulted Ives & Myers, Thirty-seven Liberty St.—Adv.

HIGGINS YACHT ASHORE.

The Varuna Reported to Have Struck Madiera Coast—Weather Bad.

FUNCHAL, Madiera, Nov. 16.—The yacht Varuna owned by Eugene Higgins, of the New York Yacht Club, is reported ashore on the northwest coast.

Very bad weather prevails and two tugs have gone to the vessel's assistance.

KREIGH COLLINS KILLED.

Former Western Tennis Champion Run Down by Chicago Street Car.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—Kreigh Collins, a noted tennis player, was killed by a street car to-night. He was run over while crossing a street.

Collins held the Western championship almost continuously from 1897 to 1906. Paired with L. Harry Waldner, he won the Western doubles title in 1902, 1903, and 1905, and in 1904 he won the same honors with Ray D. Little of New York as his partner. Collins lost the Western championship to Nat Emerson of Cincinnati in 1907, and since then has taken no part in tournament play because of weakness of his eyes.

HUNTER DROPS INTO A WELL.

Falls 60 Feet, Clinging to His Shotgun, Which Goes Off Twice.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Nov. 16.—Ephraim Sheppard of Pittstown was seriously injured to-day while out hunting with a party of friends near Mount Salem. He followed a rabbit into a clump of bushes and stood on rails which covered a well that had long been forgotten.

The covering broke under Sheppard's weight and he fell sixty feet to the bottom. One of his hips was crushed and his leg and foot broken. He retained hold of his gun, which went off twice during the fall.

Fortunately, owing to the drought, there was no water in the well. Sheppard kept firing his gun from the bottom of it until his companions were attracted to the well.

Asa Sheppard, a brother, climbed down to where the injured man lay. Ropes were obtained and the two were brought to the surface. The injured man was hurried to a hospital at Newark.

HARVARD MEN FORM TROOP.

Roger Sherman Hoar Would Be Bugler of New Cavalry.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 16.—The Harvard Cavalry Troop was formed this evening subject to the approval of the State military authorities. One hundred and twenty-five men signed the petition for organization, which will be forwarded, the latter part of the week, to Gov. Draper for presentation to the proper authorities.

The military officials heartily agree with the project, unofficially, and its promoters already have engaged quarters for mounted and foot drills.

H. B. Platte of Brooklyn, N. Y., was one of the foremost in bringing the troop into existence. Roger Sherman Hoar, who stumped the State recently for the Democratic Gubernatorial candidate, is seeking the position of bugler.

CAR CRUSHES CHILD'S LEG.

Father Arrives Just as the Little Girl Is Being Taken to Hospital.

Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner Owen Murphy of Brooklyn was on his way to his home at 75 Conselyea Street, Brooklyn, yesterday at 5 P. M., when in front of 587 Lorimer Street he saw a crowd standing around a Lorimer Street car. Stopping his automobile, he got down and asked what was the trouble. A neighbor took him aside and said:

"Your little daughter Marian had been sent with her older sister to one of those stores over there. On the way back your brother, William, took her into a store, bought her some candy, and then told her to run home. In running across the street she fell down in front of this car, and one of the wheels passed over her leg. The doctor who came from St. Catharine's Hospital, said that it would have to be cut off."

Mr. Murphy hurried after the ambulance to the hospital. He found that the leg had already been amputated, and that the child might die of the shock of the accident and operation. She is 5 years old. Jeremiah Francis, the motorman, was locked up in the Herbert Street Station on a charge of assault in the second degree.

PAINTER SHOT ON SCAFFOLD.

Woman Wounds Man Because Staging Projected Over Her Land.

Because a scaffold which he was using to paint a house in Brooklyn yesterday overhung the property of Mrs. Marie Mongelo of 243 Elton Street, the woman shot Myer Lambert, a painter, through the shoulder with a rifle.

Lambert laughed when Mrs. Mongelo told him to come down.

"You bring me down; come up after me," he called.

While neighbors watched, the woman darted into her home, and, reappearing with a rifle, took aim and fired. Down came the painter from his perch, twenty feet to the ground.

Her anger gone in an instant, the woman was one of the first to reach the man's side. Lambert was taken to the Bradford Street Hospital. Mrs. Mongelo was held on a charge of felonious assault.

RESCUER'S REWARD A KISS.

Little Girl Shows Her Gratitude to a Motorman at a Fire.

John Bogardus, motorman on a trolley car, rescued three children yesterday in a fire that nearly destroyed a four-story tenement at 419 Henderson Street, Jersey City. His reward was a tearful kiss from Gertrude McFadden, 8 years old, one of those he carried out in safety.

Bogardus saw smoke coming from the building and stopped his car. Sending in an alarm, he hurried back to the house and, smashing in the front door, rushed upstairs. He broke into the rooms of Kate Miller, on the second floor, and carried her two children, George, 6 years old, and Raymond, 9, through blinding smoke, to the street, followed by Mrs. Miller.

Before the fire engines arrived, he was back in the house, and found Mrs. John McFadden huddled in the corner of a kitchen on the second floor, with her three children, afraid to move. He picked up Gertrude in his arms, while Policemen Brennan and Lonegran took care of Fred, 10 years old, and James, 11.

Mrs. McFadden was directed to put a wet cloth in her mouth to prevent her from inhaling smoke. A start was then made for the street, and all hands got out in safety. Gertrude McFadden not only kissed Bogardus, but thanked him for saving the lives of the others.

DEWEY'S PORT WINE AND OLIVE OIL. Nothing more strengthening and nourishing. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 183 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

BELL COMPANY GETS THE WESTERN UNION

Company in Which the Postal Is Interested Buys the Gould Telegraph Stock.

A BILLION-DOLLAR MERGER

May Result from This Deal—George J. Gould Says That It Will Benefit the Public.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company, known as the Bell Company, has become the dominant interest in the Western Union Telegraph Company through the purchase of the Gould estate holdings of Western Union and some smaller blocks of the stock. Announcement to this effect was made in Boston yesterday by President Vail of the telephone and telegraph company, following a meeting of the Directors of the company in that city. The Mackay Companies, which controls the Postal Telegraph system, is the largest stockholder in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and thus this deal brings the two telegraph companies into close alliance.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has in round numbers $100,000,000 stock outstanding, and of this 28 per cent., or about $28,000,000, has been acquired by the American Telephone Company. The Gould holdings were the only large concentrated holdings of Western Union, and the stock which has changed hands in this deal, while only a minority, is sufficient under the circumstances to give the telephone company the dominating voice in the management of the Western Union.

George J. Gould made a statement confirming the sale of his holdings of Western Union., He refused yesterday to say whether or not he and the other members of the Gould family will retire from the Board of Directors of the Western Union, but this was regarded in some quarters yesterday as the logical sequel to the sale of the stock. Mr. Gould's statement was:

It is a fact that we have sold a large part of our holdings in the Western Union Telegraph Company to the Telephone Company. I believe this will inure to the benefit of both the public and the Western Union stockholders, as the business of both companies can be handled so that they form a complement to one another, thus giving to the fullest extent prompt and satisfactory service to their patrons. They should be worked in harmony, which will be to the great advantage of the public as well as the mutual interest of both companies.

May Lead to Great Merger.

The deal is regarded as marking a long stride toward complete control by one corporation of all wire communication in the United States, and the possible extension of the telephone service to the far corners of the land without duplication or extra construction.

It was said in Boston yesterday that in order to make the absorption complete the incorporation of a new billion-dollar company will be necessary to include the bonds and stock of the Bell Company and the Western Union. The present capitalization of the Bell Company is $311,000,000 in stock and $238,000,000 in bonds.

The leading officers of the Bell Company regard the step as one of economy. They point out that ever since the telephone has been a factor in human life it has had to compete with the telegraph. Lines have been paralleled, and there has been an immense amount of duplication. The officers of the telephone company believe that the merger will save the Bell Company $75,000,000 in new construction, while it will also enable the utilization at the same time of wires for both telegraphing and telephoning.

It is planned to have the telegraph office of suburban towns in the same building with the telephone exchange. By this means the telephone subscribers will merely have to telephone to their central offices for transmission of their telegrams. Thus the telephone company will own the terminals at both the sending and receiving ends in the transmission of a telegram, and will use the telephone at each end as a means of delivery, dispensing, as far as possible, with the present cumbersome and inefficient messenger service.

No official estimate of the extent of the savings to be effected in operation was given out, but in well-informed quarters it was said that the estimates which figured in the negotiations indicated a possible reduction in expenses of the two companies of from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000 a year. That this saving would result eventually in a reduction in telegraph tolls was unofficially suggested yesterday as one of the likely results of the merging of the two companies' interests, but no immediate change in rates is understood to be in contemplation.

Clowry May Retire.

The retirement of President Robert C. Clowry of the Western Union is thought likely, and William H. Baker, until two years ago Vice President and General Manager of the Postal Telegraph, and more recently an official of the Bell Company, was mentioned as the likely successor to the Presidency of the Western Union. Mr. Baker refused yesterday to discuss the report, saying that all he knew about the deal was what he had seen in the newspapers.

The passing of the control of the Western Union from the Gould family, in whose hands it had rested for a generation, to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, is the outcome of plans which were first broached three years ago. Negotiations undertaken at that time were dropped and twice taken up again, this last time leading to the closing of the deal between the American Company and the Goulds. The latter are said to have received 85 for their stock, making the money consideration paid to the Goulds about $20,000,000. The same price is said to have been paid for the other $3,000,000 of stock bought by the American Company, the latter being stock held by the Sage and Morosini estates. George J. Gould said that the sale would leave him more time to devote to his Western interests.

Mr. Gould said yesterday that he did not know whether the telephone company had obtained a controlling interest. He had sold only a minority to the company, he said. In this connection it was suggested that while the telephone company has so far acquired only 28 per cent. of the Western Union stock it is possible that further amounts of the stock may be taken over by the telephone company. This at all events was the view entertained by some of the important holders of Western Union stock, whose holdings were not included in the stock already taken by the telephone company.

The passing of the dominant interest in the Western Union to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company follows closely the deal recently put through between these two companies by which the

Western Union's holdings of New York Telephone Company stock, amounting to $16,000,000, were acquired by the telephone company. This transaction was put through two months ago.

President Vail's Statement.

President Vail of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company issued yesterday this statement in Boston regarding the purchase of Western Union stock:

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company has obtained the control of a substantial minority interest in the shares of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

From the very commencement of the telephone business it has been thought that a close co-operation—the making of one business the auxiliary to the other business—would give additional public service, as well as result in large economies both to the public and to the companies.

There is much to be gained by the joint construction and maintenance of plant, and by its common use to the greatest possible extent, but the greatest advantage would follow the placing of the millions of telephone subscribers in close and reliable connection with the receiving and dispatching offices of the telegraph companies. While some provision for this after a manner exists to-day, a lack of harmony and co-operation between the companies and an inability to agree on methods of fixing responsibility has limited its utilization to cases of absolute necessity. The harmony and co-operation necessary, it is believed, can now be established, and the resulting advantages made available for the public.

Telegraph companies and telephone companies in public business have their own distinctive, well-defined fields.

The telegraph service is analogous to the mail service in that it is the collection, transmission, or transportation and delivery of correspondence, the difference being that the mails transport the actual communications, while the telegraph transmits the contents of the communication from office of origin to office of destination. From the collection to the delivery of the correspondence the entire work is done by the staff of the telegraph company.

The telephone, on the other hand, enables parties too distant from each other for ordinary conversation to engage in personal communication with each other by placing at their disposition for a time a telephone circuit.

While there is a common feature in the use of wires strung on poles or in cables, the similarity ends there; the circuits and methods used for the telegraph and the telephone are entirely distinct and different, and each business requires its special equipment, operating force, and general business organization.

It seems not only to be good policy but a duty to increase the service and advantages to the public by utilizing present unutilized possibilities, and at the same time benefit property and increase revenue.

Paying 3 Per cent. in Dividends.

The Western Union Telegraph Company at present is paying dividends at the rate of 3 per cent. a year. For a series of years prior to 1908 it paid 1¼ per cent. quarterly, and this same rate was paid in January and April, 1908, but in stock instead of in cash. Then cash dividends were resumed at the rate of 2 per cent., and this year they were raised to 3 per cent. The company's receipts shown in its last annual report amount to $30,541,000, and its profits to $7,347,107. It operates 211,000 miles of poles and 1,382,500 miles of wire. It maintains more than 24,000 offices.

The history of the Western Union dates back to before the civil war, but the Bell Company is of comparatively recent origin. Both companies pursued the usual method of absorbing smaller companies. The actual figures issued in Boston yesterday are as follows:

	Telephone System.	Western Union.	Total.
Total assets.	$650,044,200	$162,316,864	$842,361,064
Cap. stock..	311,857,300	99,817,100	411,674,400
Bonded debt	258,650,500	28,645,000	277,325,500
Prop. acc't.	545,045,400	124,086,920	669,132,320
Gross earn.	140,016,400	30,541,072	170,557,472
Net earn...	45,974,000	7,347,107	53,321,107
Miles of wire	8,098,679	1,382,509	9,481,188

The telephone system annually transmits 5,056,800,000 messages, the Western Union 68,053,000.

The smaller companies acquired by the Western Union have lost their identity. Some of the associated corporations engaged in the telephone business, the majority of whose stock rests in the treasury of the parent concern, are: New York Telephone Company, $50,000,000; New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, $31,700,000; Bell Telephone of Pennsylvania, $33,150,000; New York and New Jersey Telephone Company, $25,400,000; Southern Bell Telephone Company, $21,400,000; Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, $18,000,000; Chicago Telephone Company, $17,500,000; Western Telephone and Telegraph Company, $16,000,000, and Bell Telephone Company of Canada, $12,500,000.

The contracts between the American Bell Telephone Company and the Western Union Company, dated Nov. 10, 1879, provided for the mutual exchange of business and co-operation, the Bell Company to do collecting and delivering, as far as possible, over its lines, but until the present move corporation and stockholding distinctions have prevented any measurable degree of co-operation.

For more than twenty-five years there has been litigation between the telephone company and the Western Union. The Western Union, under its agreement with the Bell Company, refrained from engaging in the telephone business, in consideration of receiving from the telephone company, for seventeen years, royalties of 20 per cent. on all telephones licensed by the Bell Company.

Claiming that the telephone company was not living up to its agreement, the Western Union brought suit, placing its damages at $10,000,000. The telephone company disclaimed liability, and Aug. 23 last Everett W. Burdett, acting as Master in the case, returned a judgment for the Western Union for about $4,500,000. The matter is to be carried to a higher court, possibly to the Supreme Court of the United States, for final adjudication.

CONGRESS MAY PROBE THE SUGAR SCANDAL

Revelations Give Cannon a Chance to Square Accounts with Parsons, It Is Said.

RIVAL DENIES PARR CHARGES

Ex-Employe of Sugar Trust, Who Is Also a Claimant for Sugar Moiety, Says He Gave the Evidence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. — When the first Cabinet meeting to be held since the adjournment of the special session of Congress in August was protracted this morning far beyond the time usually spent at such meetings, the impression became general in Washington that the Sugar Trust and its frauds against the Government was the chief subject of discussion in the council.

The Cabinet meeting did not break up until nearly 2 o'clock, and when the other members left the White House Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary MacVeagh stayed for further talk with the President. Under the rule established by President Taft no member of the Cabinet will ever say anything about what has taken place at a Cabinet meeting, and that rule was strictly observed this morning. It is always necessary to get information on such subjects from the President himself, but to-day Mr. Taft sent word in response to the numerous inquiries that there was nothing he cared to say regarding the meeting or the subjects discussed by the Cabinet.

Sugar Trust Not Discussed.

From reliable sources it was learned in the afternoon that the subject of the Sugar Trust was not mentioned in the official meeting of the Cabinet. The matters chiefly talked about were some of the numerous appointments that are pending, and which the President will probably make before the holiday. Neither Attorney General Wickersham nor Secretary MacVeagh would say anything this afternoon about the conversation they had had with the President, but it is presumed that they then took advantage of the opportunity to talk over the sugar case.

In official circles the reply made last night by ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury James B. Reynolds to the Parr charges are received as clear proof of his innocence of any connection whatever with the Sugar Trust or its representatives. Mr. Reynolds to-day received many congratulations on the way in which he had defended himself, and though neither President Taft nor Secretary MacVeagh—neither of whom had any share in the sugar cases under the last Administration—is expected to issue any statement, it is certain that Mr. Reynolds will continue as a member of the Tariff Board with no diminution in the confidence of his superiors.

The Civil Service Commission took a hand in the controversy this afternoon, though in the charges and countercharges its name has not appeared prominently. What drew the commission's fire was the statement published this morning that many of the customs officials under fire in New York were civil service appointees. The intimation was that favoritism had been shown in the appointments, and this intimation was emphatically denied to-night by the commission in a statement of 1,200 words.

It is increasingly apparent that the Sugar Trust case will be used as a muffler for the Administration against all the charges that have appeared. The tariff law is already sinking out of sight, and the Pinchot-Ballinger case has not been heard of in a week. Talk is even heard of a Congressional investigation. As some one expressed it to-day, the Sugar Trust is down, and the Administration means to raise enough dust for all eyes by kicking it repeatedly.

Cannon After Parsons.

An amusing phase of the situation as it presents itself to-day is the possibility of Speaker Cannon and the House organization taking up the Sugar Trust cases and pushing them in conspicuous fashion. Enemies of the Speaker see in such a possibility a way for Mr. Cannon to vent his anger at Herbert Parsons for the charges he brought of a compact between the Speaker and the Tammany and McCarren Democrats.

Representative Michael E. Driscoll of Syracuse, N. Y., is authority for the prediction that an investigation by Congress will certainly come. "I do not see how an investigation can be avoided," he said. "Some one will introduce a resolution, and no one will be willing to oppose it. It will go through, of course. I don't know who will introduce the resolution, but many members will be eager for the appearance of leading an attack on the Sugar Trust."

SAYS PARR STOLE HIS THUNDER.

Ex-Sugar Trust Employe Says He Supplied Evidence to Government.

Edwin I. Anderson, ex-Superintendent of Docks for the American Sugar Refining Company, who lives at 2,211 Newkirk Avenue, Brooklyn, challenged the assertion of Richard Parr, Chief of the Weighers' Division of the Custom House, last night, that it was he who uncovered the frauds of the Sugar Trust in "doctoring" the scales at its Williamsburg pier.

In the offices of his attorneys, Jesse Watson and H. Francis Dyruff, at 60 Wall Street, Anderson declared that Parr came upon the information of the secret spring in the sugar scales through the discovery made by Richard Whally, a former employe of the trust at the Williamsburg refinery, and who now holds a job as a weigher for the Custom House Department. Anderson says he turned Whalley over to Parr, and that the latter used Whalley's information.

Disputes Parr's Assertions.

Anderson now has a claim on file with the Treasury Department at Washington for half the $2,136,000 recovered by the Government on withheld duty on sugar importations of the trust, which money was paid into the Government's Treasury a few months ago. Parr has laid claim to the same "moiety," on the ground that he was responsible for the Government having recovered the money paid back on the evaded duty.

Not only does Anderson dispute Parr's assertion that he started all the trouble for the Sugar Trust, but he gathers in that same credit for himself. He furthermore disputes Parr's assertion that Assistant Secretary of the Treasury James B. Reynolds displayed a lack of interest in the work of running down the trust frauds. Mr. Reynolds, according to Anderson, showed every anxiety that the men guilty of trickery should be caught and punished.

Another point upon which Anderson challenges Parr's word is in the tale related by Parr of the shadowing of the latter by a Pinkerton detective, whose arrest, Parr said, he finally caused outside the office of United States District Attorney Youngs in Brooklyn. It was Anderson who was shadowed and who brought about the detective's arrest, according to his own story.

Reported Frauds to Sugar Trust.

Anderson was employed by the American Sugar Refining Company for thirty-five years, most of the time as Pier Superintendent. Some time before the death of Theodore Havemeyer, in 1903, Anderson says, he discovered that the Government was being cheated by false reports on sugar importations. He allowed the knowledge of this fraud to reach the ears of his superiors, he says, and from the day he did so was a marked man.

Soon after the death of Mr. Havemeyer, Anderson was discharged from the Trust's service, the explanation being, he says, that the Williamsburg plant was soon to shut down and that all the employes were to go. The plant was never shut down.

Anderson tried to get employment with other sugar concerns, but declares that whenever he got a job he would soon be discharged, and he blamed it all to the trust. After vainly trying to get steady work, he set about to find out something more about the frauds at the trust's refinery. He had the confidence of men in the trust's employ, he says, and they told him of the trickery that was going on.

After accumulating a raft of evidence Anderson says that early in the Fall of 1907 he consulted a friend, Charles M. Dally, who is a patent broker at 29 Wall Street, and who has an extensive Washington acquaintance.

Cortelyou Notified of Frauds.

Mr. Dally wrote this letter to Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou on Sept. 9, 1907:

Mr. George B. Cortelyou, Secretary of the Treasury:

Dear Sir: An acquaintance of long standing and a man for whose integrity I will personally vouch, has been to see me several times within the past very few days to ask my advice as to what he should do in a matter affecting a question of fraudulent manipulation of certain imported goods, through which the United States Government has been and is now being swindled to the extent of about $500,000 per year for the last ten years.

This man held a very responsible position with the importers of said goods—a trust—for many years, and was asked to resign some time ago, and did resign, for the reason, as he truly believes, that he possessed too great a knowledge of their wrongdoing, since which time, and more particularly after such resignation, he was followed up and promised employment in some other direction, but which up to date has failed to materialize.

The dishonest practices are kept up, he says, to this day, and Government officers are hoodwinked with such ease that he is almost tempted to feel that collusion exists. I have therefore advised this man that his best course would be to lay his information and proof before the Secretary of the Treasury in person, which he is most willing to do. The revelations he makes to me are of so astounding a nature that I advise that the utmost secrecy be observed till independent officers can be put upon the work to thoroughly investigate the system these importers have in operation.

Very truly yours,

CHARLES M. DALLY.

In reply to his letter Mr. Dally received this one from Assistant Secretary Reynolds:

Mr. Charles M. Dally:

Dear Sir: Mr. Cortelyou is out of the city, and will not be back in Washington until the very last of this month. In his absence your letter has come to me. Any information of this character should be lodged first of all with the Collector of Customs in New York, as he is in charge of matters locally, and is the best judge of what conditions are and what is best to do in specific cases. If this information is lodged with this department or with the Secretary himself it will be referred in all probability to the New York Collector for investigation and report, so that time would be saved by presenting the case to him in the first place.

If, however, the person mentioned does not wish to take this course he can come to the department and talk with the proper person here in regard to it, and it can then be decided what is the best course to pursue under the circumstances.

The department will be glad to do anything in its power to see that such a condition of affairs as you describe is stopped at once, and if there is guilt anywhere along the line will see that there is proper punishment. Yours very truly,

JAMES B. REYNOLDS,
Acting Secretary.

Wouldn't Tell Local Officials.

Mr. Dally consulted with Anderson, and the latter refused absolutely to place his information anywhere but with the Washington authorities, so, under date of Sept. 16, 1907, Mr. Dally wrote to Acting Secretary Reynolds:

Dear Sir: In reply to your letter suggesting that my client lay matters before the Collector of Customs at this port, having submitted your letter to my friend, he does not deem it wise for him to do so, and unless the matter can be taken up entirely independent of that channel from first to last with all its chances for innumerable leaks, he prefers to remain silent. He is of the opinion that he might just as well take the importers into his confidence as to lay the matter before the Custom House officials of this city. Yours very truly, CHARLES M. DALLY.

A reply to this letter came from Beekman Winthrop, as Acting Secretary of the Treasury, inviting Anderson to call upon him at Washington. Anderson went there in the latter part of September, and had a talk with Mr. Winthrop and James L. Gerry, then Chief of the Customs Division of the Treasury Department.

Anderson Goes to Washington.

Anderson laid before them the information he had as to the frauds at the Williamsburg pier, and Mr. Gerry, he says, was so impressed that he made an appointment to meet Anderson in New York and meet Whally, whom Anderson had described as a former employe of the Sugar Trust who could give details of the trust's methods.

Mr. Gerry met Anderson and Whally at Mr. Dally's office, and there heard the whole story. Later, according to Anderson, Whally went with him to Washington, where more information was turned over to Mr. Gerry and the Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

At this point, Anderson says, Parr comes into the investigation. The Washington authorities had set Parr to work at the Williamsburg pier, but he had been unable, so Anderson says, to find out how it was that the Trust was cheating, although he knew the frauds were going on. Parr was informed by the Washington authorities of the disclosures Anderson had made and was told to get in touch with both Anderson and Whally.

Anderson declares that, on Parr's invitation, he called at the latter's office with Whally, and heard the story of the secret springs in the scales. It was upon information furnished by Whally through Anderson, the latter asserts, that Parr was enabled to make the seizure of the steamer Strathyre on Nov. 20, 1907, which seizure, Parr has declared, Assistant Secretary Reynolds later lifted.

Trust Men Plead Not Guilty.

James T. Bendernagel, former General Superintendent of the Sugar Trust's Williamsburg refinery, and the "Big Six"—Oliver Spitzer, Dock Superintendent; Thomas Kehoe, Jean M. Voelker, Edward A. Boyle, John R. Coyle, and Patrick J. Hennessy—were arraigned yesterday morning before Judge Hough in the United States Circuit Court, and all of them pleaded not guilty to the indictments charging them with having entered into a conspiracy to defraud the Government by means of false reports on sugar and the use of "doctored" scales at the trust's plant at Williamsburg.

When the defendants were called to plead, Henry Cochran, representing all the indicted men except Spitzer, told Judge Hough that he wished to enter a plea of not guilty, with the privilege of interposing other motions before the trial was called. He declared that he might want to enter a demurrer to the indictment. The defendants he represented, with the exception of Bendernagel, he said, had been indicted for exactly the same offenses before, and he might want to make some motion with respect to the double indictment.

"It needs no word of mine to inform the court," said Mr. Cochran, "that the clamor now going on about this case deprives the defendants of a fair trial, and I may ask for an adjournment until the clamor is over."

Stimson Ready for Trial.

Judge Hough told the lawyers that there would be plenty of time to put in their demurrers if they wanted to do so, and turned to Mr. Stimson to ask when he expected to have the cases ready for trial.

"We are about ready now," said Mr. Stimson. "I have arranged with Judge Martin to sit at the trial, and he will be ready on Nov. 29. I shall ask your Honor now to fix that date for the trial."

There was strong objection to this on the part of the lawyers for the defendants. They asserted that they had been unable to get to work on their defense, and that they would require more time. Mr. Stimson told Judge Hough that, with an extremely crowded court calendar, it was necessary to have the trials begin when Judge Martin was able to sit, and that the Judge had given up some cases in another court so as to be at the disposal of the District Attorney in the sugar cases. Judge Hough accordingly fixed Nov. 29 as the date for the trial to begin and released the defendants under $5,000 bail.

Later Mr. Mackellar set at rest rumors that have been flying around the Federal Building for several days to the effect that his client was to turn State's evidence in an effort to help Mr. Stimson convict "men higher up."

Says Spitzer Will Stand Trial.

"My client certainly shall go to trial. He will enter into no bargain with the District Attorney," said Mr. Mackellar. "He maintains that he is not guilty of the crime charged against him, and under the circumstances I do not know how the District Attorney could use him."

PROBING FEDERAL SUGAR CO.

Due to Refinery's Dispute with Shipping Concern Over a Cargo.

The Government is now turning its inquisitorial eye toward the Federal Sugar Refining Company of Yonkers on account of some testimony taken in a recent suit here to which that corporation and the Hogarth Shipping Company, Limited, of London, were parties. It has not developed yet whether there were any practices that were in violation of the customs regulations, but much interest has been attracted by an unexplained discrepancy in the figures on importations insisted on by the Federal Sugar Company on the one side and the Hogarth Shipping Company on the other.

There are three actions pending before Judge Adams of the United States Circuit Court, and they relate to kindred states of fact. Typical of the questions at issue is the case of the steamer Baron Cawdor, which unloaded in July, 1908, 49,612 bags of sugar on the docks of the Federal Company, weighing 5,021,064 kilos. The sugar company refused to pay the freight on this shipment, asserting that only 49,525 bags were unloaded, and that the freight should be $503.46 less than the steamship company had charged.

The discrepancies in the number of bags appear to lie between the checkers for the sugar company on the docks and the checkers for the steamship company on the vessel. Thus far the customs officials have not been able to determine which is correct. The determination of duties will probably follow the decision of these cases.

FIGHTS CONVICT ON PRISON WALL

Keeper, Winded by Blow with a Loaded Sock, Knocked Out with His Own Pistol.

PRISONER THEN GOT AWAY

Leaped Off a 20-Foot Wall Only to be Recaptured Later by Deputies Armed with Shotguns.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 16.—A sensational battle for liberty occurred on the wall of the State Prison, twenty feet in the air, this evening when David Carberry, a ten-year Hudson County convict, overpowered Deputy Keeper Daniel Haggerty and gained freedom for just half an hour.

Carberry was sent to the institution in December, 1907, for burglary and conspiracy. He had laid a careful plan for his escape. He was employed in the mat making shop, and when the other convicts filed out at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon he hid himself behind the door. When all was quiet he slid down an elevator shaft to the ground floor and then by means of a piece of rope which he had made secretly in the mat shop raised himself to the top of the death house and thence to the prison wall.

It was dusk, and therefore difficult to see objects on the wall, but the keen eye of Deputy Haggerty from his post in his tower discerned the crawling figure. Haggerty rushed out and grappled with the escaping convict. Carberry, who had armed himself with a sock filled with tinfoil and tobacco tags, struck the deputy in the stomach and felled him.

In an instant the prisoner was on the prostrate keeper, who, though winded by the blow in the stomach, fought vallantly. Carberry got the deputy's fingers in his mouth and chewed them viciously. By a sudden turn Haggerty caught the convict by the throat and began choking him, while both swayed dangerously near the edge of the wall.

Black in the face and gasping for breath, the convict relaxed and signified his surrender, but the moment Haggerty released his grip Carberry grabbed the deputy's revolver and struck him over the head with it. The pistol exploded and thus the alarm was given to the other guards, but the desperate prisoner jumped from the top of the wall to the ground before assistance could reach Haggerty.

Half an hour later Carberry was captured by Joseph Aristibia and Thomas Carroll, who discovered him in hiding under the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge in South Trenton. The capture was effected by the two men, who had been hunting the man, armed with their shotguns, and before Carberry had an opportunity to use the revolver he had taken from Deputy Haggerty.

Haggerty is seriously hurt to-night, but it is not believed that the blow on his head will prove fatal.

Headkeeper Osborne, who saw the convict when he jumped from the wall, warmly praised Haggerty for his gallant fight. Carberry is now in one of the dungeons. He was not hurt by his jump from the prison wall.

CLARKE DEFENDS HIS AID.

District Attorney May Ask Bar Association to Pass on Elder Charges.

The Grievance Committee of the Brooklyn Bar Association may be called upon to inquire into the matter of the affidavits made by the defendants, and attacking Lawyer Thomas C. Whitlock and Assistant District Attorney Elder, which District Attorney Clarke asserts were "surreptitiously" put in with the papers in the case of Col. Edward E. Britton and ex-Quarantine Commissioner Frederick H. Schroeder, the convicted bankers, who have asked the Supreme Court in Brooklyn for a stay of sentence and for a new trial. Mr. Clarke seems determined to put the affair before the Bar Association.

Lawyer Max Brown, who succeeded Mr. Whitlock as attorney for the defendants, after they had been found guilty of misappropriating funds of the Eagle Savings and Loan Company, yesterday served upon the District Attorney an order requiring him to appear this morning before Justice Stapleton to argue a motion to have all the parties concerned examined as to the affidavits. Mr. Brown asserts that the affidavits were submitted by him at the request of his clients in good faith. They were sworn to by the defendants, he says, in the city prison.

These affidavits were to the effect that it had been agreed between Whitlock and Elder that if the defendants made a "satisfactory arrangement" with the company, whose money they were accused of stealing, the indictments against them would be "carried along" and finally quashed. Mr. Whitlock, the defendants alleged, told them that Mr. Elder had advised him that it would not be necessary for them to take the witness stand in their own defense, as everything would be "all right." The defendants did not go on the stand, and, whatever their expectations may have been, they were found guilty by the jury.

VICTOR TALKING MACHINES

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CORSETS designed to fit every figure—NOT one design for all—

HYGIENIC, STYLISH, COMFORTABLE

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The fitting of stout figures is especially solicited.

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Fashioned after our famous custom models $5.00 UP

For the convenience of out-of-town patrons we design, fit and deliver corsets in 12 hours.

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Gold Watches

A watch case may be as beautiful or as plain in design as personal taste dictates, but to give absolute satisfaction, the watch itself must possess undoubted time-keeping qualities. Our Gold Watches in 14 kt. cases are priced as modestly as is consistent with thorough reliability.

GOLD WATCHES FOR WOMEN, $15 TO $150.

Among them, a new importation of European Watches in exquisite transparent enamel.

GOLD THIN MODEL WATCHES FOR MEN, $20 UP

A very extensive assortment in newest designs.

A. FRANKFIELD & CO.

JEWELERS AND IMPORTERS

38 WEST 34th STREET

ESTABLISHED OVER FIFTY YEARS

PALADINO MEETS A FIRM SKEPTIC

Continued from Page 1.

manifestations were rather physical or electrical than spiritual.

Mr. McClure was hit on the chest by a fist. It was described as a "good, hard blow." The skeptic said afterward of this that the blow might well have come from Paladino's hand if it were not too securely held by Drs. Ellison and Bosworth, in their excitement, at that particular moment. Mr. McClure did not see in the dim light whatever did hit him, for somehow, at that precise moment, the crepe curtain flew out over the table and made a clear view of the woman's hands almost impossible.

Mr. McClure was startled for the moment and jumped. But he soon calmed down and when the hand appeared and clasped another hand later he was not surprised.

The coming of this hand and its seizure of another—apparently a masculine hand—proved to be the most thrilling episode of the evening.

While the thirteen persons, all worked up to a high pitch of excitement, were straining their eyes and imaginations, none hardly knowing what to expect next, and while Paladino was moaning as she had not before in the whole sitting, athwart the dark curtain there suddenly flashed for a moment—and for a moment only—a woman's hand. It was a soft and fleshy hand, and it grasped the hand of a man—what man no one could say. But every one in the room saw both hands distinctly, and every one was thrilled.

When asked later whose hand he thought the woman's most resembled, the skeptic who was the spokesman, and who refused to allow his name to be used, said quietly enough:

"Why, it looked to me like Paladino's hand."

The appearance of the tiny light on the curtain was mystifying, he remarked, but not particularly spectacular, and not much was said about it. Paladino was greatly exhausted when the seance came to an end at 12:25 o'clock this morning. She remained in the room resting some time before going to her hotel.

Mr. McClure has taken an interest in the woman from the fact that when Prof. Muensterberg and other scientists have seen her he is to have their verdict for publication in his magazine.

Dr. Ellison said he was to write to Kellar to-day what he thought of the performance. The understanding was that if Dr. Ellison couldn't understand the tricks, Kellar himself was to come to New York to see them. Dr. Ellison told the reporters that he could not explain the things he had seen.

Mr. Carrington said the sitting was only fair, that there had been much better ones and much worse in Italy and other places by the woman.

Appraisers Indorse Wanmaker.

The 1909 conference of the United States Local Appraisers, which opened a week from last Monday in this city, came to an end yesterday. Just before the conclusion of the conference Appraiser Brown of Philadelphia offered resolutions commending the work of the Chairman of the conference, Appraiser George W. Wanmaker of the Port of New York, and also that of the Vice Chairman, Appraiser Luck of New Orleans. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Ballot Recount in Richmond.

Justice Clark, in the Supreme Court, Staten Island, signed an order yesterday on the application of Eugene Lamb Richards to have the void and defective ballots cast at the last election examined in court. The order called upon the County Clerk to produce the ballots in court to-day. Mr. Richards said he appeared for Charles W. McCormack, the defeated Democratic candidate for Borough President, and also for George V. Tranior, the defeated Democratic candidate for Coroner of Richmond Borough.

MRS. STETSON NOW CONFESSES ERROR

Continued from Page 1.

would be their resignations, because the meeting for Nov. 23 was called for the purpose of voting on their resignations, as well as that of Mrs. Stetson, and for the purpose of deciding by a congregational vote whether the $5,000 paid annually to Mrs. Stetson shall be discontinued.

The action of the Trustees on Monday in bowing to the will of Mrs. Eddy and withdrawing the charges against Virgil O. Strickler, the First Reader, is taken by many in the congregation to mean that the Trustees have decided to abandon their fight to continue in control of First Church's affairs, and that they will not take the chance of being voted out of office by allowing the meeting for Nov. 23 to be held.

No intimation from the Trustees as to their future action came from them yesterday, however, for they are apparently waiting to see what happens to Mrs. Stetson in Boston. In the event of her excommunication by the Mother Church, those who are familiar with the latest developments in the First Church row say there is little chance that the Trustees will continue their fight to retain control of the situation here. It is generally believed that the Trustees will wait until Mrs. Stetson returns from Boston and will confer with her as to what is best to do under the circumstances.

Whether Mrs. Stetson's followers will go so far as to leave the church in the event of her excommunication is a question which is now absorbing the interest of many in the First Church flock. It is said that Mrs. Stetson's loyal adherents will be guided entirely by her advice on this subject.

Several days ago, William H. Taylor, one of the Trustees, said Mrs. Stetson had told him many times that she would not countenance a schism in the church, and that under no conditions would she allow a student of hers to break away from the Mother Church. If this can be taken as the present attitude of Mrs. Stetson, it is highly probable that her followers will take no further steps toward her support.

Should the Trustees who have been supporting Mrs. Stetson decide to abandon her cause no action will be taken against them by the Mother Church, it was learned yesterday. But in the event of their continuing to oppose the Committee of Ten, which is handling the work of reorganizing the First Church, it is likely that the opposing Trustees will be visited with some form of discipline by the Mother Church.

The Committee of Ten, which comprises practically all the leaders of the anti-Stetson faction, except First Reader Strickler, will receive a report to-day from the expert accountants who for several days have been investigating the finances of the church in an effort to find out how much money has been paid to Mrs. Stetson, through the regular church channels in the last seven years. This investigation was practically finished yesterday, and last night the accountants were at work on their report.

It was stated on good authority that so far as the general financial condition of the church is concerned the report shows the corporation to be on a sound basis.

If you want a desirable Furnished Room, see Page 17

"The Best Place to Buy a Piano"

Whether for Cash or on Time Payments

A FEATURE of the piano business today is the number of purchases that are made on time payments, even by persons of large means.

It is a mistake to suppose that only inferior pianos are obtainable on the monthly installment plan.

At Aeolian Hall, any reasonable idea as to payments will be met, no matter whether the purchase is a fine Weber Grand or an exchanged piano at only $150.

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Thus the purchaser pays a fair price for the accommodation, is in an independent position and, best of all, *knows exactly how much the time payment plan is costing him.*

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We offer desks in 225 styles, sizes and finishes.

They range from desks designed for the most sumptuous offices to those where low price is the first consideration.

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B. H. SCHEFTELS ARRESTED.

Nat Goodwin's Broker Partner Accused of Libeling a Curb Trader.

The troubles of B. H. Scheftels & Co., commission brokers, whose mining stock promotions slumped a week ago when publicity was given to their connection with George Graham Rice and the real status of their mining properties, culminated yesterday with the arrest of B. H. Scheftels, the head of the firm, on a charge of criminal libel. At the same time it was announced that Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, who with Rice was mixed up in some of the company's promotions, had withdrawn from the firm because of "the undesirable publicity."

The charge against Scheftels was made by John C. Weir of the curb brokerage firm of John C. Weir & Co. of 25 Broad Street. Weir bases his complaint on a market letter issued by the Scheftels firm.

Scheftels was arraigned before Magistrate Cornell, in the Jefferson Market Court, and was paroled in the custody of his lawyer, Maurice Meyer, for examination on Nov. 26. Mr. Meyer said his client's defense would be justification.

The publication of Rice's criminal record a year resulted in the taking over by Scheftels & Co. of the market in Rawhide Coalition and the collapse of that stock from $2 a share to "cents per share." It is now around 20 cents. Nat Goodwin's name appeared on Scheftels & Co.'s market letters as Vice President. In the last few months its chief promotion has been Ely Central, which recently collapsed. The methods of B. H. Scheftels & Co. have since been under investigation by the postal authorities and the District Attorney's office.

MAN DEAD IN RIVER CRASH.

Penitentiary Guard in a Rowboat Rammed by a Tug.

A tugboat, said to have been the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Transfer No. 12, ran down and smashed a rowboat in which Thomas S. Burke, a guard, was patrolling the East River off the Penitentiary on Blackwell's Island yesterday. John Livins, another guard, was near by in a small boat and rowed to Burke's assistance. He drew him aboard and took him to the shore.

Dr. Lenahan was summoned from the New York City Home on the island, but Burke died in a short time. His scalp was cut, but it had not been determined last night whether his skull was fractured or he died of submersion.

Word of the accident was sent to Sub-Station B of the Harbor Police at East 102d Street, and Lieut. Dwyer put out in a launch, intercepted Tug 12, and arrested Capt. Robert E. Robbins, the pilot. He was arraigned in Harlem Court late in the afternoon, and was remanded to the Coroners' office. There he was bailed out by his employers, pending an inquest.

GIRL PUPIL OUSTS PRINCIPAL.

Hoboken School Board Sends Talbot from High School to Grammar Grade.

Prof. Lafayette Talbot, Ph. D., LL. D., Principal of the Hoboken High School, was removed by the Board of Education on Monday night, after a secret session, at which charges were preferred against him by a 16-year-old pupil in the school and her mother.

Talbot was transferred by the board to Grammar School 8, which will mean a considerable reduction in his salary.

Principal Joseph Brandt of the grammar school has been promoted to Talbot's post.

State Highway Commission Gets Medal.

ALBANY, Nov. 16.—The State Highway Commission has received notice that it has received an award of a gold medal for its display of charts, maps, models, and photographs exhibited at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, recently held at Seattle.

GIRL DEAD IN FIRE AT PAPER FACTORY

Annie O'Brien's Charred Body Found in the Ruins of Building at 541 West 34th Street.

MEN FIGHT TO ESCAPE FIRST

Beat Back Girls on a Narrow Stairway —Policeman, Overcome, Lowered by a Rope by His Comrade.

Annie O'Brien, 19 years old, of 537 West Thirty-seventh Street, was burned to death in a fierce, rapid-burning fire that burned out the big six-story wallpaper factory at 541 to 545 West Thirty-fourth Street yesterday afternoon, between 3 and 5 o'clock. The damage was estimated at $500,000.

This factory of the Gledhill Wallpaper Company ran all the way through the block to Thirty-fifth Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues. The employes numbered 150, 20 of whom were women and girls. The fire started in the ceiling of the first floor, where it was seen by James McDonald, an employe, and Harry Howe, a contracting agent, who was talking to him.

James E. Gledhill, President of the company, had drilled his employes in protecting their working place from fire, and so McDonald began to pull down some hose and attach it to a pipe that ran from the tank on the roof. The call was sounded for helpers. John Higgins, an office boy, while these preparations were going on, ran through the building, crying out: "Get out of here, girls; this place is all afire."

Meanwhile McDonald, Howe, and others were killing time with the emergency hose. It had got all tangled up. Despairing of doing anything with this, McDonald ran to the street and turned in a fire alarm.

The flames had got a good start by this time. There was nothing to stop them, and much to help them on. The materials with which the employes worked were for the most part inflammable stuff, including all sorts of chemicals as well as the paper stock itself.

Girls Help at Rescue.

The warning cries of the office boy, however, had started all the 150 employes on a run for escape. Catherine Smith of 558 West Thirty-fifth Street called around her several girls who were crying and led them out on the fire escapes on the Thirty-fifth Street side of the building. They were taken down to the ground by men of Truck 21. Annie Flood of 444 West Thirty-seventh Street led another group of hysterical girls to the street, pushing the laggards along in front of her.

About this time two girls and seven or eight men had come together at a narrow staircase leading to the roof, where they hoped to find some escape. All chivalric emotions had left the men, and they were fighting back the girls, and cursing them in their terror. Policeman Adam Spies, who had run up through the building, rushed among the men and women, forced the girls up ahead of him, and then allowed the men to come up.

On the east side of the burning building is a vacant lot, and on the other side a building only four stories high. The fire downstairs was raging fiercely, and the girls refused to go back down toward it. Policeman John Thorpe of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, whose father was employed in the wallpaper factory, had climbed to the roof of the smaller building. Having brought with him a coil of rope, he threw this to Spies, who made it fast to a chimney.

Again there was a struggle between the men and girls as to who should go down first, and during the fight Jennie Stannion of 527 West Fortieth Street jumped or fell to the roof below. She was burned about the face and arms, but refused to go to a hospital. Spies fought back the men from the rope, let down the remaining girl first, and then allowed the men to go down.

Policeman Overcome.

With these safe, Spies decided to try to go back and find Annie O'Brien, about whom the two girls on the roof had told him. He was overcome by the smoke as soon as he stuck his head down the scuttle. Policeman Thorpe, who had shinnied up the rope, tied the loose end around Spies's body, and let him down the roof on the west. He was later revived and told to go home, but refused to do so. By this time the flames were eating through the roof of the six-story building. They had long ago been pouring through all the windows and doors. Four alarms had been rung in, and dozens of streams of water were pouring into the crater of fire. Chief Croker was on hand to direct the firemen, and Deputy Police Commissioner Bugher had come up to look after the police. The reserves from the west side stations had been ordered out. All the nearby streets were jammed with people.

The tenants of near-by tenements on the Thirty-fifth Street side were routed from their homes by the police for safety's sake. All those in front of the building on both Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Streets were told to get out of the way of possible falling walls. The walls, however, stood, though the inside of the building was burned out clean. A huge press, falling now and then to the pit below, sent flying up streams of sparks.

A census was taken of the employes, and it was found that only Annie O'Brien was missing, according to the police. A little foster brother of hers told how he had told her to run with him, but she had become dazed and ran in the wrong direction. Her body was found early last night on the second floor. That is, it was the body of a girl, burned beyond recognition, and the police supposed it was Annie O'Brien.

GRADUATES' CLUB RECEPTION.

Night for Honorary Members, with Politics and Football the Topics.

The Graduates' Club gave a reception to its honorary members last night at its house, 11 East Forty-fourth Street, and listened to several speeches on various topics of college interest, including football, religion, broad education, and activity in civic and National affairs. Of the ten honorary members, the five present were Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, Chancellor Henry M. MacCracken of the University of New York, President Finley of the City College, and Dr. William H. Maxwell, Superintendent of Schools.

Dr. Maxwell, after saying that it was thirty-five years ago last Sunday since he had arrived in the United States, remarked that his attention had been attracted to a statement made by Gov. Hughes in his recent lecture at Yale, in which the assertion was made that "the Republic would be made over anew if the college graduates were removed from the list of dishonest legislators."

"This is a very hard saying," said Dr. Maxwell, "and I can hardly believe that Gov. Hughes said it. The very training of a college graduate should equip him in an unusual way for the responsibilities of public life and public activity. I believe that college graduates are doing a great deal to uphold the ideals of what a true republic should be. The chief trouble is they are not doing enough. Every graduate ought to take a vital interest in the political questions of his country."

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury George B. Cortelyou, one of the club's Vice Presidents, when called upon by President William E. Pulsifer, who introduced the guests of the evening, said that he thoroughly indorsed the remarks of Dr. Maxwell, but that collegians, besides taking an interest in National affairs, should also be alive to all matters of college policy, including athletics.

Chancellor MacCracken set the members thinking when he broached the subject of changing the rules of football so that the serious accidents which have marred the game this year might be eliminated. He called attention to the great meeting of the Intercollegiate Athletic Association of the United States, composed of over sixty institutions, which is to meet in this city next month to discuss, among other things, the football question. Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and Cornell, he said, have not yet joined this body, and he asked the members of the club who are graduates of those universities to urge upon their respective faculties the necessity of joining and sending delegates to the meeting.

Dr. Lyman Abbott told of the increasing interest in the colleges of the country in religious matters, and Gen. Woodford paid a tribute to the success of the Graduates' Club.

CAMPAIGN IN MILK.

The Tribune Denies a World Charge That It Undertook One for Pay.

The Tribune says editorially this morning in reply to a charge published in The World of yesterday that milk dealers planned a "campaign of education," and contributed $5,600 to be paid for articles in that paper at the rate of a dollar a line.

The New York World printed an article yesterday under the heading "Documents Prove 'Pact' to Raise Price of Milk," which sought to implicate The Tribune in an arrangement with the milk trade to advance the price of milk to consumers in this city.

The facts, so far as The Tribune has any cognizance of the matter, are that last Spring a man came to this office with the statement that the milk trade believed that groundless fears prevailed among consumers as to the general quality of a necessary food, and wanted to secure space in some responsible metropolitan paper in order to inform the public as to the efficacy, or expediency, of the tuberculine test, (which it was asserted was uselessly destroying the dairies of the State,) and of commercial pasteurization, and as to the safeguards provided by the Board of Health and the character and standing of the purveyors of the milk supply.

This man evidently failed to get the support which he expected, for since then we have not seen or heard of him. No such tentative form of agreement as appeared in The World yesterday was ever shown to any responsible person in The Tribune office, and nothing has been published in this paper on the subject.

AMUNDSEN ARRIVES BELIEVING IN COOK

Discoverer of the Magnetic Pole Comes to Prepare for Another Arctic Drift.

MAY TRY FOR NORTH POLE

Has Not Investigated Cook's Story, He Says Later, and Doesn't Care to Talk of It.

Roald Amundsen, the explorer, who became famous by navigating the Northwest Passage and finding the magnetic pole, and who is preparing for another extended tour of exploration in the far North, arrived in New York yesterday on the Scandinavian-American liner United States. Capt. Amundsen will go north in Nansen's famous ship, the Fram, and expects to be gone several years, during which time he may attempt to drift through the arctic ice across the north pole. At the pier he reaffirmed his belief in Dr. Cook.

In conversation with a TIMES reporter at his hotel last night Capt. Amundsen, who has been numbered among the most ardent believers in Dr. Cook, declined to make any comment on the latter's claim to the discovery of the north pole.

"I really don't know anything about it, and I don't care to say anything about it," he said.

"What is the attitude of the Scandinavian explorers generally on the subject?" Capt. Amundsen was asked.

"You don't hear very much about it," was his reply. "They are very quiet about it. Perhaps they do not feel justified in rendering their verdict until after Dr. Cook has presented his proofs, as he has agreed to do."

Capt. Amundsen was met down the bay by Walter Lounsdale, Dr. Cook's private secretary, F. H. Gade, the Norwegian Consul in Chicago, an old friend, also went to welcome him, and is understood to have advised him to avoid as much as possible the controversy over Dr. Cook's assertions.

Most of the questions asked by the reporters, however, had to do with Dr. Cook.

"If Dr. Cook told the Eskimo boys who were with him not to tell Peary where he went, do you think they would have followed his instructions?" was asked.

"The Eskimos," he replied, "as a general thing are truthful. However, I am not certain that they could point out a route on a map, as they are reputed to have done."

Asked if he thought Dr. Cook capable of taking correct observations, Capt. Amundsen answered that he did, and added that even an uneducated man did not necessarily require a great length of time to learn how to take them. He referred to Dr. Cook's part in the Belgian antarctic expedition, of which he was also a member, and said that what Dr. Cook had written about that journey was correct.

"Have you seen Dr. Cook's records, or do you know any one else who has?"

"No, I have not seen them, and I do not know any one who has," answered Capt. Amundsen.

He said he expected to see Dr. Cook soon after he landed. He had not read Rear Admiral Chester's reasons for doubting Cook, nor the Cook narratives published in this country. He did not expect to make any effort to find Dr. Cook's records when in the Arctic.

Speaking of his own expedition, Capt. Amundsen said that he would first go to San Francisco via Cape Horn, and, while in Southern waters would probably do much oceanographic work. He expects to sail from San Francisco in the Fram in July, 1911, for the arctic, and may freeze the Fram in the ice off Point Barrow, with the idea of drifting through the ice and possibly across the pole itself. He will take fourteen Scandinavians with him, and may be gone anywhere from five to eight years. The Norwegian Government appropriated $75,000 to aid in the enterprise, and much more has been subscribed by private individuals.

From New York Capt. Amundsen will go to Chicago. Saturday he will witness the Yale-Harvard football game.

SCREAMS SCARED BURGLAR.

Reserves Out in Flatbush and Suspected Man Was Picked Up.

Mrs. Daisy Rankin, wife of the chauffeur for David A. Sullivan, a banker, of Brooklyn, was awakened yesterday morning by a burglar, who was rifling a sideboard in the dining room of her home, which is over the banker's garage, at 179 Lenox Road, Flatbush. She screamed, and the burglar fled.

In his flight he left a bundle of clothing and silverware in a lot adjoining Mr. Sullivan's home. On a fence alongside the garage was found an overcoat and a black pair of chauffeur's gloves, which Rankin identified as his property.

Reserves from the Flatbush Police Station searched the neighborhood. At 3:20 o'clock Patrolman Heslin found an Italian hatless hiding behind a hedge on Martense Street, near Bedford Avenue. He gave his name as Antonio Marcani, and said he lived at the Mills Hotel, Chrystie and Rivington Streets, Manhattan. He could not explain satisfactorily to the police his presence in the neighborhood at that hour.

Magistrate Nash later in the day held the prisoner in $2,500 bail on the charge of attempted burglary.

Randall H. Foote Exonerated.

In an item in Saturday's TIMES dealing with the indictment of Stephen A. Dutton for grand larceny in the first degree from a Grand Street bank, it was incorrectly stated that Randall H. Foote, who was arrested with him, turned State's evidence. As a matter of fact Mr. Foote appeared last Thursday before the Grand Jury at his own request to make his explanation of the transaction in question. The Grand Jury then dismissed the bill against him.

Packard MOTOR CARS

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
1861 BROADWAY

CROSS-COUNTRY RIDER DIES.

Fritz Dickel, Old Riding Master, Passes Away at White Plains.

Fritz Dickel, a cross-country rider of the old school, who with his brother, Albert Dickel, owned the Dickel riding academy in Manhattan, died to-day in the White Plains Hospital. His death was brought about by gangrene. He was too weak to be operated upon.

Mr. Dickel's leg was injured a few years ago while horseback riding, and he never entirely recovered from the injury. Albert Dickel was killed a few years ago while horseback riding in White Plains. His horse bolted and he was thrown headforemost through a trolley car window, dying from the injuries he received.

Fritz Dickel was 68 years old. After the death of his brother he retired from the riding academy business and lived on the Dickel farm on the Post Road at White Plains.

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for every Draughtsman.

17 different degrees of hardness and softness, 10c. each, $1.00 per dozen.
At all "Koh-i-noor Quality" stationers.
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HEIR MISSING FIFTEEN YEARS.

Surrogate Asked to Declare Nephew of Charles Johnston Legally Dead.

Lawyer Charles W. Church, Jr., asked Surrogate Ketcham in Brooklyn, yesterday, to declare legally dead Charles or Arthur Johnston, one of the heirs to the estate left by Charles Johnston, one-time backer of John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, who was well known in the sporting world.

Mr. Johnston died at his home in Brooklyn four years ago, leaving property worth $200,000. The sum of $2,500 was bequeathed by him to a nephew, whose name was either Charles or Arthur Johnston. This nephew disappeared from his home in Brooklyn fifteen years ago, when he was 13 years old. All efforts to find the young man have failed, and the request that he be declared legally dead was made that the money left him might be distributed among the other beneficiaries. Surrogate Ketcham reserved decision.

Were our Department for the Autoist lifted bodily from its present surroundings and set down within a separate building, its area would be surprising.

Few of the thousands who frequent this big shop receive a true impression of the size of our Auto Apparel Department. Environment (it being but part of a larger organization) does not allow the same impression that isolation gives.

As a matter of fact, ours is the largest and most completely stocked Auto Apparel Shop in America—perhaps in the world.

Its foundation was laid coincident with the advent of the Auto—and its growth has kept pace with the wonderful development of the machine and the apparel needs of its devotees.

"EVERYTHING FOR THE AUTOIST BUT THE AUTO"

AUTO COATS FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN
of cloth, rubber, leather or fur
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of every approved material—in our own models
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in Tobey Handmade Furniture will distinguish it in the eye of the layman from the hundred and one other makes of good furniture available today.

In mahogany, for instance, we use the solid St. Jago, which is unquestionably the most beautifully grained and closest fibered mahogany known. It is as superior to some kinds of mahogany as oak is to pine.

If you are interested in *value* in furniture it will be well for you to know something about woods. We'll be pleased to show you.

The Tobey Furniture Company
11 West 32nd Street

THE HARDMAN PIANO
Famous since 1842

MM. Clement and Gilly in Opera at The New Theatre

ONE of the most attractive features of the first performance of Opera at The New Theatre last night was the appearance for the first time in this country of MM. Clement and Gilly.

The names of the eminent French Tenor and Baritone must now be added to those of the foreign artists whom America delights to honor.

They had already of their own volition placed them on the role of those distinguished musicians who are enthusiastic in the praises of the *Hardman Piano*.

A piano which so greatly pleases these great artists is the one to choose for *your* home, or as a worthy Christmas gift.

Hardman Pianos may be purchased on convenient monthly payments. Liberal allowance on old pianos taken in exchange

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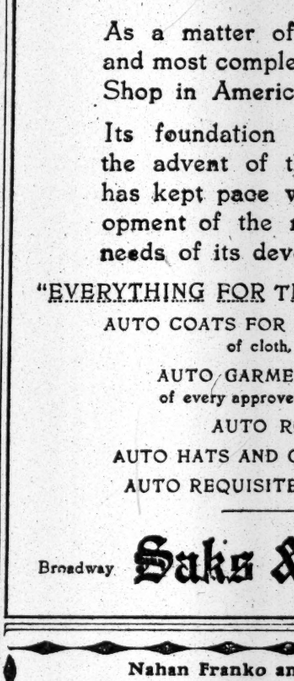
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Men's $25 Winter Overcoats at $15



CLEVER Styles—Such as are worn by the best dressers in New York. Splendid variety of styles and fabrics.

Black Kersey Overcoats.
Gray Cheviot Overcoats.
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Fancy Mixture Overcoats.
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All Priced At $15 Special Sale To-day

Sizes 33 to 50 chest measure. Big men can be easily fitted.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

TIFFANY STVDIOS

Announce a Special Sale

of articles that were intended for agencies recently discontinued. This sale will

Terminate on Saturday, Nov. 20th.

It offers a rare opportunity to secure Christmas and Wedding Gifts bearing the distinctive mark of the TIFFANY STVDIOS, at greatly reduced prices. Purchases will be held for shipment at any time desired.

Bronze Lamps — Picture Frames
Leaded Glass Shades — Bridge Sets
Desk Sets — Ash Trays
Candle Sticks — Jewel Boxes
Cigar and Cigarette Cases

Also at a fraction of their original cost, a remarkable assortment of TIFFANY STVDIOS FABRICS, beautiful in color and texture, in small sizes suitable for cushion and chair coverings and table squares.

Madison Ave. & Forty Fifth St.

LORDS START FIGHT ON BUDGET CONTROL

First Challenge in 200 Years of House of Commons' Right to Control Nation's Finances.

PREMIER TO STRIKE BACK

Will Resist Attempt to Force a Dissolution—Lords' Motion to Reject Budget Called Unconstitutional.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—In the House of Lords to-day Lord Lansdowne, leader of the Opposition, gave the formal and expected notice of his intention to move for the rejection of the budget bill when it comes up next Monday. His motion, he said, would be expressed thus:

I move that this House is not justified in giving its consent to this bill until it has been submitted to the judgment of the country.

As the Unionist Peers hold the same commanding position in the upper house as do the Radicals in the House of Commons, Lord Lansdowne's motion undoubtedly seals the fate of the financial bill and assures a general election in January.

The terms of Lord Lansdowne's motion to reject the budget, of which he gave formal notice in the House of Lords today, were communicated to Premier Asquith at an early hour, and discussed by the Cabinet Council during the course of the day. The Unionists anticipate that three hundred peers will support Lord Lansdowne, while the supporters of the Government in the House of Lords number only forty.

Premier to Appeal to Commons.

On the rejection of the Budget bill it is expected that the Premier will move in the House of Commons a resolution strongly condemning the peers' action, affirming the sole right of the House of Commons to deal with matters of taxation and declaring the peers' attempt to force a dissolution to be unconstitutional.

It is unlikely that the Cabinet will resign unless the Government is defeated at the elections. Some measures are necessary to meet the financial difficulty involved in the rejection of the budget, and to this end it is suggested that a conference of party leaders should be held to devise means.

Mr. Balfour, the leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, is under engagement to deliver a speech at Manchester to-morrow night, which probably will outline the Unionist Party's election manifesto.

In the meantime Winston Spencer Churchill is first in the field with a manifesto from the Liberal standpoint. In a letter on the situation he says that the power to force dissolution is the prerogative of the crown, and that finance is the exclusive privilege of the House of Commons. Therefore, he argues, the rejection of the budget is a double invasion by the Lords, both of the royal prerogative and of the Commons' privilege, and that, further, if the Lords establish at the general election their right to control the country's finances they will make themselves the predominant power in the State by their ability to destroy the budget, stop the King's revenue, and force the dissolution of Parliament every year.

Appeal to the Laborites.

The election campaign which has been afoot already with the greatest activity will now be carried on with redoubled energy. The chief Liberal whip to-night issued an urgent appeal to the Labor Party, inviting friendly agreement with the object of avoiding triangular contests, which already have lost several seats for the Liberals.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The Liberal newspapers this morning describe Lord Lansdowne's motion as an act of war. The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial, declares that not since the revolution of 1688 has the right of the Commons to control the finances of the country been challenged.

"The Lords," says the paper, "have chosen the way of destruction. It is as though some malign influence has been at work to bring the House of Lords before the people's gaze with all its imperfections on its head Bold and unashamed it is standing forth as the selfish defender of privileges in land and liquor and the champion of taxation on food. A more shameful conspiracy against the Commonwealth has never been unmasked."

Rosebery Feared Revolution.

In the speech which Lord Rosebery left his retirement to deliver at Glasgow on Sept. 10, he declared that the British budget was "a revolution which puts the future of Great Britain in the melting pot and which in the best interests of the nation should not become law." In this he referred not only to the actual financial provisions of the measure, but also to the rumors already current that the House of Lords would revive the power which has lain dormant for centuries to reject or amend money bills.

Lord Lansdowne in his resolution is raising the question of the power of the Lords in what he thought would be less aggravating form to the Radical majority of the Commons than if he had moved the rejection of the Finance bill on its merits. He is asserting the right of the upper house to force the reference of a question to the electorate, which was conceded to them by such constitutional authorities as Walter Bagehot. Of late years, however, the Radicals have found it convenient to deny this right, and when the last Home Rule bill was thrown out by the Lords, the Ministry continued calmly on its way without any dissolution, and nothing more terrible than a few speeches fulminating against the hereditary Chamber.

Lords Defeated in Last Conflict.

The last time that the Lords rejected a money bill was in 1860, when they threw out the one repealing the paper duties. The House of Commons immediately retorted with a resolution declaring that they regarded the power of the Lords to reject a money bill with very great jealousy and asserting that it lay in the power of the Commons alike to impose or remit taxation. In the next session the repeal of the paper duties was again submitted to the Upper Chamber and passed by it.

The present crisis has been caused by the introduction of a budget which its opponents denounce as revolutionary and socialistic. The principal objections to it have been leveled at the superincome tax of 6 pence in the pound on incomes over £5,000 a year, on the taxes on mining royalties, on urban undeveloped land, on ungotten mineral values, on incomes derived from "unearned increment," increased stamp duties on Stock Exchange transactions, and on increased death duties.

Last May a letter was sent to Mr. Asquith by leading London bankers protesting against the budget proposals, especially those relating to the income tax and death duties on the ground that they would militate against the security of capital in England. In this such men as the Rothschilds, the Barings, Lord Avebury, Lord Goschen, Sir Felix Schuster, Anthony Gibbs, and J. S. Morgan & Co. joined.

Direct Fight on Lords Possible.

King Edward has in the last two months taken an important share in the discussion of the measure. It is believed that he has been very much averse to a conflict between the two houses, which would give excuse for a radical Government to start a campaign to curtail the power of the House of Lords or abolish it altogether. It has been freely said that the present Government would start such a campaign if the Lords did not accept this budget He sent for Mr. Asquith and, it is understood, endeavored to induce him to submit to a compromise. He also was in consultation with Lord Lansdowne, but without effect. Some criticisms were passed that the King was interfering in domestic affairs in an unconstitutional fashion in a way unwelcome to the Radical Party, and that this was not so likely to add to his popularity as the large part he has played in foreign policies since his accession has done.

It is understood that one of the principal considerations that has stiffened the back of Lord Lansdowne was the Conservative victory a fortnight ago in Bermondsey. In a typical East Side constituency, in which the question of unemployment was of vital importance, the Conservative candidate won the seat from the Liberal nominee in a hot three-cornered fight. He did not obtain a majority over the combined votes of the Government and Socialistic candidates, but his plurality over the former was great enought to make the Opposition press throughout the country hail the victory as a most significant one.

POPE'S EPISCOPAL JUBILEE.

American Bishop Received—Falconio Likely to be Made Cardinal.

ROME, Nov. 16.—To-day is the Episcopal jubilee of Pope Pius X. Many messages of congratulation and well wishes reached the Vatican, the number including several from America.

The Pope desired to spend the day quietly, and without any formal celebration. He celebrated mass in the private chapel, admitting only his own sisters from Venice, with whom he afterward breakfasted. Later he received the officials of the Vatican and showed them the gold pectoral cross which was given him by Pope Leo in 1884 upon the occasion of his appointment as Bishop of Mantua. He also received Cardinal Merry del Val, Papal Secretary of State, and Cardinal Gasparri, who preceded the other prelates residing at the Vatican, all of whom offered greetings to the Pontiff. The only Cardinal from without the Vatican to be received was Cardinal Vives y Tuto.

The Pope this afternoon received in private audience Bishop Walsh of Portland, Me., who expressed himself as delighted that his audience fell upon the day of jubilee, thus permitting him to offer greetings from the American Episcopacy.

The rumor is persistent that Mgr. Falconio will be created a Cardinal and replaced as Apostolic Delegate at Washington by Mgr. Agius, now Apostolic Delegate at Manila, by Mgr. Aversa, at present Apostolic Delegate to Cuba, or by Mgr. Stagni, Archbishop of Aquila, who lived many years in America.

FEWER JEWS TO BE LAWYERS.

Russian Minister Reduces the Number of Students to be Eligible.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 16.—Because of the great number of Jews who have entered the legal profession since 1905, the Minister of Justice has further limited the percentages of Jewish students who may be eligible for admission to the bar. Hereafter but 35 per cent. of those living within the pale—that is, within the Russian district where may reside only such Jews as have been admitted by special favor of the Government—will be eligible, and 20 per cent. of those outside the pale. Formerly the percentages were 50 and 30, respectively.

The profession of the law was closed practically to the Jews prior to 1905 by reason of the discretionary power vested in the Minister of Justice, none having been accepted as fully qualified advocates during the sixteen years preceding that date.

SUES MME. STEINHEIL.

American Newspaper Man She Accused Demands $4,000 Damages.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Frederick H. Burlingham, the American newspaper man who was at one time accused by Mme. Steinheil of complicity in the murder of the latter's husband and stepmother, today brought suit against the recently acquitted widow charging false accusation. He demands damages in the sum of $4,000.

Remy Couillard, the servant in the Steinheil home, who was also accused of the crimes by his mistress, threatens to institute a libel suit against her.

BIG LOSER AT CARDS, PAVLOWSKI A SUICIDE

North German Lloyd's Paris Agent Squandered American Wife's Fortune and More.

$100,000 I. O. U.'S AT A CLUB

Stepdaughter, a Philadelphia Parry, Supposed to Have Lost Inheritance —Details Hushed Up in Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—Details of the remarkable financial transactions which led to the suicide of Herr Bothas Paulos Pavlowski, the General Agent of the North German Lloyd Lines in Paris, are beginning to come out. He shot and killed himself in his apartments in Hillman's Hotel, Bremen, on the night of Nov. 2, but the affair has been practically hushed up by the German press, only the most meagre details of the events which led up to his suicide having been allowed to reach the public.

Herr Pavlowski was well known personally to thousands of American tourists who booked their passages home over the North German Lloyd Lines via Cherbourg. He not only filched from the treasury of the lines at the Paris office a sum aggregating many thousands of dollars, but he squandered the fortune of a wealthy American whom he had married, and her daughter.

Inveterate gambling and relentless bad luck caused Herr Pavlowski to sink deeper and deeper into the mire of financial distress. He played for high stakes at the swagger Paris Automobile Club in the Place Concorde, hoping always that his luck would change and permit him to square his accounts without discovery. The cards were sullen, however, and the harder he played the more he lost.

Heavy Gambling on Credit.

When his wife's money was gone he continued to gamble with I O U's. The members of the Automobile Club are understood to hold his checks for a total of upward of $100,000.

Exactly how much he stole from the North German Lloyd and from his family has not been stated. The losses to the steamship line are said to be fully covered by the insurance of a bonding company. Mrs. Pavlowski, however, is said to be financially ruined. The suicide had the title of General Agent of the North German-Lloyd in Paris, but had no authority to bind the company by his signature. Any debts he contracted in the line's name, therefore, are worthless. Herr Pavlowski's stepdaughter was married last July. Her mother demanded that he should turn over at least the amount of the daughter's dowry. He was worse than bankrupt, and could not comply with the demand. His luck at the Automobile Club was still running against him and his gambling creditors were pressing for the payment of overdue obligations. The steamship management at Bremen finally discovered a deficit in the accounts of the Paris office.

Made a Full Confession.

Confronted with this desperate combination of circumstances, Herr Pavlowski late in October went to Bremen and made a full confession to his superiors. Realizing that exposure and imprisonment would be his certain fate, he decided to end matters.

Herr Pavlowski, who was of Polish extraction, was an intelligent and courteous official, and enjoyed popularity with the international traveling public.

It is said that Herr Pavlowski several times was caught embezzling heavy sums in the Paris office, but the losses were always made good by a certain high official of the line. Many acceptances are understood to be afloat in Paris signed by Pavlowski in the company's name and negotiated under the belief that he had the power of attorney.

It is rumored in Berlin that an official of the line whose protection Pavlowski is alleged to have enjoyed may resign on account of the scandal.

Fortune Given to Stepdaughter.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—Reports from Europe that Bothas Paulos Pavlowski, General Agent of the North German Lloyd Line in Paris, who killed himself in Bremen two weeks ago, had obtained $300,000 left to his stepdaughter, Miss Gladys Parry, now Mme. Saavadra, through a power of attorney issued to him in Philadelphia, were denied to-day by James Baird, trustee of the estate of Charles T. Parry. Mr. Baird said that Miss Parry's share of the estate had been given to her when she came of age, three years ago, and that if Pavlowski had gotten it it was through her own fault or that of her mother.

Mme. Saavadra was a daughter of William A. Parry and a granddaughter of Charles T. Parry, who made a fortune in the erly days of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. Her mother got a divorce from Mr. Parry, and Miss Parry lived in Paris from the age of 5. She was married about a year ago to a Spaniard named Saavadra. Her mother was married some years ago to Pavlowski.

William A. Parry again married after his divorce. He died in India, and his widow, now Mrs. Ballantine, has a life interest in his estate. Upon the death of Mrs. Ballantine Mme. Saavadra will receive a legacy estmated at $150,000 from the estate of her father.

Two Men Killed by Cave-In.

WOODBURY, N. J., Nov. 16.—Two men were killed and a third so injured he will probably die when a gravel bank in which they were working caved in about 5:30 o'clock this afternoon. The men killed were John Walle, wnite, and George Cutler, a negro. Horace Kirscher is the fatally injured man.

Gen. Reyes of Mexico Goes Abroad.

Gen. Bernardo Reyes of Mexico, his wife, and two children were passengers on the North German Lloyd steamship George Washington, which sailed yesterday for Bremen. Gen. Reyes entered his cabin immediately on boarding the vessel and remained there until she had left her dock. Persons seeking interviews failed to reach him.

Park & Tilford Coffees

For every taste, and indeed For Every Purse

Prices as low as 18c for the finest Maracaibo to 45c lb. for Private Estate Imperial Soenda.

Samples gladly supplied in our stores.

GENUINE IMPORTED BEERS

"ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE" (Red Hand Brand)

ALLSOPP'S is a household word in Great Britain, the product of the brewery having been known since 1708.

PILSNER, WURZBURGER, KAISER, HUMBSER, MUENCHNER, KULMBACHER, FURSTENBERGBRAU In Half Bbls. & Bottles.

FRED. HOLLENDER & CO. (Inc.) C. TIELENIUS, President 123-127 LAFAYETTE STREET Telephone 3733 Franklin NEW YORK

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—West

On Sale To-Day (Wednesday)

$35 Tailored Suits, $15

About 200 Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits, representing several of the very best models of this season, of serge, wide wale chevron and fancy tweed, suitable for present wear. Also Serge, Broadcloth and Velvet Princess Tailored Gowns $15

Regular price $29.75 and $35.00.

No alterations made — No exchanges or credits

Greenhut and Company

Special To-day 500 Dozen Women's Shamrock Lawn Fancy Initial Handkerchiefs 75c the box of half dozen

Main Floor—Greenhut and Company.

Coat Sale That Will Set the Town Talking

Five hundred of this season's smartest Dress, Walking, Utility and Storm Coats of various materials at about maker's cost.

Values $12.75 to $18.75 at $10 — Values $19.75 to $32.50 at $15

Some are strictly man tailored; others are strapped with self material—some with a touch of color. At least THIRTY styles to select from. Quite a number of the long Military Capes in the lot, consisting of silk moire, satin duchesse, taffeta and plaid back coatings. Semi-fitting, three-quarter tight fitting and loose fitting—single and double-breasted models. Some only one of a kind, nearly every color is represented. The materials are of the very finest foreign and domestic weaves. To-day $10 and $15.

Second Floor—Greehut and Company—Wednesday.

Greenhut and Company, Sixth Ave., 18th to 19th St., New York City

Store Formerly Occupied by B. Altman & Co.

The Significance of Mahogany in Furniture

THERE IS A ROMANCE of Handicraft as well as one of Poetry and Fiction.

Early in the 18th Century one Wollaston was employed by Dr. Gibbons to make some furniture from a strange wood brought by the latter's brother from Jamaica; thus fortuitously was mahogany introduced to English cabinet makers.

To-day there is no wood used in the furniture-makers' craft so rich in associative charm, and to no room of the house does Mahogany add a more conclusive signification of character and comfort than to the dining Room.

That is why we have devoted two out of our twelve galleries to the display of Mahogany Dining Room Furniture; this affords an unexampled range of selection from the most authentic reproductions of Sheraton and Heppelwhite to "Colonial" pieces of characteristically home-like charm.

THE GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE COMPANY (Incorporated)

34 and 36 West 32d Street

Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway, New York

W. & J. SLOANE

Baroda, Saxine, Angora and Saxonia PLAIN-COLOR CARPETS

FINE quality and superb coloring are the distinguishing features of the above mentioned carpets, which are imported from England by us exclusively. They are shown in many shades of the latest approved colorings and in several widths, up to 12 feet inclusive. These widths reduce the number of seams to a minimum, often entirely obviating them as in the case of a room 12 feet wide.

Broadway & Nineteenth Street

95% Answered "20th Century Limited"

A prominent Chicago newspaper offered a prize for the correct answer to the question: *"What is the most famous train in the world?"*

25,000 replies were received—of this number 23,750 answered, "The 20th Century Limited," via the

New York Central Lines

Lv. New York 3:30 p.m.
Ar. Chicago 8:30 a.m.

Tickets and Sleeping-Car Accommodations

Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our ticket offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired.

Address L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway Phone 6810 Madison

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES "America's Greatest Railway System"

MARK CROSS

ESTABLISHED 1843 MARK CROSS TRADE MARK LONDON

89 Regent Street

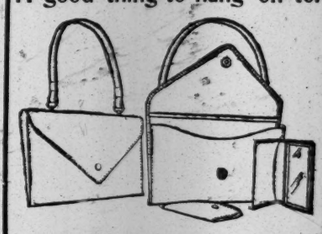
Goods Charged in London to Home Account—Prices Less U.S. Duties.

This Is For Remembrance

About this season our fancies lightly turn to thoughts of gifts.

CROSS VANITY WRIST "ENVELETTES"

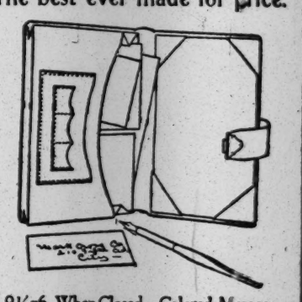
A good thing to hang on to.



7x4½—Green, Black Morocco—Silk Lined—Containing: Change Purse—Leather Case with Mirror and Powder Puff Pocket—Double Strap Handle, Fastened to Envelope with Gold Plated Bar—Snap Fastener—Thin and Capacious— $5.50
Pigskin—Suede Lined— $6.50
CARRIAGE OR SHOPPING BAGS—10x7—Black Morocco—Leather Lined—Change Purse—Pockets— $5.75
Pigskin— $6.75
POWDER & PUFF CASES—Colored Morocco—Silk Lined— $2.75

CROSS WRITING PORTFOLIOS

What every woman needs. The best ever made for price.



9½x6, When Closed—Colored Morocco—Pockets for Stationery, Cards, Stamps—Blotting Pad—Loop for Fountain Pen or Pencil—Lock and Key— $5.00
Pigskin— $6.50
With Fountain Pen— $7.50
"LETTERETTES"—Colored Morocco—Silk Lined—Combination Paper and Envelope Pad—Calendar in Cover—Stamp and Pen Box—Safety Inkwell—Gilt Pen—Pencil—Snap Fastener— $3.75
BLOTTING PAPER PORTFOLIOS—11½ x 8½—Colored Morocco—With Word Book Attached—Stamp Pockets—4 Stationery Pockets— $11.50

CROSS WINDSOR BAG

One should be as particular in luggage as in clothes.

Tan Grained Oxhide—Check Linen Lined—Box Bottom for Protection of Shirts—2 Large Pockets—Brass Trimmings—Double Handles—
14 Inches to 20 Inches
$17.00 to $20.00

CROSS GLOVES

LADIES' DRESS GLOVES—Light Weight—Tan, Black, Gray, White— $1.50 to $2.00
MEN'S DRESS GLOVES—Tan— $1.75 to $2.25
MEN'S EVENING GLOVES—White— $1.50 to $2.00
LADIES' GAUNTLETS—Tan—Black— $1.85 to $2.75
MEN'S GAUNTLETS—Tan—Black— $1.85 to $3.25
GAUNTLETS—Wool Lined—For Men and Women—Tan and Black— $2.50 to $4.00
CHILDREN'S GLOVES—Mocha— $1.25
CHILDREN'S HEAVY WEIGHT GLOVES—Tan, White— $1.00

SECOND FLOOR—TRUNKS AND MOTOR GOODS

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World's Greatest Leather Store

Uptown {210 Fifth Avenue, Near 26th Street
Downtown—253 Broadway, Opposite City Hall
Boston—145 Tremont Street

ERROR HALTS SUIT AGAINST MRS. THAW

Stenographer's Mistake Causes a Mistrial in Dr. Hamilton's Action for $7,000 Fee.

HARRY THAW IN COURT

Gives Out Another Statement Contending That His Commitment to Matteawan Was Illegal.

The trial of the suit brought by Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, the alienist, against Mrs. Mary C. Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, who killed Stanford White, seeking to recover $7,000 from Mrs. Thaw for services he says he rendered in connection with her son, came to a sudden but temporary end yesterday in Justice Hendrick's part of the Supreme Court. The reason was that an error was discovered in her answer caused by the stenographer's mistake in typing the words "plaintiff's complaint," instead of "defendant's answer."

The jury had been empaneled, Dr. Hamilton called to the witness chair, and his lawyer began reading Mrs. Thaw's answer. He had not proceeded far when there came an objection from her attorney, who asserted that the way the paper read his client appeared to admit all the services of Dr. Hamilton, which was not the case.

"It is purely a clerical error," Mr. Rose said, and this brought the statement from Mr. McCurdy that it was the way the answer was received. Justice Hendrick then looked over the paper and agreed that it was an error, with the result that he withdrew a juror, making a mistrial, which will necessitate the defense amending its answer. The suit will now have to take its place on the regular calendar and may not come up again for several weeks.

The expectation of getting a glimpse of Harry Thaw, who had been brought down from Matteawan Hospital for the Criminal Insane to appear as a witness for his mother, drew a large crowd. Looking in the best of health, accompanied by Amos T. Barker, Assistant Superintendent of the hospital and two guards, Thaw came into Justice Dowling's court shortly after 10 o'clock and took a seat among the spectators. The trial had not been reached at 1 o'clock, and after luncheon near the Court House, they returned to court, and later the suit was sent before Justice Hendrick.

Thaw was anxious to talk. He said he had gained some ten pounds since August, but nevertheless described Matteawan as an "inferno," and gave out a typewritten statement regarding his own case. In substance he contended his commitment to Matteawan was without precedent in law, and that there was properly no question of his sanity.

"The jury did not say I was insane on Feb. 1, 1908," his statement continued. "They would deny it, if asked. It was done by one man only.

"Judge Dowling conducted the swiftest trial ever held. He took less than a minute and listened to no one, but all at once changed his mind and found that I was insane. I hope no one else will ever be tried with equal rapidity. Judge Jenks's opinion sides with Judge Dowling; but Gov. Black stated positively that it was faulty in many ways. One error alone completely nullifies it.

"Judge Jenks and Judge Rich, in opposing Judge Gaynor's solid opinion, imagined that we were given notice to defend my present sanity before the jury and Judge Dowling. They forget that if we were forced to defend my present sanity before the jury and Judge Dowling, then the whole trial was fraudulent. Every lawyer, every messenger boy, even, in every law office in America, knows that when a man is on trial he must be tried upon the charge or charges in the indictment, and on those charges alone, or the trial is unlawful."

Thaw also had a statement to make in connection with the recent divorce proceedings of Mrs. John Jacob Astor against her husband. This read, in part:

"By chance I know of some of the facts concealed when Judge Mills ordered the Astor papers sealed. Nothing within them showed any danger to the morality of respectable girls such as were hushed up in connection with Mr. White's dens, no poor families were in danger of pollution, as in the other case, but the same respect for great wealth that led Judge Mills to adjudge this last case without exposing so much as one syllable of the name may have made him think what I said of the Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth Street resorts was a delusion. Had I been a quarter as rich as Mr. White's associates, the testimony of Mr. Comstock, Dr. Sillio, Mr. Carvalho, and others, with the same opinions I have, might have received more attention.

"People scoffed at Mr. Morschauser because he got no favors, not even simple justice. All we wanted was a fair hearing before an unprejudiced jury; but if he and I had wished to influence any one indirectly, I had too little money. Had I millions, like Col. Astor, there might have been a difference. Extortionate lawyers and experts have made me a bankrupt."

Shortly after 3 o'clock Thaw, accompanied by his mother and his guards, entered an automobile for the Grand Central Station, to take the train back to Matteawan.

FINISH CANVASS OF VOTES.

Republicans Will Ask a Recount in Seven Election Districts.

The Board of County Canvassers completed yesterday the checking up of the vote in the recent election in Manhattan and the Bronx, except for a few districts in which the tally sheets are confused.

One vote was discovered yesterday for Jack Johnson for Controller in the Sixth Election District of the Thirteenth Assembly District.

The final count on the contest in the Eighth Municipal Court District gives the election to John J. Dwyer by 24 votes. The original police returns showed the re-election of Judge Joseph P. Fallon by 15 votes. The revised returns shifted to Dwyer by 37. The matter has already been taken to the courts for a recount.

R. C. Daniel, counsel for the Republican County Committee before the Board of Canvassers, announced last night that he would ask the courts to order the reconvening of the Election Inspectors and poll clerks in seven election districts. In one district, the Eleventh of the Thirtieth, the entire vote is questioned, and in the other six there is trouble in connection with the count of the vote on the proposed constitutional amendments.

The board will hold a session to-night at which some fifty Inspectors and poll clerks will be questioned concerning their tally sheets, and it is possible that it may be necessary to ask the courts to investigate the districts in which some of them officiated.

The final figures of the count of the board will not be announced for several days. It seems probable that all of the constitutional amendments will be carried by the city. The average in favor of the amendments seems to be about two out of every three men who voted on them. The debt limit amendment will probably be carried by a vote of three to one.

DROP A NICKEL FOR A TICKET.

New Machine Puts Girl Ticket Sellers in a Flurry.

"Well, I see our finish all right," said one of the girl ticket sellers in her booth in the Hudson Terminal Station in Church Street to another during the dull hours yesterday afternoon. She, like all the other ticket sellers, was glaring at an object in the middle of the platform.

It was a nickel-in-the-slot ticket agent, and homebound Jerseyites, heading for one of the human ticket sellers and catching sight of the mechanical one, had all the afternoon veered off to it. They dropped in their nickels, the electrical machine buzzed, and out came the ticket, regular as clock work.

"I can sell more tickets in five minutes than that can in eight," said another feminine ticket seller, making a face at the machine and emphasizing the word "that," "but I have to eat and buy clothes and that will work for nothing at all. I see the end of our jobs all right."

Mr. Everdell of the Hudson Terminal Company says those jobs are in no present danger.

"It's only an experiment," said he; "the girls are likely to be more reliable and quicker to recognize bad money, I guess. And then the machine can only sell one ticket at a time, you see. We'll find out how it works."

Bankrupt to Escape Woman's Suit.

Dr. Isaac Stiefel of 69 First Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy to get rid of a suit for damages of $20,000 brought against him by Katie Davis Auerbach of 136 East Houston Street for breach of promise of marriage, which is pending in the City Court. His total liabilities are $21,258, and no assets. He obtained an order from Judge Holt of the United States District Court yesterday, restraining Miss Auerbach from proceeding any further with her suit for a year, contending that the debt is dischargeable in bankruptcy.

Keeper of the King's Armory Coming.

Among the passengers on the Oceanic, expected to arrive to-day, is Sir Guy Francis Laking, Keeper of the King's Armory, and accounted one of the greatest authorities in England on armor, although he is only 34 years old. Sir Guy is coming to make a study of the armor collections in this country for the purpose of writing a book. He is the author of a number of works on the subject, including "The Armoury of Windsor Castle," 1904, and "The Furniture of Windsor Castle," 1905.

ENDS LIFE AFTER FATAL FACTORY FIRE

Owner of Celluloid Plant Where Ten Lives Were Lost Dreaded Investigation.

INHALED GAS IN BATHROOM

Robert Morrison Unable to Rest Since the Accident in Which His Son Was Among the Dead.

Despondent over the fire in his celluloid comb factory on Nov. 8, which resulted in the loss of ten lives, including that of his son William, Robert Morrison ended his life yesterday at his home, 49 Strong Place, Brooklyn, by inhaling gas. It had been alleged that Morrison had failed to provide proper fire protection in the shop which proved to be a death trap for some of the workers there. The Grand Jury had taken up the matter, and Coroner Brewer was preparing to make a rigid inquiry to fix the responsibility for the accident.

Morrison heard that these investigations were afoot when he left the hospital a few days ago. Grieving for the death of his son and brooding over the loss of the lives of his employes, he apparently dreaded the investigation.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning Morrison arose from his bed and went to the bathroom. His wife, who had been sitting by his bedside worrying about his state of mind, followed him, after a short time, and found the bathroom door locked. Knocking, she received no response. Detecting the odor of gas, the wife called her son, Robert. The young man forced the door and found his father lying on the floor. The gas was turned on full at the stop-cock. Ambulance Surgeon Campbell of the Long Island College Hospital, who was called, found that Mr. Morrison was dead.

Robert said that his father's heart had been weakened by the dreadful experience he had gone through, and he was of the opinion that Mr. Morrison had collapsed after turning on the gas and before he could light it. The report of the affair at the Butler Street Police Station, however, was to the effect that Morrison had committed suicide.

The inquest into the deaths of the ten persons who died as a result of the fire in Morrison's factory, at 150 Columbia Street, has been set for Friday night. Mr. Morrison was to have been the chief witness before the Coroner's jury. Coroner Brewer planned to show that some one was negligent in failing to provide proper fire protection. It is said that despite the fact that the building was not equipped with fire-escapes and that the windows on the second floor were fitted with iron bars, cutting off the escape of the workers, Inspectors from the city departments had failed to report the building as unsafe.

Coroner Brewer says he intends to have officials of the departments concerned before him at the inquest. Morrison told the Coroner that he had never been ordered to remove the iron bars, which were meant as a protection against burglars, or to provide fire-escapes.

Morrison's son, William, lost his life while trying to save others at the fire. Morrison himself was painfully injured at the same time, and the news of the death of his son was kept from him while he was in the hospital.

Coroner Brewer said yesterday that the death of Mr. Morrison had not changed the plans for the inquest. The Italian Consul has informed the Coroner that several of the victims of the fire were Italian subjects, and that he would probably attend the inquest. A representative of the United States District Attorney's office, for that reason, will also be present.

Mr. Morrison was 51 years old. About five months ago he lost his twelve-year-old daughter through illness. He is survived by his wife and his son, Robert.

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BETWEEN 47TH AND 48TH STREETS.
Dealers in High Class
Paintings

ALARM FELT HERE FOR ASTOR YACHT

No Word Received from the Nourmahal, Cruising in the West Indies.

MAY HAVE MET HURRICANE

Yacht on Which Col. Astor and His Son Vincent Sailed One of the Largest in N. Y. Yacht Club.

The fact that Col. John Jacob Astor's steam yacht, the Nourmahal, on which Col. Astor is cruising in southern waters, had not been reported for some time, occasioned some alarm in marine circles yesterday. The Nourmahal is supposed to be in West Indian waters. As she is a craft built for long cruises, friends of Col. Astor said there was no occasion for anxiety. The Nourmahal, they pointed out, is one of the stanchest-built ocean-going yachts afloat. The great storm reported in the West Indies, which did such extensive damage in Jamaica and other Caribbean islands, was the cause of the apprehension for the Astor craft.

The Nourmahal is one of the largest steam yachts flying the pennant of the New York Yacht Club. She is 249 feet long, 30 feet beam, and 20 feet depth of hold. She registers 22 tons net and 769 tons gross. She is driven by modern engines of the most improved reciprocating type.

Col. Astor sailed, with his 17-year-old son Vincent, from this city on Oct. 13 last, just two days before the return from Europe of Mrs. Astor and three days before the divorce proceedings between them were begun. The Nourmahal when she sailed from New York, it was said yesterday, was equipped for a long cruise, possibly extending far into South Atlantic waters.

One of the steamers caught in the storm that caused the fear for the safety of the Nourmahal arrived here yesterday. That vessel was the fruit steamer Coppename, from Barbados, Demerara, and Paramaribo. Capt. Hassnoot, the skipper of the Coppename, speaking of the storm, said that the Coppename left Trinidad on Nov. 8, and ran into the storm.

"Never in my experience did I encounter such peculiar weather among the islands," the Captain said. "There was a heavy swell, which showed some great disturbance of nature not far away. For several days we had hurricane squalls and terrific rains, but later the conditions changed. After passing Hatteras we experienced very pleasant weather, although at the outset the rain and squalls made it very disagreeable for the few passengers. The squalls and swell must have been the fag end of the Jamaican hurricane."

Table Decorations
Silver Candlesticks and Candelabra

All Sizes and Prices
Candlesticks range in size from 6 to 12 inches; prices from $2.50 to $7.50. Candelabra 3 and 5 light.

The Meriden Store shows a wide variety of styles, including plain colonial shapes; engraved, etched and chased designs, some heavily embossed.
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Combination fern dish and candelabra for use with candles or electricity. Three or four lights.
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INCLUDE AN EXCEPTIONALLY WIDE RANGE OF LACE TRIMMED DOYLIES, CENTREPIECES, AFTERNOON TEA CLOTHS AND SCARFS, AS WELL AS THE MORE PRACTICAL HOUSEHOLD LINENS.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BLANKETS IN SUITABLE WEIGHTS AND SIZES

SPECIAL SALES PREPARED FOR THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY) WILL COMPRISE:

LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS EACH, $1.75, 2.25, 2.90 & 3.50
DINNER NAPKINS TO MATCH PER DOZ., $2.65, 3.00 & 4.90
HEMSTITCHED LINEN SHEETS PER PAIR, $3.40, 4.50 & 5.50
HEMSTITCHED LINEN PILLOW CASES, PER PAIR, 90c, $1.10 & 1.35
HEMMED LINEN HUCK TOWELS PER DOZ., $2.20, 2.75 & 4.00
CALIFORNIA BLANKETS PER PAIR, $4.50, 5.50, 7.00 & 8.50
CROCHET BEDSPREADS . . EACH, 95c & $1.15
SATIN FINISH BEDSPREADS . . . EACH, $2.50
FIGURED CRÊPE COMFORTABLES . . EACH, $3.25

MUSLIN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

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PATENT LEATHER BOOTS WITH BLACK KID, BUCKSKIN OR CLOTH TOPS, FOR DRESS AND PRACTICAL WEAR.
EMBROIDERED EVENING SLIPPERS OF SATIN, SUÈDE AND KIDSKIN.
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Sanatogen combines perfectly the two vital needs of a worn-down system. One is Albumen, the nutritive part of pure milk, and the other Sodium Glycero-phosphate, the important element of the brain and nervous system. Together they form the wonderful body and brain builder, Sanatogen, that has been prescribed for years by physicians the world over.

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Presenting Booklet T, illustrating Oriental objects of art, jewelry and chinaware, suitable for Wedding and Holiday Gifts.

MARKED FOR DEATH BY CHINESE TONGS

On Leongs and Hip Sings Secretly Preparing to Renew Hostilities Here.

POLICE FAIL TO MAKE PEACE

Tom Lee's Men Refuse to be a Party to It—Chu King Yung a Prisoner in His Home.

Preparations for a renewal of the war among the Tongs in Chinatown went on quietly yesterday, while Capt. Michael Galvin and the police of the Elizabeth Street Station as diligently tried to establish another peace treaty similar to that effected by Judge Warren W. Foster in 1906, which for a time ended bloodshed in the restless foreign Mott Street community. All signs, however, pointed yesterday to an early breaking out of hostilities.

Capt. Galvin is of opinion that there will be no shooting until the Bow Gum case and the case of the shooting of the two On Leong Tong men on Nov. 5, both of which come up in court this week, have been settled. Bow Gum is the Chinese slave girl who was murdered, it is alleged, by members of the Hip Sing Tong and for which two Chinamen were arrested. According to Capt. Galvin, the possibilities of peace or war depend in a large measure upon the outcome of this case. If the men are acquitted, war, the police believe, is inevitable. The On Leong Tong, it is fully expected, will then adjust matters in its own murderous fashion.

The feeling for vengeance, which is said to animate the members of the On Leong Tong has been intensified by the fact that the Grand Jury recently refused to indict the two Hip Sing Tongers who were arrested for attempting to assassinate Jim Gum, Tom Lee's right-hand man and one of the leaders of the On Leong Tong, in front of Tom Lee's restaurant at 14 Mott Street in September.

Chu King Yung a Marked Man.

It was common gossip in Mott Street yesterday that one of the first victims of On Leong Tong vengeance will be Chu King Yung of the Four Brothers' Society. Chu is a tea merchant, said to be wealthy, with a store at 20½ Pell Street. Jim Gum says he is only a common gambler and works in the store there. At the store every one professed the profoundest ignorance of Chu.

Chu lives in an apartment on the third floor of a new tenement building at 53 Bayard Street. Chu was married in China and has two children, a boy and a girl. When his wife died he came to New York and left the children behind. When they grew up, he went to China and brought them over. Yow Toy was a pretty girl and Ju Shir, who keeps a store in Main Street, Belmar, N. J., fell in love with her. They were married on Oct. 8 at Ocean Grove. Meantime Chu King Yung wed Fung Lin, a former sweetheart of a Chinatown gambler and bad man named Ung Fook, a member of the On Leong Tong. When Fung Lin disappeared one day, Ung Fook was wroth. Rumor said Chu King Yung had kidnapped her and taken her to China.

Ung Fook went to China, but not finding the couple there, tried to return to America. He did not have the requisite papers, however, and is now up in Vancouver, B. C., writing letters to members of the On Leong Tong here imploring them to do something about Chu King Yung. This is said to be the reason why Chu King Yung, who is living with Fung Lin at 53 Bayard Street, is unwilling to leave his apartments in these days and is having his food carried up to him.

Two Women Chosen to Die.

Chu King Yung's pretty daughter, Yow Toy, and his wife, Fung Lin, have also been marked as On Leong Tong victims, so it is said in Chinatown. One other victim mentioned is Chu You, Treasurer of the Four Brothers' Society and a close friend of Chu King Yung.

Chu King Yung's wife talked with a TIMES reporter yesterday, Mrs. Annie Wing, an American wife of a Chinaman, who is the janitress of the apartment, acting as interpreter.

"My husband is not afraid to go out," said Fung Lin. "He is staying in the house because he wants to. He is a fine man, and not a gambler at all. I do not see why any one wants to kill me. I never did any person any harm, and neither did my husband."

Chu King Yung has turned the mangament of his store over to Sam Lock, a member of the Four Brothers' Society, who came here recently from San Francisco. Yesterday Chu sent Sam Lock to see Capt. Galvin, to try to arrange an armistice between the warring Tongs. Sam told the Captain that he would like him to act as peacemaker, and suggested that old Tom Lee, head of the On Leong Tong, be sent for. Capt. Galvin sent for Tom, but the wily old Mayor of Mott Street refused to swallow the bait. The On Leong Tong members laughed at the efforts of their rival Tong and the police to propitiate them. Jim Gum, Tom Lee's right-hand man, smiled grimly yesterday at Sam Lock's overtures of peace.

Jim Gum's Side of It.

"We do not want trouble," said Gum, "and we are not going to do any shooting. Chu King Yung is a cheap gambler, and he is trying to use Capt. Galvin for his own purposes. All the shooting that has been done here recently has been done by the Hip Sing Tong. In every case an On Leong Tong man has been the victim.

"The Four Brothers' Society sent two men here from San Francisco to cut up Bow Gum. They did it, and now we will see what the police are going to do about it. Then they sent Jan Kee and Lew Bung to kill me. On Sept. 12 they tried to shoot me on my own doorstep. The shot went wild, however, and Lew was arrested, only to be turned loose by the Grand Jury. Sam Lock brought the two highbinders here from 'Frisco who shot two of our men on Nov. 5. We are watching what is going to happen in that case, also.

"Lock is a member of the On Yick Society, a highbinder organization of San Francisco, which only two weeks ago killed two men in a fight there. He has come here now to stir up trouble. But we are not making any threats, and if any trouble starts here the On Leong Tong won't start it."

National Grange Insurgents Beaten.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 16.—The present officials in the ranks of the National Grange won a complete victory over the "insurgents" to-day at the annual election of officers. N. J. Bachelder of Concord, N. H., was elected master.

Send for copy of "Pocket Estey"

Think Right about Christmas

A piano is a great gift if it is a great piano, but the price need not be great.
Think right about an Estey
7 West 29th Street, New York

SHIPP WILL RUN AGAIN.

Sheriff Will Start Campaign for Reelection After Release from Jail.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Rather than ask for clemency from the Government that has fixed upon him the stigma of failure to perform his duty as Sheriff, Joseph F. Shipp probably will choose to go back to the people of Hamilton County, Tenn., after his term in jail for contempt of the Supreme Court of the United States has been served and test their confidence in him by asking them to reelect him to his old office. His sentence of ninety days in jail for failing to prevent the lynching of Ed Johnson, the negro, whose legal execution for criminal assault had been stayed for review by the Supreme Court, will expire just in time to allow Capt. Shipp to begin a campaign for Sheriff.

$1,000 FINE FOR KILLING BOY.

Chauffeur Will Go Free If He Pays Money to Dead Lad's Father.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 16.—William Krulwich, the chauffeur who ran down and killed little Albert D. Pries last July appeared in Criminal Term of the Supreme Court to-day and changed his plea of not guilty to guilty to the indictment charging him with manslaughter in the second degree.

Justice Marcus placed him on probation for ten days upon the understanding that he will within that time pay the boy's father $1,000. Krulwich, who lives in Baltimore, promised to pay the money.

I. J. DUNN DISBARRED.

Omaha Lawyer Who Nominated Bryan Found Guilty of Contempt.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 16.—I. J. Dunn, Assistant City Attorney of Omaha, who nominated W. J. Bryan for President at the Democratic National Convention of 1908, was adjudged guilty of contempt by the Nebraska Supreme Court to-day.

He was indefinitely disbarred from practicing in that court because of language used by him in a brief in a city case recently, in which he criticised a decision by Justice Rose.

VOTE DOWN POLICE BILL.

Aldermen Block Baker from Spending $75,000 Without Contracts.

The Aldermen, after another lively squabble yesterday over the request of Police Commissioner Baker to spend the $75,000 appropriated for the furnishing of the new Police Headquarters without public letting, again voted it down. Alderman Colgan of Brooklyn was the leader of the opposition. He had a warm dispute with Alderman Doull, presiding, protesting that the Police Commissioner had no right to "lobby" for his measure on the floor of the Chamber.

Colgan is one of the old, stanch McCarren men, and he and Doull have always worked together, particularly in the Building Code fight. The unpleasantness accordingly attracted some attention.

The Mayor is deeply interested in Commissioner Baker's request, and declared later in the day when the Aldermen's action was made known to him, "We will move into the Headquarters anyway, even if Commissioner Baker has to sit on the floor."

The Aldermen were in a contrary mood yesterday, voting down almost every proposal that was brought up. Among the measures defeated was the request of the Board of Education for $50,000 to carry on its evening school work.

MAIMED HER BULLDOG.

Mrs. R. P. Carter Offers $100 Reward for Conviction of an Auto Party.

Mrs. Anna Alice Carter of 50 West 112th Street, wife of Robert Peyton Carter, an actor, is advertising $100 reward for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who maimed her French bulldog, Little Jimmie, last Saturday night.

Mrs. Carter's front parlor has been converted into a temporary dog infirmary, and there last night on a luxurious but painful bed lay Little Jimmie, his mistress attending him. She said that if she were rich she would offer much more than $100.

A maid took the dog out for a walk last Saturday night. At 8:30 o'clock she stood at Lexington Avenue and 112th Street, waiting for a big south-bound automobile to go by. It was full of hilarious men and women, supposedly returning from the Yale-Princeton football game.

When it came near the dog and his attendant it swerved toward the sidewalk and a man leaned out and struck the dog with a heavy stick with a ball on its end. Then the machine went on, the occupants laughing loudly at what they considered their joke.

A veterinary found that two bones in the dog's hind leg were broken, the front joint dislocated, and he was hurt internally. There is small chance of his recovery.

COL. DE LANCEY KANE ILL.

Constantly Attended for a Nervous Disease at His Country Estate.

Col. De Lancey Astor Kane of New York, a relative of the Astors, is seriously ill with a nervous disease at his country estate on Davenport's Neck at New Rochelle on the Sound. His brother-in-law, William E. Iselin, said last night that Mr. Kane's condition is improving, and that he is in no immediate danger. He is in care of a nurse and a New York nerve specialist is treating him.

Mr. Kane was taken from Newport last Summer to a sanitarium at Pomfret, Conn., and when he grew worse he was removed to New Rochelle so that New York specialists could attend him frequently.

Col. Kane is known as the father of coaching in America, and for many years was President of the New York Coaching Club. He married the elder daughter of the late Adrian Iselin, who inherited part of her father's millions. Col. Kane is one of the descendants of Bishop Kane, who was one of the first Episcopal Bishops of the United States. A few years ago he joined the Catholic Church.

GOMER DIES IN POORHOUSE.

Ex-New Jersey Assemblyman Deserted His Wife Twenty Years Ago.

C. A. Gomer, who, twenty years ago, after an honorable record of two terms in the New Jersey State Legislature, suddenly deserted his wife in Newark, N. J., for another woman, died yesterday, blind and without a penny, in the Rowan County Home, near Charlotte, N. C.

He was born in Bergen County in 1839, and, going to Newark when a boy, became a wire foreman for Seymour & Whitelock, where he made some reputation as an inventor. Twice he was elected to the General Assembly of New Jersey, from the old Fifth Ward of Newark In 1889, when a well-known man, he, without a word to his wife, went away. She obtained work as a hat trimmer, and in that way supported herself.

COUNTERFEITERS HELD.

Nine of the 14 Italians Captured by Secret Service Men in the Tombs.

Nine of the fourteen Italians arrested on Monday by Secret Service agents under Capt. Flynn as members of a counterfeiting gang were held by United States Commissioner Shields yesterday for examination next Tuesday. The other five were discharged on the ground of lack of evidence. This gang is believed to have been importing counterfeit two and five dollar bills from Italy for a year or more.

Giuseppe Morollo, who is supposed to be a Black Hand leader and was arrested on suspicion in connection with the "barrel murder" several years ago, was held in $10,000 bail by the Commissioner. Antonio Cecola and Giuseppi Monte were held in $7,500 bail each, and Leolucca Vassi, Pasquale Vassi, Domenico Milone, Giuseppi Amato, Nicola Terranore, and Lucino Maddi in $5,000 each. All were committed to the Tombs.

TROOPS FOR TOWN OF BURIED MINERS

Sheriff Fears a Demonstration When 300 or More Bodies Are Brought Out.

MEN'S COMRADES ANGRY

Said to Believe Rescue Work Was Neglected—Manager Says All Must Have Been Overcome by "White Damp."

CHERRY, Ill., Nov. 16.—Sheriff Skeglund telegraphed to Gov. Deneen, in Springfield, to-day, asking for several companies of militia to prevent any untoward demonstration at the St. Paul coal mine when the bodies of the 300 men entombed by last Saturday's disaster are brought to the surface. So far, there has been no violence. When the entombed men, or, more likely, their bodies, will be brought to the surface is doubtful. None of the officers believes that any of the 300 men are alive.

Despite Sheriff Skeglund's assurances that no apprehension prompted the call for troops, many rumors were circulated. One was that a crowd of men from points outside of Cherry had determined to take the situation into their own hands and carry out the rescue work themselves. Another said a plot had been formed to blow up a number of private cars on the switches here. One of these is the private car of President Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, who remains night and day on the ground.

Two companies of militia are now on their way here.

Fire in the mine to-day was even more intense than it was when the men were entrapped three days ago, and no efforts could be made to enter the shaft. Fire Chief Horan of Chicago arrived to-day with assistance and a supply of hose and chemical fire extinguishers. The seal over the mouth of the shaft was perforated, and it was intended to force water and chemicals down through pipes. A thermometer plunged into the sand scattered on top of the seal showed a temperature of 110 degrees, indicating that the heat in the interior of the mine was intense.

The only progress made to-day was in organizing relief work for the many destitute remnants of families. In making the rounds of the miners' homes, Duncan McDonald, President of District No. 12, United Mine Workers, discovered that eighty-six of the homes visited were, with the exception of small children, without males.

Funerals of eight of the miners who were killed Saturday were held to-day. Two of these died while engaged in rescue work. Several of the miners on duty at the shaft left their work to follow the processions to the cemetery, and then hurriedly returned to help at the mine.

The opinion was expressed to-night by Mine Manager Taylor that the men in the mine were dead soon after the fire started on Saturday. Taylor has repeatedly risked his life to get into the mine, and yesterday he was all but lost when he wandered 200 feet from the main shaft and returned just in time to see the rekindled flames eating their way toward the elevator cage, which was his only means of escape.

"The men in the mine cannot be alive," said Taylor to-night. "Under any process of scientific reasoning there can exist no ground for hope that a single soul could have been found alive an hour after the first fire. To make these poor people think that when the mine is opened their loved ones will be found in some remote portion of the mine is cruel.

"It is a mistaken idea that the entombed miners could have hastened far out in the galleries of the mine, and there found oxygen enough to keep them alive. The tests in the mine showed that on the day of the fire the air current in the mine had a velocity of 600 feet a minute. The longest gallery in the mine is three-quarters of a mile, and the draught could penetrate that distance in less than seven minutes. The fire in the mine was intense, and the smoke and the poisonous gases, known to miners as white damp, were whirled to every corner of the mine. No living thing could escape it. To argue that pockets might be found into which the gas did not penetrate is folly.

"The entombed men all breathed this gas. They could not escape it. Caught in a dungeon, whose only exit was full of flames, they went to sleep just about as a person would taking ether. It is not a painful death. I have been twice overcome by the gas, but was rescued in time, and recovered."

President Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway spent the entire day at the mine. In the morning an iron pipe was laid from the reservoir to the entrance of the shaft, and from it a long lead of hose was dropped into the shaft. Two hundred thousand gallons of water had been brought in the tank cars to Cherry and placed on side tracks near the shaft. A steam fire engine forced the water from the tanks through the pipe and hose line to the bottom of the shaft. But the water had no outwardly visible effect on the fire.

"Shoes, underclothing, and quantities of women's and children's garments are urgently needed for the families of the victims. Also money is necessary to take care of these poor people in the coming Winter," declared E. P. Bicknell of Washington, D. C., Director of the National Red Cross Society to-day after a conference with the charity workers gathered here.

"Food Is Fuel—

Some foods make Slag and Clinker and Clog Life's Drafts—
Others Make Heat and Power"
—*Hubbard.*

Grape-Nuts

Is in the Power Class.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

Cannot Burn
Cannot Explode

You wouldn't dare do this with Benzine, Naphtha or Gasoline

Less Rubbing and No Risk

The ease with which Carbona cleans makes it specially desirable for use on fine laces and light fluffy material where hard rubbing would be ruinous. Unlike dangerous benzine, naphtha or gasoline, Carbona cannot burn or explode—it's wise as well as safe to use Carbona.

"For Safety Sake"—Demand

CARBONA

Removes Grease Spots.

Better than dangerous benzine, naphtha or gasoline for cleaning purposes
15c, 25c, 50c, $1, at Drug and Dept. Stores

CHEER FOR THE GUBBELMANS.

Husband Likely to Get Well—Fund Raised for Young Wife.

There was a smile on the fact of the twenty-year old wife of Charles Gubbelman, who tried to commit suicide last Monday because he could not bear to see his wife and two little children starving. She had just returned to her home, which consists of two small rooms in the rear of 219 East Eighty-second Street, from Bellevue Hospital, where the doctors had cheered her by holding out hope that her husband was likely to live. Well-wishers had also come to her assistance, the following amounts being received by THE NEW YORK TIMES: L. K. G., $4; M. H. G., check for $2; Mrs. W. W. C., $1, and Philshar, $5.

Coming so soon after the good news from the hospital, the receipt of this fund, which meant a great deal to her and her little family, almost chased away the dark circles under her eyes. It will be a long time before the husband, who is but 26 years old, will be able to leave the hospital, for he shot himself near the heart.

"My husband could not bear to face the landlady, who lives in the house," said Mrs. Gubbelman. "We owed four weeks' rent, $12, but a lady came here last night and paid it up to Saturday night."

Two tiny United States flags adorned the darkened room.

"Yes," said Mrs. Gubbelman, "those are some of the Hudson-Fulton souvenirs. You see, when my husband could not get work he tried to do anything, and on the big celebration day he sold flags and medals and made $4.50. That paid the rent for one week and gave us something to eat."

MRS. LAUTERBACH WITHDRAWS

No Longer Opposes Husband's Desire to Sue for Damages for Son's Death.

Mrs. Amanda Lauterbach withdrew her opposition yesterday in the Surrogates' Court to the motion made last week by her husband, Edward Lauterbach, the lawyer that he be appointed administrator of the estate of their son, Alfred Lauterbach, who was killed in an automobile accident on a bridge over the New Haven Railroad in Westchester, in order to institute a suit for damages. Surrogate Thomas reserved his decision after hearing the argument last Friday.

The affidavit filed by Mrs. Lauterbach yesterday states that when the matter of a suit was talked over the idea that a pecuniary benefit might result from such an action was abhorrent to her. Finally, she says, after many conferences she decided that she would begin suit providing the proceeds, of any, should be given to charity as a memorial to her son, but she says Mr. Lauterbach refused to agree to this.

Having given the matter still more careful consideration Mrs. Lauterbach says she is persuaded that the prosecution of the suit would be distressing to her, basing the withdrawal of her opposition on this ground.

"Linen Shower" for Friendless Home.

On Saturday afternoon, Nov. 20, from 3 until 6 o'clock, there will be a reception and "linen shower" at the Home for the Friendless, 936 Woody Crest Avenue and 161st Street. This reception will take the place of the annual Thanksgiving entertainment, and the 200 children of the home, instead of speaking and singing in the chapel, will receive visitors in their own playrooms and dormitories and entertain them there. The purpose of the "shower" is to provide the home with needed table linen and bedding for the coming year. Three sizes of table linen and bedding will be useful in the home: Tablecloths, 5 by 1¾ yards, 2½ by 1¾ yards, table napkins, sheets, pillow cases, bedspreads, and crash toweling.

Alvin Silver

A beautiful piece of glass or china with silver deposit is an exquisite combination—a satisfying gift. See our new exhibit of Silver Deposit Ware, embracing many designs in cordial and liqueur sets, tea and chocolate sets, graceful vases, quaint cups and pitchers—superb pieces, both elaborate and simple, to suit any purse.
ALVIN QUALITY IS ALWAYS GUARANTEED.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
also 52 Maiden Lane

44th WEEKLY
PIANO SALE

To-day we offer prospective piano purchasers
Nine New Upright Pianos
IN MAHOGANY CASE
at only **$190**

Fully Guaranteed
Cash, or $5 Down and $5 Monthly
These pianos are selling elsewhere at $300.

We also offer SEVERAL SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS (taken in exchange for New Knabe's and placed in perfect condition by our experts) AT VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Four New PLAYER-PIANOS
of Prominent Make
Selling **Elsewhere** at $750 at only **$390**
Terms to Suit Your Convenience

WM. KNABE & CO.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street

Stern Brothers

Dressmaking Dep't
THE REMAINDER OF THEIR
IMPORTED MODEL GOWNS
SUITABLE FOR STREET, DINNER AND EVENING WEAR, ARE NOW BEING OFFERED
At Decided Reductions from Former Prices

FOR MOURNING
Smart Designs for Gowns Made to Order
ALSO A VERY SELECT LINE OF
Ready to Wear Gowns, Tailor Suits & Millinery

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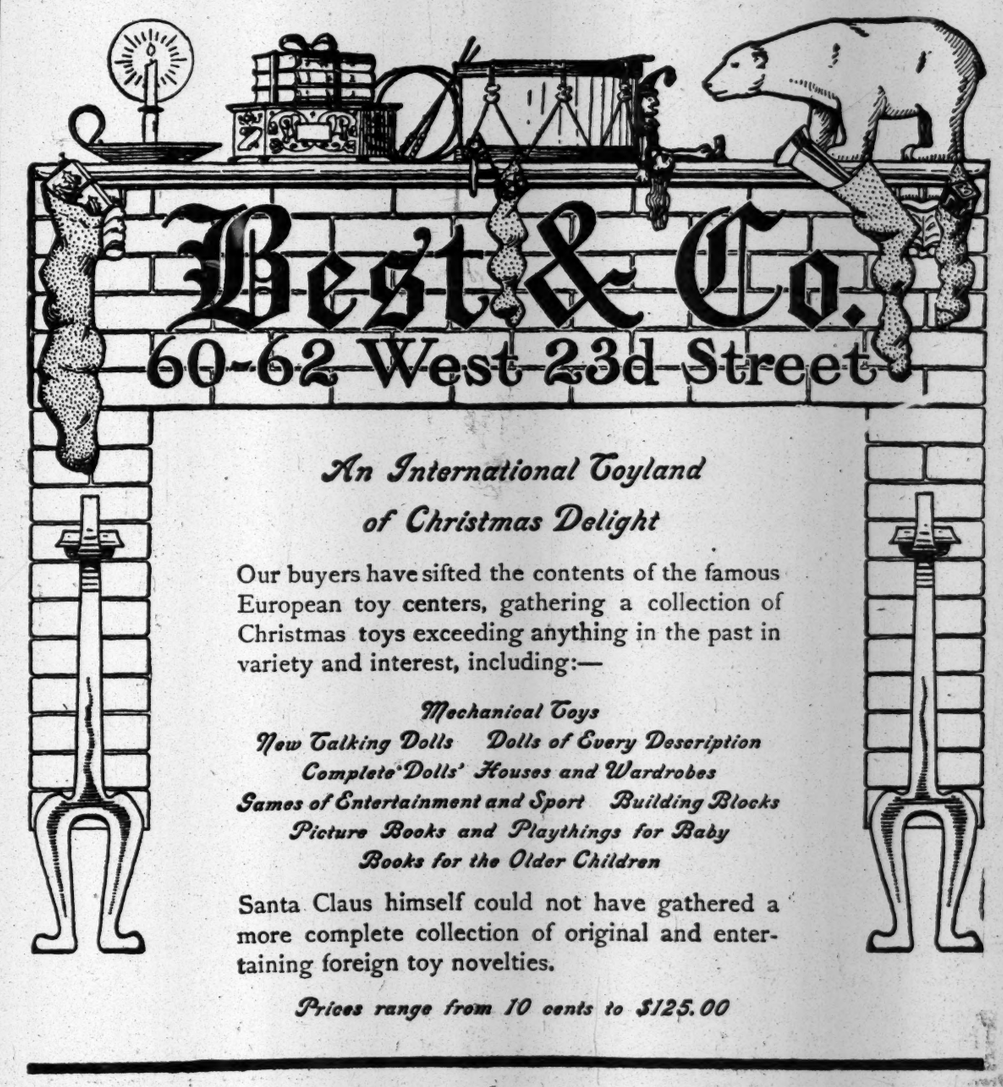

Best & Co.
60-62 West 23d Street

An International Toyland of Christmas Delight

Our buyers have sifted the contents of the famous European toy centers, gathering a collection of Christmas toys exceeding anything in the past in variety and interest, including:—

Mechanical Toys
New Talking Dolls Dolls of Every Description
Complete Dolls' Houses and Wardrobes
Games of Entertainment and Sport Building Blocks
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Books for the Older Children

Santa Claus himself could not have gathered a more complete collection of original and entertaining foreign toy novelties.

Prices range from 10 cents to $125.00

RABBIS' CONFERENCE SPLIT ON MARRIAGE

Stormy Session Winds Up with the Adoption of a Mild Resolution Against Mixed Unions.

WOULD UNDERMINE FAITH

Getting Toward Unitarian Doctrines, One Rabbi Says, "and Then What Will Become of $10,000 Salaries?"

In the closing hour of the Twentieth Central Conference of American Rabbis at the Educational Alliance yesterday afternoon, the discussion of the subject of intermarriage between Jew and Gentile, which had been stifled earlier in the sessions, was forced to the front, and a resolution carried expressing the sense of the conference that such intermarriage is contrary to the traditions of the Jewish religion and should be discouraged by the American rabbis. The resolution was carried through only after a most heated debate. In the coures thereof it was contended by opposing rabbis that, while mixed marriage might be undesirable, the resolution meant the establishment of a synod in the Jewish religion, with powers of excommunication and ban ;that the conference had been guilty of cowardice and evasion rfom first to last, in every important matter that had come before it; and finally, that it was attempting to "dance on two stands," admitting the trustworthiness of the Talmud when it suited their purposes and denying it when it when it did not. Mixed marriage, it was declared by one, would make Judaism disappear in four generations. The oldest rabbi in the conference asked why the rabbis in their denial of Jewish authority, did not all go over to Unitarianism, where, he said, there would be no further need of rabbis and their $10,000 salaries.

The Synagogue and Workingmen.

Another controversy arose in the earlier hours of the session, when the relation of the synagogue to the workingman was discussed. In the course of this the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue, characterized the entire session of the conference as "a symposium of platitudinous pomposity," and declared that the synagogue had shrunk from its duty and refused to look upon the workingman's real religious needs. For this reason, he said, it was indirectly to blame for the conditions which made possible the recent accusations regarding the white slave traffic.

Rabbi Solomon Foster of Newark in his report upon the relation of the synagogue to the workingman, had declared that while it was necessary to extend religious work to the laboring classes—especially in view of recent disclosures of east side conditions—the synagogue could take no stand with either labor or capital in the controversy between them. Rabbis, he said, are not specially trained to lead in economic and social problems. He recommended the throwing open of vestry rooms to workingmen instead of free synagogues, which, he said, were ultimately impossible, "despite the emotional gush of some muckrakers in our own midst, who have been doing us injury by asserting that our rabbis are not free, but muzzled by their Boards of Directors."

Dr. Wise took exception to the words of Rabbi Foster, and demanded the courtesy of the floor for twenty, instead of the usual three, minutes, threatening otherwise to speak his mind in "places where it would be heard."

"I do not desire to disturb the pleasure of this conference," he said, "in the symposium of platitudinous pomposity we have heard all morning. But I wish to give my viewpoint, and not the pewpoint, of this problem. I challenge the writer of this report to have gone beyond his province in alluding to criminality and the white slave traffic under the subject of workingmen. It is not the workingmen who are guilty of this, but it is their daughters who have become the victims of the white slave traffic, because the synagogue is not true to its duty to the workingman."

Dr. Wise declared that the synagogue, unlike the church, had shirked going out to meet and help the workingman, and that the workingman was too poor to join the synagogue. He urged the necessity of the open-door policy in the synagogue, freedom of the pulpit, and earnestness in religious work.

Dr. Foster remonstrated that his words had been misrepresented by "sweeping and sensational statements," but before he could further express himself, President Philipson cut him short, recognizing Rabbi Moses J. Gries, Chairman of the Committee on Nominations.

The committee brought in these nominations: Honorary President—Rabbi Kaufman Kohler of Concinnati; President—Rabbi Max Heller of New Orleans; Vice President—Rabbi Samuel Schulman of New York; Treasurer—Rabbi Moses J. Gries of Cleveland; Recording Secretary—Julian Morgenstern of Cincinnati; Corresponding Secretary—Rabbi David Marx of Atlanta. For the new Executive Committee—Rabbis Israel Aaron of Buffalo, Henry Berkowitz of Philadelphia, Henry Coehen of Galveston, William Friedman of Denver, Maurice J. Harris of New York, Emil G. Hirsch of Chicago, Charles Levi of Peoria, David Philipson of Cincinnati, William Rosenau of Baltimore, Isaac Rypins of Minneapolis, and Joseph Stolz of Chicago. All the nominees were unanimously elected. It was voted to notify and congratulate President-elect Heller, who was unable on account of illness to attend the present conference.

The real excitement of the day, however, was furnished when the Committee on Resolutions reported, among other resolutions, with slight alteration, the one forced into the conference by the Rev. Dr. Schulman of Temple Beth-El, after the discussion of the intermarriage question had been cut short and tabled on Thursday. It read:

Resolved, That the Central Conference of American Rabbis declares mixed marriages between Jews and non-Jews contrary to the traditions of the Jewish religion and that they should be discouraged by the American rabbinate.

Rabbi Schulman immediately moved the adoption of the resolution.

There was loud cries of "No! No!" from various parts of the hall.

"I hope you will not shut off the dission, but meet it," earnestly suggested President Philipson from the chair.

Rabbi Hirschberg of Milwaukee, seconded by Rabbi Hyman Mayer of Kansas City, at once moved to table the resolution. His motion was lost.

Three minutes were then allotted to each speaker in the discussion, and the long-sought expression of opinion, for which one rabbio said he had traveled nearly 3,000 miles, began. It was stormy from start to finish, and the President's gavel and voice were taxed throughout.

"If this resolution is passed," said Rabbi Moses of this city, "we have come to the beginning of a ynod and a spiritual tyranny. Each rabbi should have sufficient experience and knowledge of his religion to know when to allow and when to prohibit such a marriage. I warn you, brethren, not to tie your hands. Let no synod ever dictate what must be done under penalty of excommunication or ban."

"All Jewish tradition forbids such marriage," replied President Kohler. "I insist that we now recognize that fact and discuss the question. Only a few days ago a very prominent layman of this city declared to me that this conference would lay itself liable to the charge of gross cowardice unless it took a stand in this matter."

Rabbi Jacob Kaplan of Selma, Ala., supporting Dr. Kohler, declared:

"The policy of this conference can be summed up in one word: Evasion. We have been trying to evade every important problem that has come up before us—not only this year, but last year, and all years! But I cannot evade, when my people at home ask me in perplexity for authoritative advice. I want to know not only what I think, but what this conference thinks!"

Rabbi Elkin of New Haven, the oldest rabbi of the conference, obtained recognition.

"Why do you dance on two stands?" he cried. "You use the Talmud when it suits you, and reject it when it does not. The question is not whether we dare discard the Talmudic law, but whether we dare discard the Mosaic law."

There were loud shouts of "Yes! Yes!"

"If so," said Rabbi Elkin, "I declare, for once and all, let us go over to Unitarianism. And then we won't need rabbis at all; and what will become of your $8,000 and $10,000 salaries?"

Rabbi Gries of Cleveland proposed an amendment at this point, to the effect that mixed marriages be declared contrary to historical Jewish tradition, without mention as to what should be the rabbis' attitude or course. Such marriages, he said, were not prohibited by the Jewish religion. The resolution brought in by the committee, embodying that of Dr. Schulman, was then voted upon. Many of the rabbis most violently opposed to the discussion had meanwhile left the hall. The resolution was carried by a vote of 42 to 2.

Shortly afterward the sessions of the conference were brought to a quiet close with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Kohler.

In the morning the rabbis saw the children of the immigrant school of the Educational Alliance salute the American flag. It was explained that the object of those in charge of the school was to Americanize the children, and several of the pupils, who, it was said, had been in the country only three weeks, quoted Lincoln, Stevenson, and Emerson by heart.

The excursion of the rabbis to the east side, however, was not regarded with friendly eyes by many living there. It was resented as "slumming." Last night a mass meeting was held at Beth Hamedrash Hagodol, 54 Norfolk Street, under the auspices of the Hebrew League, "to protest against the malicious misrepresentation of Judaism by the so-called reformed rabbis in conference in this city." Addresses were made in English and in Yiddish and resolutions presented condemning and repudiating them as slanderers of historical and traditional Judaism.

New School for Jewish Orphans.

The First Austrian Talmud Torah, an educational institution, which gives free instruction to 700 orphaned Jewish children in its building, at 77 Sheriff Street, yesterday completed the purchase of 394 and 396 East Houston Street and 285 and 287 Second Street, upon which it is proposed to build a six-story modern fireproof school building, the plans of which are soon to be filed.

UNVEIL REVOLUTION TABLET.

D. A. R. Keep the 133d Anniversary of the Battle of Fort Washington.

A tablet commemorating the 133d anniversary of the Battle of Fort Washington was unveiled at 159th Street and Broadway yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Mary Van Buren Vanderpoel, Regent of Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Addresses were made by the Rev. Lawrence T. Cole, rector of Trinity School at Ninety-first Street and Amsterdam Avenue; Reginald Pelham Bolton, Dr. Charles F. Morehouse, oldest member of the Washington Continental Guard, and Col. Tyler and Major Pearl of the same organization.

The tablet, which was placed in the north wall of an apartment house at 159th Street and Broadway, bears this inscription:

This tablet marks the spot of the third line of defense, and commemorates the bravery of Gen. Robert McGaw and his 3,000 men at the battle of Fort Washington, Nov. 16, 1776. Erected by Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Nov. 16, 1909.

Among those present were Mrs. William Brookfield, Mrs. Oliver Livingston Jones, Mrs. Charles Russell Treat, Mrs. S. N. Blatchford, and Miss Lizzie Gibson.

SUE GOELET FOR $52,788.

Architect and Builder Seek to Recover Rent Advanced for a Garage.

Robert Goelet was the defendant yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Gerard in a suit brought against him by Ralph P. Taylor and Frank M. Andrews to recover $52,788 advanced on account for rent of a building at Broadway and Sixty-fourth Street.

The complaint states that Mr. Goelet made a contract with Taylor and Andrews to construct a building to be used as a garage on the northeast corner of Sixty-fourth Street and Broadway, the plaintiffs to lease it for twenty years at an annual rental of $42,000, plus 6 per cent. of the cost of construction. Mr. Andrews, who is an architect, designed the building, and the General Supply and Construction Company, of which Mr. Taylor was President, built it.

The plaintiffs say they paid in $52,788, when they rescinded the contract because Mr. Goelet took the construction out of their hands.

Mr. Goelet, in his answer, asserts that he was forced to do this because of delays in the building due to the General Construction Company.

WIFE SUES CARTER DE HAVEN.

Flora Parker Mentions an "Unknown Woman" in Divorce Complaint.

Supreme Court Justice Seabury on a motion of Flora Parker De Haven, the actress, yesterday granted an order to William Grossman, her lawyer, permitting him to frame issues in her suit for divorce from Carter De Haven, her actor husband.

It is understood that the suit is based on the raid recently made by De Haven on his wife's rooms at a Broadway Hotel, when the actor is understood to have beaten down the door with an axe and according to Grossman's complaint attacked him with the axe, inflicting a severe scalp wound and dislocating his right shoulder.

The De Havens have been married four years, and have been separated twice in that time. Mrs. De Haven is known on the stage as Flora Parker.

GUNNING FOR MORSE, SAYS ICE WITNESS

J. N. Briggs, Independent Dealer, Admits He Threatened to Shoot His Rival.

HIS RIVER HARVEST RUINED

It Was Smashed by Steamboats to Force Him, He Says, to Buy Ice from the Trust.

The passage up the Hudson in March, 1900, of two boats hired by the American Ice Company, and the indignation it aroused among the independents whose harvests were so devastated, furnished the chief interest in yesterday's session of the trial of the Ice Trust for violation of the Anti-Monopoly act. According to the testimony given Monday, the steamboat Norwich and the tug Mills jammed their way through the icefields, giving entrance to the water and sending great cracks zigzagging toward the shores.

"I object to all this testimony," said John B. Stanchfield for the defense yesterday. "The Hudson is a public waterway, and no one has so great a proprietary right in the icefields that he may shut out any member of the public who sees fit to enter them."

The objection was overruled by Justice Wheeler and Harold Every, an independent ice dealer on the Hudson, was called to the stand. He said that his own harvest had been rendered useless by the invasion of the American's boats, but that he had never sued the corporation nor filed any claim against it for the damage done.

The next witness was Robert S. Fyfe, foreman for Winne, the independent, who, according to Monday's testimony, simply sat down and wept when he saw what the boats had done to his crop.

"I saw them," said Fyfe. "When they went through Winne's district they advanced about 200 feet apart for perhaps 100 feet, and then they fell into line again."

The chief witness of the day was John N. Briggs, according to Prosecutor Osborne the most powerful of the independents on the Hudson. Mr. Briggs is white haired but erect. He testified that the havoc raised in the harvest which he had not yet gathered sent him down to New York to see Charles W. Morse.

"I asked him if those boats went up there in the interests of the American," said Mr. Briggs, "and he said that they did. I asked him if there was going to be any more of that sort of business, and he wanted to know what difference that made to me. He told me that there was ice enough cut on the Hudson, and that the American could give me all I wanted."

"Was there anything more said between you and Mr. Morse?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"There was, indeed," said Briggs, "but it would not look well in print."

On cross-examination the witness admitted feeling some bitterness toward the American and all conntected with it, and said that he had lost money in his speculations with Mr. Morse.

"And did you threaten to shoot him?" asked Mr. Stanchfield.

"I did," said the witness, grimly. "I looked for him with a gun for two weeks."

"Have you found President Oler a fair competitor?" asked Mr. Stanchfield with some haste.

"I can't say that I have," said Mr. Briggs.

The Spring of 1900, when the boats plowed through the ice, was a year of threatened shortage on the Hudson. The prosecution has already introduced as evidence letters written at that time by Vice President Schoonmaker, in which he expressed the hope that a warm spell would put an early end to the harvest. More letters of the same nature, dated 1903, were read yesterday by Deputy Attorney General Clark. He emphasized the following sentences:

One good warm day would put us out of business, and we are hoping that that day will come soon.

I do not like to see this cold weather hold on so.

Warm weather and plenty of it is what we want.

The prosecution hopes to rest its case this afternoon.

MORSE NOT IN ASSETS CO.

Contradiction by the Concern That Is Liquidating His Old Banks.

The Assets Realization Company, which is liquidating the affairs of the National Bank of North America, issued a statement yesterday in contradiction of the impression that it had been organized by Charles W. Morse. After citing its history since its organization in 1892, the statement says:

"Charles W. Morse has not now and never had a cent's worth of interest in the Assets Realization Company. We are simply liquidating the assets of the National Bank of North America and the New Amsterdam National Bank, the same as we have done with a hundred other banks."

CHANLER BOOMER BANKRUPT.

Engleman Gives $10,000 Claim as His Only Asset.

Eugene M. Engleman, a salesman living at Hadden Hall, Riverside Drive and 137th Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, placing his liabilities at $3,816 and his assets at $10,000, represented in a claim against Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, William Astor Chanler, Albert J. Adams, and the late William T. Manning, and growing out of Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler's boom last year as candidate for the Democratic nomination for Vice President.

Engleman asserts that he had an agreement with the above named men to establish what was later called the International News Service at 347 Fifth Avenue to assist in the publicity connected with Mr. Chanler's aspirations. That he expended $5,930, which, with his services, he contends, makes the $10,000. This claim is subject to a lien of Katz & Sommerich, attorneys.

TO CONTEST HASBROOK WILL.

Nephew Will Fight Aunt's Legacy to Her "Dear Friend."

Robert D. Hasbrook of Houston, Texas, filed notice in the Surrogates' Court here yesterday of his intention to contest the will of his aunt, Ann ElizabethHasbrook o f this city, daughter of the late Cortland V. B. Hasbrook, who died at Sea Girt, N. J., in August last.

She left all of her estate, including a lot in Greenwood Cemetery and her vault in the grounds of the First Presbyterian Church, to Lambert Suydam, a realty operator at 25 Pine Street, living at 10 West Thirty-ninth Street. Mr. Hasbrook alleges that she was of unsound mind when the document was executed, and contends it was obtained by undue influence exerted by Mr. Suydam, whom she called "my dear friend."

Two nieces, Margaret Elizabeth Bryant of Newport News and Ann Telfer Tooke of San Antonio, Texas, were also cut off in Mrs. Hasbrook's will.

CODE FIGHT GOES TO GAYNOR.

Mayor McClellan Says It Cannot Be Settled in His Term.

Mayor McClellan announced yesterday that it will probably be impossible for him to settle the old Building Code fight before he goes out of office on account of the refusal of the Aldermen to appropriate any money to cover the expenses of the fireproofing tests he ordered.

Immediately after the Mayor vetoed the proposed new code as adopted by the Aldermen, he instructed Nelson P. Lewis, Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate, to make tests of the various methods of fireproofing, about which the squabble over the code centred, $30,000 being asked to defray the expenses of this work.

The request has since reposed in the Aldermen's Finance Committee. Now it is learned that it will be impossible to make satisfactory tests after the arrival of cold weather, so the matter will undoubtedly be handed down to Mr. Gaynor.

PREFERS LONDON TO PRISON.

Untermyer Butler, Convicted of Theft, Must Leave the Country.

"I think I prefer London," said Thomas Trowbridge yesterday when a choice between that city and State prison was given to him. Trowbridge was formerly a butler in the service of Mrs. Samuel Untermyer of 675 Fifth Avenue. Last week he pleaded guilty to stealing a gold chain belonging to Mr. Untermyer worth $125.

"I give you a choice of going to London if you can raise the price of a steerage ticket or of spending five years in State's Prison," said Judge Swann, when Trowbridge went before him for sentence. "But remember that your reappearance in this country will be a signal for arrest. You are out only on suspended sentence."

MAYOR NAMES G. SCHWAB.

He Will Aid in Settling the Teachers' Equal Pay Question.

Gustav H. Schwab was appointed yesterday by Mayor McClellan to the commission to investigate the subject of equal pay for men and women school teachers. The original body was composed of Joseph H. Choate, President Brown of the New York Central, and Prof. John B. Clark of Columbia. The first two resigned recently. The third member will be appointed in a few days.

President McGowan of the Aldermen, who has been the leader among the city officials in upholding the contention of the women teachers, will ask the Board of Estimate on Friday to make an appropriation of $2,464,000 to be used by the Board of Education in taking the first steps toward equalizing the teachers' salaries.

It is doubtful that this appropriation will go through, it being understood that the Mayor and other members of the Board of Estimate are uncertain as to the possibility of rearranging the teachers' grades now that the budget for 1910 has been fixed.

Street Railway Accidents Decrease.

The Public Service Commission gave out its report yesterday on accidents on the railroads and street railroads in New York for the month of October. The report showed a total of 4,447 accidents for the month, as against 4,668 a year ago. Two thousand seven hundred and thirty persons were injured in October, 1909, as against 2,953 in October, 1908. There were 212 accidents reported as serious last month, of which twenty-five resulted in deaths. In October, 1908, there were 168 accidents classed as serious, and forty-seven deaths.

CALLS PLAN FOR COTTON CO. A FRAUD

Broker's Answer to Bliss-Ives Re-Reorganization Committee's Suit.

SCORES A POINT IN COURT

Declined to Pay His Subscription on the Ground That Stock Issue Exceeds Valuation of Property.

Cornelius N. Bliss, Gen. Brayton Ives, August D. Juilliard, Maxwell Woodhull, William O. Gay, J. Edward Simmons, William S. Updyke, and Edmund C. Converse have brought suit in the Supreme Court, as members of the Reorganization Committee of the American Cotton Company of 49 Wall Street, against Albert C. Case, a bond broker of 111 Broadway, to recover on a promissory note of $15,000 which they allege he refuses to pay.

According to the complaint of the committee, Case, on May 8, 1907, gave the note to the committee as part of his subscription of $20,000 to the underwriting syndicate, which was to purchase securities of the reorganized cotton company. Case paid the remaining $5,000 in cash, and the committee is now suing to recover the value of the promissory note.

Case, in his answer to the suit, declares that he supposed the underwriting agreement and the amounts set down opposite the name of each subscriber was a mere matter of form and that the payment of these amounts would never be demanded. He says that he thought the company would obtain the amount required by a loan, and it was only because there were constant calls upon him for his subscription that he paid down $5,000 and gave his note for the remaining amount.

Case alleges that the plan of reorganization is against public policy and a fraud upon the bona-fide purchasers of stock, because the property of the American Cotton Company in the reorganization scheme is valued at $6,000,000, whereas Case asserts that it is not worth more than $1,000,000. He further alleges that the committee proposes to issue stock on the excessive valuation, which he contends is contrary to the laws of New York State, which provide that no corporation may issue either stock or bonds except for money, labor done, or property actually received. Case also says that he has received no consideration for his promissory note, and therefore wants the suit dismissed and a judgment for $5,000 paid him in return for his cash subscription.

Attached to Case's affidavit is a list of those who subscribe for the bonds of the new company, among them:

James G. Cannon, $25,000; William Nelson Cromwell, $25,000; W. H. Dodge, $5,000; John Shepard, $25,000; W. O. Lovering, $10,000; Charles Hathway, $50,000; Chemical National Bank, $25,000; Bank of America, $25,00; M. Roosevelt & Son, $20,000, and Converse & Cromwell $20,000.

The Reorganization Committee objected yesterday to Case's motion to amend his answer, on the ground that it would involve a large expenditure of time and money to investigate the Western plants of the American Cotton Company to prove their six-million-dollar estimate of the value of the company's property. Justice McCall, however, granted Case's motion, on the payment of $80 costs to date.

The American Cotton Company was organized in 1885, with a capital stock of $7,000,000, of which $3,000,000 was in preferred stock. It paid no dividends on its common stock, but some upon the preferred up to 1900. The company became insolvent in 1904, and a receiver was appointed. A Reorganization Committee was formed in 1906.

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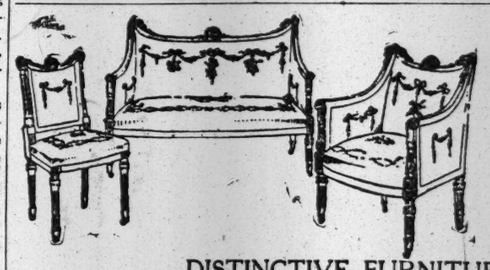

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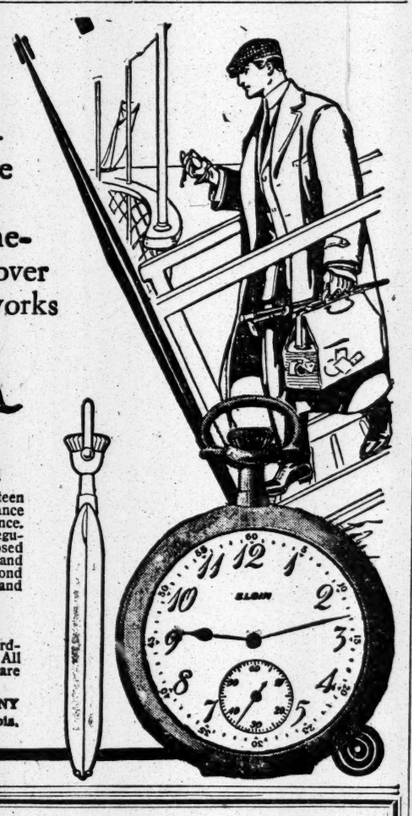

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 17, 1909.

MR. TAFT'S LABOR AND RAILWAY POLICY.

The President is now consulting advisers regarding two subjects of leading importance. It is said that the railways are to be made to obey the laws, but that the laws are to be amended so as to exempt trades unions from limitations of the law upon some of their dearest activities. There can be no doubt that the laws passed during the Roosevelt régime for the regulation of the railways have failed of their designed effect in some respects. President TAFT names several disappointments. The chief one is regarding rates. They had fallen steadily for years, until the anti-railway legislation was passed, and since then have risen somewhat, without exhausting that tendency. Mr. TAFT proposes a railway court, so that when the Inter-State Commerce Commission sets a reasonable rate it can be enforced at once, without appeal except to the Supreme Court. The decision regarding the reasonableness of rates has always been regarded as a judicial function, placed in the courts by the Constitution. The Inter-State Commerce Commission could not exercise judicial functions, and hence could not regulate rates. So we are to have a special court regarding rates. But this cannot oust the Supreme Court of its final jurisdiction. Accordingly the new court will be as perfunctory in this function as the Inter-State Commerce Commission has been. This has been the nub of the controversy regarding the regulation of railway rates by commissions by either State or Federal laws. So long as the courts had the last say the Commission's first say could not be made effective. It remains to be seen whether the President's new device will not prove another disappointment, to be realized as such after futile agitation. What the railway regulators want is a law which shall compel the railways to do the things they want them to do, but which they are unable to put into statutory form. The railways are being molded to the laws, rather than the laws to the necessities and realities of the railway situation.

But the labor trusts are to have matters made easier for them, although the courts have decided that they are breaking the laws, and although the courts have upheld the railways' construction of the laws. The anti-trust law is not enforceable, being so broad that it includes both the railways and the trades unions. It is not proposed to exempt either in specific language, but that result will be reached by narrowing the language restraining every combination in restraint of trade, even of beneficial character. The law will be amended so as to regulate conspiracies to establish monopolies, and prevent competition. The designed effect of the amendment will be to exempt labor from the restrictions of the law against conspiracies and boycotts, "and to include control of labor boycotts by injunction, properly safeguarded," rather than through the clause of the Sherman act recently invoked.

There is no disposition in any quarter to limit the philanthropic and beneficent organizations of labor, either for improving social conditions or for raising wages. Regulation of labor conditions by unions, within certain restrictions, is as much a fixture as regulation of railways by law, also within certain limitations. But legislation by legislatures or by trades unions alike displays a tendency to exceed wholesome limitations. While there is no demand for the restriction of lawful activities of trades unions, there is also no demand outside trades unions—and their circle is very limited—for their exemption from the operation of law restraining their practice of the benevolent boycott. There is no objection to trades unions attempting to reach any desired result so long as employers and non-unionists are not impeded in their rights. But war against non-union men, and the ruin of employers by unlawful methods, are antagonistic to society. The field within the law is broad enough for all necessary activities by trades unions. To insert fresh teeth in the laws regulating the railways, and to extract some of the teeth of the laws against the barbarisms of trades unions, is to misread the popular desires as a whole, through attaching too much importance to the noisy expressions of the desires of fractions of the community.

KINGS COUNTY'S DEMOCRACY.

Mr. JOHN H. MCCOOEY, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democracy in Kings County, uttered this defiance of Tammany and of Mr. MURPHY in his speech accepting his office:

> We are a united body, pledged as individuals and as representatives of all the Democratic citizens of Brooklyn to maintain the autonomy of our organization and our borough.

That is excellent. Every good citizen should rejoice that Tammany, far from intrenching itself in Brooklyn, finds its pathway blocked by hostile and well-armed defenders. Mr. MCCOOEY continues:

> We add no new principle to those that have animated our party in the past. We simply reassert old principles that have made it strong.

We trust Chairman MCCOOEY means here the principles of autonomy and independence. Some of the "old principles" animating the organization in the past have been bad—they could not have been worse. Therein lay the chief danger to its leadership and autonomy. Democracy of the sort which Mr. EDWARD M. SHEPARD tried to establish and maintain in Kings County is now demanded in the interest of future Democratic victories in the State, and in the interest of Brooklyn's growing influence in the affairs of the whole city. A wise leadership of the Brooklyn Democracy will at this juncture win the support and countenance of the substantial, able, and respected men which it has lacked.

THE JAPAN-CHINESE TREATY.

The latest announcement of the State Department as to the situation of our relations with Japan adds a new mystification to that which has recently accumulated. It will be recalled that in the statement of the Department as to the reasons for the retirement of Mr. CHARLES R. CRANE from the Chinese mission, the event was explained as due to the indiscretion of the Minister in suggesting to a newspaper man that interesting developments might be found in connection with the Japan-China treaty of last Summer. The newspaper man took the hint, and from independent sources wrote up a story which attracted no attention in this country, which did not even reach the legations of China and Japan until after the State Department had advertised it, and which, so far as the general reader could detect, derived its sole importance from the course adopted by the State Department.

It is now stated from the Department that it is assured by the two signatory parties that the treaty is all right, that exclusive privileges in mining rights for their nationals had not been sought, and that no objection will be made to Americans working, under Chinese concessions, "any minerals found by Americans or others within the designated territory." The Department adds the somewhat curious information that the above assurance "confirms the conclusions already reached by the Department as a result of its careful study of the agreement in the light of related and contextual evidence." We are not impressed by the tact or courtesy of this mode of conveying information as to assurances given to our Government by the Governments of friendly nations. We are persuaded that if we received assurances from Germany or Great Britain, we should not think it necessary or proper to proclaim to the public that we had been studying the subject matter "in the light of related and contextual evidence," in order to test the value of the assurance. No Government cares to be told that its assurances stand in need of "confirming," and though it is the right, and often it is the custom, of Governments to inquire carefully when assurances are asked for and given, it is not their custom to parade the fact.

This little incident, in connection with that of the resignation of the Minister to China, discloses in the State Department a certain clumsiness, a lack of forethought, a perversion of perspective in Oriental matters that are clearly annoying and may be injurious in their consequences. It is understood that the Department regards the questions involved in these matters as somewhat delicate, and it is easy to see how they may be so. That surely is a reason for treating them with delicacy. For one thing it is known that both the great Oriental Governments are extremely sensitive as to any differentiation of their affairs or relations from those of the Occidental powers. Japan especially feels this sensitiveness, and not without very good reason. Since it is recognized that our own Government and that of Japan may have in the future substantial difficulties to deal with arising out of popular sentiment on one side and the other, it is obviously of the last importance that all matters not of substance but of form, all questions of deportment and method, should be handled with entire courtesy and the most careful judgment. We regret to say that that is not at present exactly the manner in which they seem to be handled.

CONTEMPT AND THE U. S. COURTS.

We do not know how far the residence for a few weeks of a half dozen citizens of Tennessee in the Washington jail, under sentence of the Supreme Court for contempt of an order of that court, will tend to check lawlessness in the country, but plainly what influence it has will be in that direction. The action of the court, it is true, was not directed explicitly against the offense of lynching, but only against criminal negligence in sustaining the authority of the court as to an order arising from the offense of lynching. It will, however, naturally be associated with the original offense, and will have its effect.

For one thing, it strengthens the general impression existing not only in the South but throughout the country, that the law as adjudicated and administered by the United States courts is not to be trifled with, that cases arising under the law in these courts will be prosecuted to the proper conclusion without any reference to politics, to the influence of public opinion, to the pressure of local sentiment, or to any other consideration than the duties and rights of the courts, and of citizens with regard to the courts. It is a wholesome thing that such an impression should prevail, and it is especially wholesome that it should be aroused in connection with the particular form of lawlessness in which this case arose. There is no very severe hardship connected with the confinement of ex-Sheriff SCHIPP and his companions, and, in one sense, there is no definite disgrace to them growing from it, since their neighbors and fellow-townsmen do not appear to think at all the worse of them. But there remains the essential fact that, in a case originating in the crime of lynching, a court was found that reached its decision and enforced it with no possible consideration of any of the conditions that have in the past made lynching comparatively a safe crime to commit. The influence of that fact cannot but be good.

THE TEACHERS' PAY.

The Mayor has been petitioned by the Bureau of Municipal Research about the vexed question of teachers' salaries in this wise:

> The time has come for the examination of this question and of related questions of school administration, not by teachers wishing to justify their demands, not by other teachers wishing to prevent equal pay, not by the State Legislature, whose interest is primarily outside New York City, not by the Board of Education, which is certain to have been influenced by the agitation of the past few years, and hence tempted to justify positions previously taken, but by a body such as the Commissioners of Accounts or by experts of education and administration such as the Mayor might appoint.

Whatever may be said of these qualifying exclusions, or of parts of them, it is a fact that an impartial and unbiased report by experts is what is most needed in order to act justly toward the teachers. The Bureau's further suggestion that a policy be considered to distinguish between teachers who are demonstrably underpaid and other teachers of whom it cannot be proved that they are underpaid is of especial value. Let the obvious cases be first attended to.

OUR LOCAL BANKING PROBLEM.

While Senator ALDRICH is touring the West in behalf of banking reform it ought not to escape attention that we have a local banking problem of the first importance, upon which the Senator incidentally sheds some light. He remarked that American banks carry 10 per cent. of their liabilities in cash in their tills, while foreign banks do as well with 4 per cent. The difference is a great addition to banking facilities for the banks' customers and to banking profits for the banks. This economy in the use of cash is made possible by the fact that the banks carry large deposits in the central bank, which are regarded the same as cash. "In this way the banks amassed a credit at the central bank which was in itself a reserve, and they thus were enabled to lend from four to ten times the amount that they could lend under other conditions." Surely, if cheap credit is a boon the method by which it is achieved is a means to a most desirable end.

Yet local bankers for reasons of professional competition are obstructing the application of a system in New York which is similar in principle. Even while Senator ALDRICH was explaining the foreign system there was a revival of the attempt to reunite New York's banking institutions by bringing the trust companies back into the Clearing House. The attempt is impeded by objections on the part of some banks that the trust companies shall not be admitted unless they will carry 25 per cent. reserves, thus equalizing the safeguards of banking stability in both classes of institutions, and also incidentally equalizing the conditions of banking competition. For it is but commercial human nature that the banks should be restless under legal requirements exacting from them 10 per cent. larger reserves than the trust companies. This places upon the banks a disproportionate share of the burden of protecting the general banking position, and lessens their capacity to earn profits by accommodating their customers.

The point of connection between the foreign and New York systems is that the trust companies carry deposits in the Clearing House institutions, which thus act as a central bank to the trust companies. These deposits are as secure as the stability of the Clearing House institutions. Bank deposits must be paid unless cash payments are suspended, and under such conditions there is an equality of security or insecurity between banks and trust companies alike. Yet it suits the banks to overlook these additions to the trust companies' reserves, and to refuse them admission to the Clearing House unless they shall carry 10 per cent. more cash reserves than the law requires. The result is that financial New York is a house divided against itself. In case of strain we witness locally the same struggle for reserves as that which produced the banking crisis of 1907.

Under the central bank system a time of stress is marked by an increase of reserves. Each institution seeks to strengthen itself, and to emphasize its strength by having it visible to all men in deposits in the central institution. Our disgraceful banking collapse was caused by the absence of any central banking institution, and by a consequent attempt of each little bank to pile up reserves in its own vaults, with the result that the reserves were strong where they were useless, and exhausted where they might have saved the situation. Similarly, if the New York trust companies were in the Clearing House their deposits would not be drawn down in an attempt to strengthen their reserves by robbing the general reserves. On the contrary, their deposits might be expected to grow, and to strengthen both the depositing institutions and the general situation. The banks do not solve the question of competition by keeping the trust companies out of the Clearing House, but they do help to obstruct that financial unity in New York which would restore to it relations between its banking institutions resembling those between the London Joint Stock banks and the Bank of England. The position of the banks certainly is difficult, and may be regarded sympathetically. But why do they both accept trust company deposits, and refuse to recognize their perfect security? If they wish to discipline the trust companies why do they not refuse their deposits?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Miracle of Discipline. Everybody knows by experience or credible report the vivacity, not to say the virulence, with which are waged the little wars between opposing factions in church congregations that have in these days replaced the religious conflicts between sects which in the past so often drenched large fractions of the world in blood. The antagonists in the small fights as in the big ones believe that vital interests are involved, interests of more than temporal moment, and, naturally, they enter the battle with no thought of compromise and no desire for anything less than complete victory.

It is, therefore, a most remarkable phenomenon and well worthy of careful attention that one of the bitterest of congregational quarrels, a quarrel involving what may be called the life and death of some ambitious, determined, and well-armed enemies, has just been settled by the mere expression of a wish, put in the form of advice, by an old woman who for years has lived in a sinister and suspect seclusion, whose authority is a mere claim to mystical power, absurdly empty, and from whom, in case of disobedience, no tangible or comprehensible punishment was to be feared! In Mrs. EDDY'S brief letter to her warring followers in this city she gave no reasons, offered no arguments, touched on none of the doctrinal points at issue—she simply told them that in her opinion, if they submitted to the rule of the Mother Church Directors, they would be blessed and prosperous.

And instantly all excitement disappeared. Those who have for weeks been charging malignant and murderous crimes on the one side and an unscrupulous and ruthless tyranny on the other, smoothed their frowns into smiles, shook hands amicably and established what at least seems to be loving peace! Such an exhibition of power in contrast with such an exhibition of docility at once impresses and confuses the mind. The thing is at once beautiful and horrible, much more congruous with the Middle Ages than the twentieth century. Every leader of men may well envy the discipline which Mrs. EDDY exercises over her devotees, but the spectacle which the devotees present while submitting to it is calculated to inspire very different emotion—humiliation and disgust among them. Still, the phenomenon offered for our examination this week certainly does have its abstract interest, chiefly because it reveals the survival among us of a mediaeval type of human being.

Marriage and Celibacy. Our correspondents are viewing from many standpoints the case of the "Unclaimed Flower," who wrote to us, asking why, though possessing her fair share of feminine charms and capacities, she still lingers in reluctant celibacy. Some of them take her seriously, some humorously, and all are rather more ready with advice than with explanation, while it is the latter only that she expressed a desire to get.

That there is something physically wrong about the "Flower," or something lacking in her, is sufficiently obvious for all to see, and one shrewd observer may have put his finger on the—or a—key to the problem when he called attention to her rather snippy reference to the women whose hands accidentally fall on the sleeves of the men with whom they are talking. That, the "Flower" said, she would not do, though she went to her grave as lonely as she lived. Her critic called her attention to the fact that in making this statement she accused all of her more successful sisters of immodesty and illustrated a temperament little likely to be attractive. That may or may not be explanatory so far as it goes, but it does not go very far.

As a possibly sounder theory we might suggest, as the real trouble with the "Unclaimed Flower," that what she takes for an inclination toward matrimony is really nothing more than a desire to get some of the pleasant incidents of matrimony—protection, companionship, the sort of superiority over the spinster which the wife has or claims. If these and like things, and these only, are what she really wants, it is not very wonderful that men instinctively are content to treat her only as a good comrade, and confide to her their love affairs with other women instead of making love to herself. She demands too much for what she offers, or, rather, she is mistaken in her estimate of relative values.

But, after all, the question why some people marry and some do not is an unanswerable one, because it is a matter in which reason and judgment do not play a decisive or even a large part. There is at least as much difficulty in understanding marriages as in understanding failures to marry, and though the eugenists are trying to bring some sort of sense and order into these mystical proceedings, they have not as yet had any measurable success. Meanwhile the human race goes on advancing and improving from generation to generation by obeying laws which it cannot formulate, or at least has not yet formulated. The hardships of individuals do not count with "nature," but the fittest do survive.

THE "DOWN-AND-OUTS."

How the Salvation Army Provides Them with Permanent Employment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I believe in encouraging any movement that tries to uplift humanity. For this reason I would like to call attention to the very praiseworthy work being done by the Salvation Army through its system of men's industrial homes. When an able-bodied man applies to the Salvation Army for help, saying he cannot find work, he is sent to one of its industrial homes, where his immediate wants are met by food, clothing, and shelter.

He is then either put to work in the home mending old furniture, clothing, &c., and sorting newspapers, or else he is put on one of the home's wagons, and sent around collecting old newspapers, furniture, &c. The repaired furniture and clothing and the baled newspapers are sold, and the proceeds go toward the support of the Industrial Home.

Meanwhile the Salvation Army Employment Bureau is looking out for permanent work for the man. Thousands of "down-and-outs" all over the country have been helped on to their feet back to respectability by these Salvation Army Industrial Homes, and they are deserving of the support of every good citizen. They gladly send their wagon to any part of the city in answer to postal card requests addressed to 122 West Fourteenth Street to remove old furniture, paper, &c.

E. A. ALEXANDER.

New York, Nov. 15, 1909.

"SETTING UP" A YOUNG MAN.

Would This Business Plan Attract the Attention of Investors?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is the following scheme feasible? Let us assume a young man who has fitted himself for a certain line of business, both in experience and education. He has no financial backing, but can furnish abundant recommendation as to integrity and ability.

Let us assume that our young friend is enterprising and conservatively ambitious, and that the prospects of several years' work at a merely nominal wage are not encouraging or exactly "enthusing" to one who is capable of assuming the responsibilities of, say, a director and active manager in a stock company.

Without placing himself under any obligation, except of a strictly business nature, could our young man secure the loan of, say, $10,000 (to make the example concrete) with which to buy 100 shares at $100 a share, comprising a third to a half interest in a stock company, said company to go security for the $10,000 loaned, the young man covering the company against any possible loss by contract of services and money invested, and by carrying a life insurance policy of an amount equal to the amount of the company's security, and made payable to the company? READER.

New York, Nov. 16, 1909.

THE "UNCLAIMED FLOWER."

More Comment on the Accomplished Woman Who Is Not Courted.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps "An Unclaimed Flower" has frightened her men friends into the tall weeds of the matrimonial garden with her points of superiority. Few of us are endowed with sufficient self-confidence to woo Perfection.

But, seriously, has "An Unclaimed Flower" examined herself for that indefinable something that "lands" the men. A girl may be all that this one says she is, but she may also be a perfect north pole of attainment for the average man.

Call it warmth, or what you will, there is that in the wifely woman that wins, hands down! "OLD BOY."

New York, Nov. 15, 1909.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would be interesting to some to learn why a "Bachelor of Fifty" is blooming alone. Possibly he was a lover whose frantic demonstrations and peculiar antics were not recognized as tokens of affection by the fair one so honored, and consequently she called the police.

PROTECTED BY A FEW THORNS.

New York, Nov. 16, 1909.

Prescribes Stamp Moisteners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to your correspondent, who suggests that envelopes be licked instead of stamps it seems to me that envelopes are quite as likely to be loaded with microbes as are stamps, and I would suggest that a stamp moistener be carried in the pocket or handbag, then letters can be sent and received with much less danger both to the sender and the recipient, of course providing the stamp moistener is used and not left in the handbag or pocket. E. B.

New York, Nov. 11, 1909.

"Cornering" the Opera Seats.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why is it lawful for men openly to restrain trade in opera tickets? Perhaps technically it is not called conspiracy to buy up the market of a much coveted article, then force the public to pay double for it or not have it; but morally it is dishonest. M. Z.

New York, Nov. 18, 1909.

EUSAPIA PALADINO.

Eusapia Paladino
Is a lady come from far
To show us Yankee Reubens
What the truly spirits are.

Eusapia Paladino
Doesn't always show the light
When she does her demonstrations,
Some of which are out of sight.

Eusapia Paladino
Moves a lot of things around,
And by simple levitation
Lifts a table from the ground.

Eusapia Paladino
Doesn't tell us how it's done,
And we've got to put up money
Or we do not get a run.

Eusapia Paladino
Hasn't got it much on us,
We possess a greater wonder
In our well-known Octopus.

Eusapia Paladino
Merely levitates in small,
While our Octopeacharino
Includes Legislatures, Senates,
courts, municipalities, police,
pulpits, colleges, statesmen,
politicians, hired help,
customs officials, &c., &c.,
And levitates them all.

Eusapia Paladino
Hasn't got the truly hunch,
And she won't have till she mingles
With our Yankee mystery bunch.
What?

W. J. LAMPTON.

TWO SEANCES.

A darken'd room, with table, chairs,
Curtains, and banjos—all the airs
Of awful mystery. Some five
Of greatest specialists alive—
Professor H. and Doctor J.,
And X. and Y. and Z., we'll says.
Lastly, the medium's self, the one
By whom the miracles are done,
Who, dull, (they say,) of middle age,
Performs her miracles for wage:
Perhaps the voices of the dead—
Perhaps the same old farce instead.

A cheerful room of morning sun—
A little bath tub—all the fun
Of kick and splash and laugh and cry.
A mother, grandmother, and I,
The witness. And last Himself,
Whose four-months' magic, not for pelf
Or pay, can lift by secret art
That sometimes heaviest thing—the heart.
I would not listen to the Dead
When I can hear such Life instead,
Nor heed a doubtful Wonder's lure
When I can see this Wonder sure.

PAUL TURQUAND.

HILL FEARS EXTRAVAGANCE.

Says Economy, Public and Private, Is Imperative for Nation's Welfare.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—James J. Hill left the White House to-day after a call on President Taft, declaring that the high cost of living and the extravagant manner of living was the greatest problem that faces the American people. Economy on the part of the Government and individuals as well was the only method he could suggest for remedying matters.

"History shows," said Mr. Hill, "that the high price of living is the beginning of every national decline."

Mr. Hill did not mean to say that the American Nation was entering upon a decline. He did not wish to suggest this in any way, but he added with considerable emphasis that he thought a word of caution thrown out at this time would not be misunderstood or fail of appreciation.

Mr. Hill said that he thought the brains of the Nation should be turned to a correction of the habit of extravagance rather than to legislation of various sorts. He declared that what was needed was a conservation of business.

"We need to quiet down," he said, "and let things go on smoothly for a while. I believe in the conservation of our natural resources, too, but so far as any water power trust is concerned I don't know of any."

After talking with the President Mr. Hill chatted with Senator Jonathan Bourne of Oregon, who, as Chairman of a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Public Expenditures, is about to submit a report upon which he has been working ever since Congress adjourned.

Senator Bourne does not see that a retrenchment of Government expenditures will immediately reduce the price of living or the manner of living on the part of the general public, but he does believe that an example of economy set by the Government would have a great effect.

Senator Bourne believes that the purchasing power of the Government dollar can be increased from 5 to 10 per cent. by the substitution of modern business methods for wasteful methods in the various Government departments, and that thus a saving to the Government of $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 a year will result.

FOR MORE PUBLIC PIERS.

City Urged to Hasten Purchase of Docks for General Wharfage.

At a conference of representatives of all the commercial organizations of the city, held yesterday at the Maritime Exchange, resolutions were adopted calling upon the Commissioner of Docks to take steps to add several piers to the list of general wharfage piers.

Communications from President McGowan of the Board of Aldermen and Dock Commissioner Spooner were read expressing a desire to co-operate with the commercial organizations in their effort to obtain increased wharfage facilities and calling attention to condemnation proceedings which have been recommended by the Commissioner of Docks, through which the city would acquire title to the docks at the foot of Carlisle and Rector Streets on the North River.

The resolutions adopted by the conference urged the institution immediately of these proceedings and also that upon the expiration on Dec. 15 next of the lease of Pier 33 East River this pier be set aside for general wharfage use.

The correspondence read at the conference included a letter written by C. H. Callaghan, Chairman of the Committee on Piers and Bulkheads of the Maritime Exchange, to President McGowan, requesting the latter to work for a decision on this matter before he retires from office for the reason that he is familiar with the situation.

The committee recently addressed Mayor-elect William J. Gaynor on the subject of open piers and received this reply:

> My Dear Mr. Callaghan:
>
> I thank you for the literature with regard to the piers which you have sent me. I shall be glad after I come into office to consult with your association, as I shall no doubt need assistance.

ROSE GROWER FINDS A HOME.

Aged Granddaughter of the Revolution Now Safe for the Winter.

The aged granddaughter of the Revolution at Valley Stream, L. I., who at 76 had been threatened with eviction, was very happy yesterday when a TIMES reporter called upon her to give her a last installment of money received, although she was moving. She has found a house at last at low rent, where she can give the plants she grows for sale, her cockatoo, and herself a comfortable home. There is a barn where she can store her roots and bulbs over Winter in lieu of the little greenhouse which she had built herself at the other house, and the weather has stayed mild, and her plants will not be frozen before she has them safely housed.

The new home is nearer the village than the other, nearer people who have been kind to her, and there is water.

What that will mean to her, people having city conveniences can hardly imagine. At the little house from which she is moving the only water she could get was from a little brook, a few inches deep, running near the house. The water from this she strained and used for drinking, and from the brook she carried all the water for her many plants and her little family of hens. She now has money put in the hands of a kind neighbor for safe keeping, to pay her rent for some time to come, and in the meantime she will begin her Winter's work, fine sewing and mending, which she does when there is no gardening to bring in money for her support.

ASK HUGHES TO NAME TRUAX.

Bench and Bar Request His Appointment to Gildersleeve's Term.

Petitions signed by all the Supreme Court Justices of the First Department, by the Justices of every Appellate Division in the State, the Chief Judge, and all the other Judges of the Court of Appeals and from the bar of the City of New York have been presented to Gov. Hughes, urging that he appoint Justice Charles H. Truax, who was defeated in the recent election, to the vacancy about to be created Jan. 1 by the resignation of Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve. The petition from the members of the bar says:

> Your Excellency is aware of the long and faithful service of Justice Truax as the Justice of the Supreme Court; of his ability, integrity, and unusual capability for judging between truth and perjury, and the infinite loss to the community and the bar in his not being re-elected on the last election. Justice Gildersleeve, just resigned, is a Democrat, and so is Justice Truax, and he was the nominee of the Democratic Party at the last election, and received the strong commendation and approval of the Bar Association and led his ticket.

Among those signing this petition are Robert W. De Forest, Lewis L. Delafield, Paul D. Cravath, Eugene A. Philbin, Wauhope Lynn, Edward Lauterbach, Henry W. Taft, John L. Cadwalader, David McClure, John B. Stanchfield, D Cady Herrick, L. Laffin Kellogg, Samuel Untermyer, Alfred Steckler, and Adrian H. Joline.

Motorist's Wanton Cruelty to a Dog.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Last night my French bulldog was being taken to walk by the little girl who usually looks after him. While they were waiting, within two feet of the curb, for the crossing to be clear, a large red automobile appeared, driven at a high rate of speed, and occupied by six or seven persons, both men and women. The machine was traveling southward on Lenox Avenue, along the unused car tracks in the centre of the street. Just above 112th Street it swerved and swept close to the curb. One of the occupants was swinging something which in the dim light appeared to be a shining metal ball on the end of a wire, cord, or stick. With this the man deliberately leaned far out and struck the dog. The party then went on, faster than ever, with a great deal of noisy laughter. The dog's leg was dislocated and fractured in two places, and he was also seriously injured internally. It was too dark to see the number of the car. Will THE TIMES suggest some way of finding and punishing the creatures guilty of this wanton cruelty? The time was about 8:30 Saturday evening, Nov. 13.

ANNA ALICE CARTER.

New York, Nov. 14, 1909.

HUGHES CONDEMNS UNJUST CRITICISM

In Yale Speech Calls Lie About Public Officials Akin to War-Time Treachery.

BARS MEN FROM PUBLIC LIFE

He Advocates Higher Efficiency in Public Service by Higher Pay and Permanent Employment.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 16.—The publication of an untruthful or a reckless statement about a public official was compared to-night by Gov. Hughes of New York to an act of treachery to the National flag in time of war. He pleaded with the Yale students, whom he addressed, that those of them who go into journalism be fair with public officials whom they criticise, but urged them to criticise freely and honestly.

"A man who seeks profit in the sale of calumnies is the most despicable of human creatures," said the Governor.

Gov. Hughes urged a higher standard of public service, and he asked his hearers, as voters and citizens, to use all their efforts to procure it. He asked for better pay for public officials, who, he said, were paid far more poorly than men in private enterprises doing similar work. Where technical or specialized service is demanded he recommended permanent public employment instead of temporary or elective.

In speaking on "Administrative Efficiency," he said that there was now little corruption. He said, in part:

"The actual conduct of government, as distinguished from its theoretical scheme, is the severest test of democracy. The surest test of criticism has been always that a single individual 'performs the duties which he undertakes much better than the Government of the 'community,' and democratic government has been unfavorable with monarchy because it is said that the government of an individual 'is more consistent, more persevering, more accurate than that of a multitude, and it is much better qualified, judiciously, to discriminate the character of the men it employs.'

"If there were no other reason for insisting upon efficiency, it would be sufficient to point out that the cost of government is increasing at a tremendous rate. Inefficiency is simply waste of public money; taxation to supply waste is nothing but extortion. This not only causes loss with respect to particular outlays; it prevents progress. Economy is not a popular word with the people at large. People generally fail to appreciate that they are paying the bills and that the real taxpayer is not necessarily the land owner or the one who makes return to the Assessor. But when they are denied public improvements to which they are entitled they know it.

"There are certain hindrances to efficiency which demand special consideration. One is the inadequacy of the laws. Imperfect legislation frequently prevents the securing of benefits to which the people are entitled and which they are endeavoring to secure. When proposals are made for the amendment of the law the familiar objection is that we have too much law. Certainly the activity of our legislators has appalling results when we consider the number of statutes which each legislative session produces. There has been a tendency also to cripple administrative officers by laws that are too minute.

"It probably is the opinion of the average citizen that the greatest obstacle to administrative efficiency is official corruption. The purchase of public officers, the sale of indulgences to law breakers to enhance the fortunes of those who control appointments to office, systematic levies or official favors—these are crimes of the first magnitude, with respect to which every citizen should be swift to turn informer and every effort made to punish the guilty.

"But I believe that the grosser forms of corruption are happily more rare. There is less direct bribery and stealing. Corrupting influences have become more insidious, and for this reason are perhaps more dangerous. They are rarely susceptible of proof; they leave few traces and largely defy investigation.

"These are the influences which are shown in the play of favoritism, in the payment of private obligations through official discretion, in permitting information to be given in advance of official action to those who may profit by the knowledge, in making administrative offices centres of solicitations which imply official promises. Larceny and embezzlement have largely given place to conspiracies and shrewd agreements for mutual protection and enrichment.

"Akin to these evils is the blighting influence of efforts to support partisan workers at the public expense, to which I shall refer later in connection with the matter of party organization. Partisan incumbrances, to a large extent, account for administrative palsy. There is also a disposition to regard public employment as a refuge for those who cannot support themselves. Now public service is not an almshouse, although the management of almshouses is an important branch of the administration. The needy and the unfortunate should be cared for elsewhere.

"Every effort should be made to improve the public service. Instead of carping at the employe of the State as one who feeds at the public crib, there should be a keener realization of the necessity and importance of the work that is to be done and of the credit that attaches to the proper doing of it.

"Certainly many public officers are underpaid, and work of an extent and quality is expected of them which private enterprise would not think of attempting to command upon like terms. The scale of compensation frequently reflects the standards of earlier days when the cost of living was less and the opportunities for receiving greater rewards were not so many. The public can afford to pay its servants decently.

"In the great majority of places in the public service, particularly in those concerned with routine or technical work, the employment should be permanent. There is little chance of promotion, and the ordinary opportunities afforded in private business are largely lacking. This is a reason why employes of this description should be paid according to a scale certainly not below that governing payments for private work of the same sort.

"But when we come to the higher offices I am not one of those who think that mere increase of salary will prove an adequate solution of the problem. I also share the feeling that we should be cautious about increasing the chance of drawing men to the public service who seek it for the sake of the compensation.

"The obligation of fairness in the criticism of public officials becomes manifest. Criticism is the safeguard of the public; no intelligent officer would dispense with it if he could. It is the life current of democracy. To create a disinclination for public life, to make men feel that its conditions with regard to self-respect and decent reputation are intolerable, to drive men of sensibility away from its opportunities in sheer disgust, and to leave public employment the more accessible to adventurers, to soldiers of fortune, and to political hangers-on, is to fetter progress and to put a premium upon efficiency.

"I do not defend the supersensitive. A public official does not wear his heart upon his sleeve and should not take too seriously the flings of his opponents. If he is right he can afford to ignore them, and if he is wrong he has little reason to complain. But when we have in mind the attracting of men to the public service and securing the proper conduct of business, we cannot fail to recognize the great importance of candor and fairness in public comment. Giving credit where credit is due, establishing public office in honorable estimation, is, to a large degree, to assure fidelity and to minimize the temptations of the public officer to seek other rewards.

"Some of you will probably go into journalism. You will, I hope, realize the obligations of decency and honor, and I hope that you will no more circulate an untruthful statement or a reckless statement with regard to a public officer than you would be guilty of treachery to the flag in time of war. A man who seeks profit in the sale of calumnies is the most despicable of human creatures.

"The chief safeguard against inefficiency is accountability to the people."

OPERA COMIQUE AT THE NEW THEATRE

Massenet's "Werther" Presented by the Forces of the Metropolitan Opera House.

FINE ACOUSTIC QUALITIES

A Performance of Merit Though Lacking in Finish—Miss Farrar as the Heroine—Other Singers New.

Werther	Edmond Clement
Albert	Dinh Gilly
Le Bailli	A. Pini-Corsi
Schmitt	Leo Devaux
Johann	Georges Bourgeois
Brühlmann	Walther Koch
Charlotte	Geraldine Farrar
Sophie	Alma Gluck
Kathchen	Else Michaelis
Fritz	Anna Case
Max	Lillia Snelling
Hans	Lucette de Lievin
Karl	Ruth Smith
Gretel	Henriette Moss
Clara	Anne Smith

The Metropolitan Opera Company began its series of so-called "opera comique" at the New Theatre last evening, with a performance of Massenet's "Werther." There has been much interest manifested in this new scheme, and the beautiful house was quite filled with an appreciative audience. There was a long delay in beginning the performance, and the curtain did not rise till after 8:45 o'clock. An apology that covered this and certain shortcomings in the lighting apparatus, other stage mechanicism and needed facilities was printed on the programme; it was also stated that it had been impossible to secure adequate stage rehearsals. For which reasons the opening performance was not presented in full accordance with the standards of the company. The audience was good-natured and accepted the facts as they stood; none the less, a performance that had many merits was heard and plainly enjoyed.

It was a fortunate idea to utilize the new house as a place for the production of works of this smaller genre for which the Metropolitan Opera House is entirely unsuited because of its size. There might be a quarrel to be picked with the name "opera comique," which in no accurate sense describes most of the works that are in view for performance there. It does not properly describe "Werther." But the fact is of more importance than the name. Those who consider these things have been very well aware for a quarter of a century of the unsuitableness of the Metropolitan for such works. Mr. Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera House has given convincing proof to the eye and ear of how much more interesting and effective such operas are in a theatre of smaller, or at least different, dimensions, that will afford more intimate surroundings. The New Theatre is of a size that will increase the enjoyment of the works which it is proposed to present there.

So far as last evening's performance showed, the much-discussed acoustic qualities of the New Theatre are exceedingly favorable for the hearing of lyric dramas of this sort. It again seemed that in some portions of the house there was not the finest resonance, yet the tones of both the singers and the orchestra were very well heard and in a proper balance except when Mr. Tango, in the manner of too many conductors, insisted on more than a due volume of tone from the brass instruments. But matters of this sort can be adjusted if the conductors will.

Massenet's "Werther" is an opera that gains greatly when set in such surroundings, though it had already been heard in the Metropolitan, and though its first production took place in the Imperial Opera of Vienna, one of the largest of opera houses. This production was made by a new wing of the Metropolitan's forces, on this occasion headed by Miss Geraldine Farrar. All the others were newcomers, including the conductor, Mr. Tango.

The librettists of "Werther" have not tried to make of Goethe's book something other than it is for their operatic purposes. There are one or two minor characters added to help with the "comic relief," as the young lovers, Bruhlmann and Kathchen, who chatter about Klopstock. At the close Charlotte is made to visit Werther's lodging and witness the scene of his death, while in Goethe's novel she did not depart so far from wifely propriety, but "went on cutting bread and butter." But an opera is an opera, and it must have an end that is recognizably an end. In other matters Goethe has been respected as far as the exigencies of the operatic librettist will allow.

Massenet, for his part, has invited his muse—a tractable divinity—to commune in sympathy with the German master's idyllic romance, with the sentiment, the "Schwaermerei," the "Innigkeit," that are to be found in it. He has created a certain atmosphere in his music, in which a gentle melancholy is the prevailing characteristic, relieved on the one hand by a few merry episodes, as those of the children, the tavern, (merrier in intention than in execution,) and the suggestion of Christmas music, and on the other hand rising now and again to the height of tragic pathos. He has written charming and at times emotionally seizing music. It could hardly be maintained that this music is continually and absorbingly interesting, or that in it he has gone to the bottom of the psychological and emotional development that Goethe has unfolded in his work, any more than Gounod penetrated to the real meaning of "Faust," though his music, or than Ambroise Thomas did to that of "Wilhelm Meister" in his opera of "Mignon." But it is probably the best, the most musical and artistic of Massenet's scores. There is a degree of characterization of the chief persons in the music, though it would be going too far to maintain that Massenet has assisted his librettists much in bringing before us these two figures in the truly noble and moving traits that Goethe has given them.

There are instrumental scenes that suggest potently a mood. Perhaps the most poetic moment the composer has reached is that in which he depicts the return of Werther and Charlotte from the ball in the Summer night, at the close of the first act. There is a long prelude at the beginning of the fourth act that accompanies a picture, shown on the stage, of the town of Wetzlar wrapped in the snowy quiet of Christmas Eve, the music suggesting the conflict that is going on in Werther's mind before he takes his own life. The passion is not deep nor deeply moving in this music, nor in the long monologue in the second act in which Werther bewails his loss of Charlotte. There is more power in the tragic final scene, in which Werther and Charlotte are together. Massenet in this opera has not been able to change the essential Massenet. There are the elegance and persuasive musical diction, the occasional appealing phrase, much more that is mellifluous, and sometimes an effort to strike more fire. There is the skillful, often subtle orchestration, and the dexterity in treating music for dramatic purposes, in suiting it to the effects to be gained upon the stage that are so well known as Massenet's. These qualities make the music and the opera ingratiating, but not a work of compelling power.

In "Werther" the composer has gone further than in any other of his operas that are known here in the use of "leading motives." He has experimented and more or less half-heartedly trifled with this method of procedure in several of his other operas. In "Werther" there is a pretty complete outfit of representative themes, and in many long passages of the orchestral music they make up an important part of the texture. Yet the treatment even here is not symphonic, and these motives are used in whole or in part, in repetition and modification rather than in development.

Except Miss Farrar, whose portrayal of Charlotte was charming in voice and action, most of the principals were new to New York, and most of them made an agreeable impression. Edmond Clement was the Werther, whose voice is a tenor of refined if not of luscious quality, though it became unsteady at times when he forced it; his diction is excellent, and his action showed dramatic intelligence and a finished style. So, too, did that of Dink Gilly, baritone, who as Albert has not much of importance to do, but did it acceptably. His voice is a light and pleasing baritone, and his singing is artistic. There was charm in the fresh, light voice of Miss Alma Gluck, who took the part of Sophie with ingenuousness and grace. Mr. Pini-Corsi, remembered from by-gone years as a comic basso at the Metropolitan, was the father. Mr. Tango is a conductor of skill and dramatic temperament. He has, as has been suggested, an overfondness for emphasis of the brass. It is a company from which excellent results ought to be forthcoming in the course of the season.

The performance was not as finished as it might have been for reasons that the management so frankly confessed. Nor was the stage setting remarkable for its beauty, but its effect will be bettered when the lighting arrangements are completed.

MISS WHITRIDGE A BRIDE.

Wedded to Charles E. Greenough by Bishop Greer in Grace Church.

There was a large and fashionable attendance yesterday at the wedding of Miss Eleanor Whitridge, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Whitridge and a granddaughter of the late Sir Matthew Arnold, to Charles Edward Greenough, in Grace Episcopal Church, Broadway and Tenth Street. Several hundred invitations were issued to the ceremony, which was performed shortly before 3 o'clock by Bishop Greer, assisted by the Rev. Carl Reiland of Grace Church. Palms and white chrysanthemums were the decorations.

Miss Whitridge's father gave her in marriage. Her gown of white satin crepe de chine was made with a bodice of beautiful old lace, a gift from her aunt, Mrs. Richard Arnold. It had been worn by her grandmother before her. The veil of Honiton lace was fastened with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The bride also wore a pearl necklace and a diamond pendant, the gift of Mr. Greenough; diamond earrings given to her by her brother and sister, and a big diamond brooch, the gift of Mr. Whitridge.

Miss Joan Whitridge, the bride's sister, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Olive Smith, a cousin; Miss Grace Tracy, daughter of Mrs. Charles Edward Tracy; Miss Janet Pearce Dana, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana; Miss Ruth Draper, daughter of Mrs. William H. Draper; Miss Margaret Clouston, daughter of Sir Edward Clouston of Montreal; Miss Edna Biddle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Biddle; Miss Grace Sedgwick, daughter of Arthur George Sedgwick; Miss Madeline Borland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Nelson Borland, and Miss Agah Marks.

They wore white satin picture dresses under blue chiffon, and their hats of blue satin were trimmed with silver lace and wreathes of tiny pink roses. All carried pink roses tied with blue ribbons.

Mrs. Whitridge, the bride's mother, wore mauve satin crepe de chine and a hat to match.

Mr. Greenough's best man was S. Oakley Vanderpoel, Jr., and his ushers were Arnold Whitridge, I. Townsend Burden, Jr., W. Halstead Vanderpoel, Francis V. L. Hoppin, Kenneth B. Schley, Frank A. Plummer, Edward H. Fisher, and Daniel M. Collin.

After the ceremony, which was elaborated with a choral service and music by organ and harp, a reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Whitridge, 16 East Eleventh Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Greenough, who will spend their honeymoon South, plan returning to town about the middle of December, and will then take possession of their new residence, 24 East Eleventh Street, one of the gifts of the bride's parents.

Among those invited to attend the ceremony and reception were Mr. and Mrs. R. Manson Smith, Mr. and Mrs. George Jay Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Kane, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Delano, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cruger Hasell, Miss Alice Hasell, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Ronalds, Mr. and Mrs. J. Francis Aloysius Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. J. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Worthington Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, Maitland Kersey, Dr. S. Oakley Vanderpoel and Mrs. Vanderpoel, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, Frederick Townsend Martin, Count de Ganay, and Count Perigny.

PEABODY—CLEWS.

The marriage of Miss Natalie Clews, daughter of Mrs. John Henry Clews, to George Russell Peabody took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street. Standards of white chrysanthemums and palms were the decorations.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas's Church officiated at the ceremony, which was followed by a small reception at the Plaza, where Mrs. Clews and her daughter have been making their home.

Miss Clews wore a gown of white satin embroidered with chiffon and drapery of satin and old lace. She carired a Court train and wore a lace veil, which was fastened with orange blossoms. Her bouquet was of lilies of the valley.

Miss Alice Anderton, daughter of Dr. William B. Anderton and Mrs. Anderton of New York, and Miss Ella Buek, daughter of Mrs. Charles E. Buck of Richmond, Va., were the bridesmaids. They wore yellow chiffon trimmed with dark brown fur, and their hats were trimmed with Louis XVI. bows. Both carried muffs of yellow chiffon, trimmed with fur.

John A. Stewart, 3d, was best man, and the ushers were Cornelius von Erden Mitchell, William Baylis, Jr., J. Henry Goddard, and C. Douglas Green, Jr.

Mr. Peabody is the son of the late Arthur J. Peabody of London. He was graduated from Princeton in 1905. His sister, Miss Helen Murray Peabody, and Pennington Satterthwaite were married last June. Mrs. Peabody is the daughter of the late John Henry Clews and a grandniece of Henry Clews, Sr. Mr. and Mrs. Peabody will make their home in New York for the present.

Among those present at the wedding and reception were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews, Henry Clews, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. James B. Clews, Mrs. Arthur J. Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. Dane Appleton Pearson, D. Pennington Satterthwaite, Mrs. A. Russell Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lincoln Manson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald D. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. E. Palmer Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Stephen Morris, Gen. Howard Carroll and Mrs. Carroll, Mrs. Richard and Miss Alice Richard, Mrs. Clifford and Miss Clifford, and Mrs. Frederic Bonner.

Perry-Robert Wedding Plans.

Invitations have been issued recently for the marriage of Miss Margaret J. Robert and Walter Perry, son of Mrs. Cornelius Perry of New York, on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 4. Only relatives and a few intimate friends have been invited to the Robert home, where the ceremony will be held. Miss Beatrice Barnes will be maid of honor and only attendant of the bride. Louis M. Bailey will be the best man, and the ushers will be Charles E. Robertson, David B. Dearborn, Jr., James W. Walker, and Daniel R. Robert, brother of the bride.

Miss Cushman's Attendants.

Invitations have been issued by Mrs. William Perkins Draper for the wedding of her daughter, Miss Violet Cushman, to Dave Hennen Coddington, which takes place on Wednesday, Nov. 24, in the Church of the Transfiguration. Miss Cushman has chosen for her attendants the Misses Gertrude Cheever, Cornelia Hoyt, Angelica Brown, Mary Gillette, Susan Fish Dresser, and Miss Maude Gwynne Shepherd of this city, and Miss Margaret Wright of Philadelphia. The wedding will be followed by a small reception at the Gotham, where Mrs. Draper and her daughter make their home.

Receiver for "Queen of Moulin Rouge."

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Louis C. Wiswell of New York was appointed receiver of the "Queen of the Moulin Rouge" company to-day by Justice Martin J. Keogh at a special term of the Supreme Court held in White Plains and filed a bond for $16,000 to cover judgments against the company. The company is now in Philadelphia, where its scenery, costumes, and other paraphernalia are attached. The application for the receiver was made by the stockholders, who are represented by ex-District Attorney George C. Andrews of Tarrytown. It is said that the receiver will take charge of the show, and that it will proceed on its route.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM cures coughs, colds, and grippe. At druggists, 10c. —Adv.

LIGHT OPERA STARTS AT THE MANHATTAN

Revival of "La Fille De Mme. Angot" Is Made Very Effective by French Company.

MLLE. DELORMES VIVACIOUS

David Devries, Tenor, Has a Pretty Voice, and Mr. Dambrine Was Amusing as Pomponnet.

Clairette	Mlle. Delormes
Mlle. Lange	Mlle. Nolba
Amaranthe	Mlle. Laya
Babet	Mlle. Merly
Mme. Herbelin	Mlle. Govain
Mme. Delaunay	Mlle. Taty-Lango
Mme. Ducoudray	Mlle. Dumesnil
Cydalyse	Mlle. Blondel
Agne Pitou	M. David Devries
Trenitz	M. Leroux
Pomponnet	M. Dambrine
Larivaudiere	M. Blondel
Louchard	M. Nicolay
Cadet	M. Moyroud

Musical director, M. Alfred Haakman.

It was exactly thirty-seven years ago this month that Charles Lecocq's sparkling opera-bouffe "La Fille de Mme. Angot" was produced in Brussels at the Fantasies Parisiennes. A few months later Paris heard the new work at the Folies Dramatiques. On the 23d of August, 1873, Marie Aimee and a French company brought the opera to New York, and for the next twenty years it had frequent performances here in French and in English. In 1890 it served to fill two months' time at the Casino, and on these occasions Miss Camille d'Arville made her American debut in the role of Mlle. Lange.

However, times have changed. French light opera is supposed to be out of fashion. The Folies-Dramatiques has become a second class theatre; the Bouffes-Parisiens, which produced the Offenbach operas, is now given over to drama. Charles Lecocq, himself, now in his 77th year, long ago laid down his pen, which had for many years traced unceasing rows of notes on music paper. He told a friend recently that he believed the day of light opera to be dead.

It may be dead in Paris, where lyric drama in the lighter forms and that peculiarly French entertainment known as the "Revue" have driven opera-bouffe from the stage. But New York, bathed in a recent flood of Viennese light opera, and satiated with the American brand of musical comedy, which is neither comic nor musical, should meet Mr. Hammerstein more than half way in his effort to restore the French opera-bouffe to the New York stage.

Mr. Hammerstein's plan is to produce on two nights a week works of the lighter genre, like "La Fille de Mme. Angot," in a sort of a sub-season. He has engaged a special company for these performances quite distinct from his regular opera company, and the performances, therefore, may be judged from a different standpoint. Mr. Hammerstein has seen fit to dub this special season his "opera comique" season. Originally, it is said, this term was applied to operas with spoken dialogue and pleasant endings, but as now it has been expanded to include everything from "Carmen" to "Les Noces de Jeannette," it may be misleading. The class of works which the impresario will give may be perhaps more appropriately known as "operas-bouffes," or light operas.

However, whatever the season is called, no better work could have been chosen for the first performance last night than "La Fille de Mme. Angot," which has not been heard here—at least capably sung and played—for many years. No other light opera of the French school, with the exception of Offenbach's "La Grande Duchesse" or "La Belle Helene," so well illustrates the class of works to which it belongs.

The story is gay and bright, a distinguishing feature between the French and the German light operas, the latter often having dramatic or romantic stories, and the music is as sparkling as it needs to be. It was a very facile pen with which Mr. Lecocq wrote, and as he was writing for the hour, or even the minute, rather than for time in general—or even the age!—some of his music is perhaps a bit faded. However, last night's audience seemed to enjoy the score from beginning to end. It was a forgone conclusion that the "Legende de la Mere Angot" would have to be repeated. Ange Pitou's "Rondeau" in the first act is a charming number; the "Chanson Politique" is brilliant.

As for the waltz at the end of the second act it still holds its own against even "Die Lustige Witwe." Banale, if you please, but very pretty, and just as pretty to-day, and just as effective, as it was in 1872. In the ensemble numbers Lecocq never achieved the successful effects of the man whose popularity he always hoped to exceed, Offenbach, but it must be confessed that ensemble numbers of such a high grade as are found in "La Fille de Mme. Angot" are not met with in the light operas of to-day.

As for the performance itself it was extraordinarily effective. Mr. Hammerstein has engaged a company which is thoroughly French, and which thoroughly understands the method of singing and acting opera bouffe. The performance, barring a certain heaviness in the orchestra, went with swiftness. The Manhattan is a charming house for works of this class. The points get over the footlights and reach the auditors.

Much of dialogue has of necessity been cut, but such of it as was left was accompanied by so much action and the words were spoken by the different members of the company with such vivacity that the course of the opera never lagged.

There were no weak spots in the cast. Mlle. Delormes, who played the part of Clairette, has a vivacious French personality, of the sort which the American tourist to Paris is accustomed to see in the "Revues." Her voice was quite adequate to the demands of the part, and her action was always amusing. She will evidently be a valuable member of this branch of the company.

The part of Mlle. Lange in the opera is scarcely less important, and this was no less well played and sung by Mlle. Nolba, who is tall and statuesque. Mlle. Laya, in a very small part, at least had a chance to sing one of the most effective numbers in the score, and she made the most of it.

David Devries, who sang the part of Ange Pitou, is a tenor with a very pretty voice. Mr. Dambrine was amusing as Pomponnet, and Mr. Nicolay and Mr. Blondel were capital in their parts. Mme. Galimberte and the ballet danced during the last act. The orchestra was under the direction of Mr. Alfred Haakman, and might have played with a little more effervescence. The stage settings and costumes were adequate.

The performance, as a whole, merits warm praise. Last night's audience was evidently very keenly entertained.

Charles Banks.

Charles Banks died yesterday at his residence, 14 West Fortieth Street. He was born in North Moore Street, this city, seventy-nine years ago. Eighteen years ago he retired from the law publishing firm of Banks & Brothers, then of Nassau Street, but now the Banks Law Publishing Company of 23 Park Place. His father, David Banks, built the house at 453 Fifth Avenue, and the family resided there for more than sixty years. Mr. Banks was an enthusiastic sportsman, and was a founder of the South Side Sportsmen's Club of Oakdale, L. I. He was also a member of the Union Club and St. Nicholas Society. He is survived by two daughters, Miss Zoe E. Banks and Mrs. Charles W. Belt of Baltimore. He was a brother of Commodore David Banks and A. Bleecker Banks of Albany.

Wife Follows Husband In Death.

Mrs. Mary E. Sheehan, whose husband died on Nov. 2, died yesterday after a two weeks' illness, in which she had been continually calling for him. She was 48 years old, and her husband, Paul Sheehan, had died of apoplexy at his home, 19 Eldert Street, Brooklyn, in the room adjoining her own, but the children were afraid to tell her this, and said that he had gone away on business. He was 53 years old, and for thirty-five years had served as wire chief for the Western Union Telegraph Company.

NEW THEATRE OPERA BILLS.

"Czar und Zimmermann" Will Be Revived Next Friday Night.

Lortzing's "Czar und Zimmermann," which has not been sung in New York for some time, will be revived next week at the Friday evening performance which the Metropolitan Opera Company will sing at The New Theatre. In the cast will be Miss Alten, and Messrs. Forsell, Reiss, and Goritz. On Thursday afternoon of next week "Il Barbiere di Siviglia" will be given at The New Theatre, sung by Mlle. Lipkowska, and Messrs. Bonci and Amato.

At the Metropolitan "Tosca" will be sung on Monday night with Miss Farrar, and Messrs. Scotti and Martin. Wednesday evening "Cavalleria Rusticana," with Mme. Destinn and Messrs. Gilly and Martin, and "Pagliacci" with Mme. Noria and Messrs. Caruso, Scotti, and Gilly, will be the bill; Thursday afternoon "Parsifal" will be given; Thursday night "Il Trovatore," with Mmes. Gadski and Homer, and Messrs. Martin and Gilly; Friday "Otello" will be repeated; Saturday afternoon Mr. Toscanini will conduct "Tristan und Isolde" for the first time here. It will be sung by Mmes. Gadski and Homer, and Messrs. Burrian and Amato. On Saturday evening "Manon" will be sung with Miss Farrar and Mr. Clement in the cast.

CHARLES N. CRITTENTON DEAD

Wealthy Druggist Founded 73 Rescue Homes in Daughter's Memory.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—Charles N. Crittenton of New York, widely known as the millionaire founder of the Florence Crittenton Rescue Home for Girls, died to-night of pneumonia. He was ill less than a week.

Mr. Crittenton founded seventy-three rescue homes in this country and several in Japan and China, which he named in memory of his daughter, Florence, at whose dying request he entered the mission work.

Mr. Crittenton was on a tour, visiting the many rescue homes throughout the country, and arrived in San Francisco ten days ago.

Charles N. Crittenton was born near Adams, in Jefferson County, N. Y., about seventy-six years ago. He worked on his father's farm until he was 20 years old, when he came to this city to seek his fortune. His first venture was as an office boy in an undertaking establishment.

With $60 as his capital Mr. Crittenton started a store for druggists' supplies. At the end of five years he rated his capital at $25,000.

Soon after this Mr. Crittenton built up the large wholesale drug business at 115 and 117 Fulton Street in this city, which is now known as Charles N. Crittenton & Co. After this business was well established Mr. Crittenton started his philanthropic work. He practically retired from his firm, although his name still stands at its head, and spent his entire time in endeavoring to better the condition of the unfortunate.

Mr. Crittenton started his work by spending the first four years in night work in the "slums." He soon became so broken in health that his physicians ordered him abroad, and he determined to take this opportunity to visit the Holy Land. After accomplishing this he visited all the larger cities in the world, studying the conditions of the poor and finding out their needs. When he landed in San Francisco he found a home in that city. To this were added homes at Los Angeles and San Jose, and for the following three years Mr. Crittenton spent all his time on the Pacific Coast.

About five years ago Mr. Crittenton purchased a private car and fitted it up as a home for himself and co-workers. Since that time Mr. Crittenton had made a tour across the continent in his private car twice each year.

GIRLS' BENEFACTOR DEAD.

Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hurley Served Children's Aid Society for 55 Years.

Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hurley, Superintendent of the Children's Aid Society's Elizabeth Home for Girls, died of heart failure at the home, 307 East Twelfth Street, on Monday night. She had been in the service of the society for fifty-five years, and in spite of her advanced age—84 years—was active until within a week of her death. Mrs. Hurley began her work for the society in the East River Industrial School, in East Fortieth Street, in the shanty district then (1855) known as Dutch Hill. Her skill in training unruly girls and her sympathy with and affection for her charges were such that she was placed in charge of the Girls' Lodging House, in St. Mark's Place, in 1870, and later, in 1892, of the Elizabeth Home, as the institution was renamed when it was housed in the present building, erected in memory of Miss Elizabeth Davenport Wheeler.

Mrs. Hurley in all the years of her service cared for upward of 20,000 girls. She sent out to situations about 300 annually, trained to various duties. Her inmates and training are to be held responsible, the officers of the society say, for the fact that 12,000 women have led useful lives who might otherwise have gone to evil ways.

Mrs. Hurley was a widow, her husband, an army Surgeon, having died in service in the civil war. Her funeral will be held from the home to-night at 8 o'clock.

Obituary Notes.

Col. CHARLES SMITH, 81 years old, who served in the Mexican war, was a member of the Lopez expedition to Cuba in the '50s, and was Lieutenant Colonel of the Thirty-first Indiana and Colonel of the 156th Indiana Regiment in the civil war died yesterday at his home in Terre Haute, Ind.

FREDERICK FAIRCHILD, manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company's office in New Haven, Conn., died suddenly of heart disease yesterday. He was a veteran operator, having been in the employ of the company since boyhood, and these years of service made him very widely known. During the civil war Mr. Fairchild was on duty as an operator in this city. His niece, who was formerly Mrs. Frederick MacMonnies, was married a week ago in Paris to Will Lowe, the artist.

Mrs. MARGARET ADELAIDE DE HART, one of the organizers of the White Plains Hospital, the wife of Dr. Henry Garrett V. De Hart, died in the hospital on Sunday after an operation. She was born in 1850 and served on the Board of Managers of the hospital. She left four sons and a daughter.

Dr. WILLIAM A. BELL, a well-known physician of Yonkers, dropped dead on Monday evening in the home of Dudley F. Valentine, whose child he had gone to attend. He was 58 years old, and the cause of his death was heart disease.

NORMAN M. ALLEN, who served for three terms in the State Senate as representative of the Cattaraugus-Chautauqua district and then refused the unanimous Republican nomination for the United States Congress, died on Monday at his home, Dayton, N. Y., at the age of 81. For twenty-nine years he was Chairman of the State Board of Supervisors of the Cattaraugus district, and for thirty-six years Supervisor of Dayton.

J. DANIEL PHILLIPI, for thirty-five years a broker, with an office at 48 Wall Street, died on Sunday of heart disease at the parish house of All Souls' Protestant Episcopal Church 88 St. Nicholas Avenue. He had lived there for several years with his son, Daniel, who is organist there.

ROBERT BUTCHER, for twenty-five years engineering representative of the Neuchatel Asphalt Company, Limited, of England, died on Monday at his home, 103 East Fifteenth Street, of heart disease. He was 52 years old, a native of Bath, England, and had high standing among engineering men.

Mrs. LETITIA MYERS, widow of the late Lawrence Myers, died on Sunday afternoon at her home, Sunnyside, Plainfield, N. J. Mrs. Myers was the daughter of the Rev. Frederick Halsey of Plattsburg, N. Y., and a sister of the late Mrs. Hugh McCulloch. For more than forty years she had lived in Plainfield, where her home had long been a centre of philanthropic interest. Her influence and gifts also extended to many causes abroad. She left one daughter, Mrs. Frederick G. Lead.

CARROLL WHITAKER, a lawyer, well known in the appellate courts, died of heart failure at Saugerties, N. Y., yesterday. During the civil war he served both in the army and navy. For many years he was active in Republican politics, but never held public office. He was prominent in the Masonic and Odd Fellows fraternities. Mr. Whitaker was twice married. His second wife, who was Miss Jennie Richardson of Philadelphia, and one daughter survive him.

CHARLES H. CAPEN, for thirty-four years proprietor of Dorlon's restaurant, at 6 East Twenty-third Street, died of apoplexy at his home, 123 West Ninety-second Street, yesterday. He was stricken at his place of business twelve days ago, and had been unconscious from that time until the end. Mr. Capen was born at Nantucket, Mass., 69 years ago. He came to this city in 1860, engaging at first in the wholesale furnishing business. In 1875 he opened the restaurant on Twenty-third Street, which he retained until his death. Two sons, C. Alfred and Fred M. Capen, who survive him, were latterly associated with him in the business. He is survived also by one daughter, Miss Ethel Capen. For thirty years Mr. Capen was a member of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, of which he had been a Trustee and Treasurer for the last fifteen years.

If you want high-class Help, see Page 11.

REV. DR. M. A. McMANUS DEAD.

One of the Best Known Roman Catholic Clergymen of New Jersey.

The Rev. Dr. Michael Augustine McManus, pastor of St. Aloysius Church, Newark, and one of the best known of the Roman Catholic clergy in New Jersey, died in Newark last night from paralysis. He was 61 years old and was a native of Paterson, being educated in parochial schools there and in St. Charles College, Maryland. He was graduated from Seton Hall College, South Orange, in 1874, and was ordained in that year. Serving as a curate in St. Michael's Church, Jersey City, he then did missionary work in the Southern States for two years.

Following this he had charges at Woodbury and Newton, N. J., later being the first pastor of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Newark, now one of the largest parishes in that city. His ability as an executive made him the successor of the Rev. Walter Fleming, on the latter's death in 1892, of St. Aloysius Church. There he organized school and church societies on large and successful lines. He was among the leading movers in Newark civic and patriotic affairs, and was in demand as an orator.

Father McManus, in addition to being a leader in temperance work in Newark, was a member of the Diocesan Council and Examining Board. He was one of the chief workers in the Catholic Protectory at Arlington, N. J., and it was through his efforts that Newark's new breathing place, Riverview Park, was established in the lower section of the city.

Francis Thome, Composer, Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Francis Thome, the composer, died here to-day. He was born at Port Louis, Mauritius, about fifty-nine years ago. He attended the Paris Musical Conservatory from 1866 to 1870, studying pianoforte with Marmontel and Duprato. He wrote the music for "Romeo and Juliette" in 1890, and in the following year published another series of vocal and instrumental pieces. He has also set many light stage pieces to music.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BARTH.—Monday, Nov. 9, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Barth, 611 West 141st St., a daughter.

CHILD.—Nov. 13, Basking Ridge, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Child, a daughter.

GREEN.—Nov. 11, Ellington, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. John D. Green, a daughter.

TOMPKINS.—Nov. 14, to Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Tompkins, a son.

WATERHOUSE.—Nov. 15, Bristol, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer G. Waterhouse, a son.

Married.

BRACKEN—POWERS.—Nov. 16, Clara Powers to John W. Bracken.

BUECK—FRANTZ.—Nov. 14, Elizabeth Frantz to Eugene Bueck.

LANGDON—ROCKETT.—Nov. 15, Nell Rockett to Edward Langdon.

WHITLOCK—CUTTING.—Nov. 15, Edith C. Cutting to James A. Whitlock.

New Jersey.

ACKERMAN—HIGH.—Nov. 13, Rahway, Adaline High to Philip Ackerman.

DINKEL—WITTPENN.—Nov. 16, Jersey City, Dorothea Wittpenn to George Dinkel.

DUPONT—TERWILLIGER.—Nov. 10, Newark, E. G. Terwilliger to H. S. Dupont.

GOETZ—RISSRK.—Nov. 14, Elizabeth, Sophie Rissrk to John Goetz.

GREEN—MARKLE.—Nov. 14, Jersey City, Bernice Markle to George W. Green.

GATELY—LOSTUS.—Nov. 13, South Orange, Catherine Lostus to Martin Gately.

O'BRIEN—BALDAUF.—Nov. 10, West Hoboken, Irene Baldauf to Daniel P. O'Brien.

RUBIN—HARRIS.—Nov. 14, Paterson, Fannie Harris to Louis Rubin.

WHEAL—ORME.—Nov. 12, Perth Amboy, Carrie Orme to Fred Wheal.

Connecticut.

STERN—GOLDBERG.—Nov. 14, Waterbury, Ena Goldberg to Milton Stern.

Died.

BANKS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 16, at his residence, 14 West 40th St., Charles Banks, son of the late David and Harriet Lloyd Banks, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, on Thursday morning, Nov. 18, at 11 o'clock.

CAPEN.—On November 16, Charles H. Capen. Funeral at his late residence, 123 West 92d St., Friday morning, Nov. 19, at 10 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

COX.—At Flushing, N. Y., eleventh month, 15th, 1909, Mary Frame, wife of Edmund Van Dyke Cox. Funeral will be held at her late residence, 339 Sanford Av., at 3 o'clock on fifth day, (Thursday,) the 18th. Carriages will be at Main St. Station on arrival of train leaving East 34th St. at 2:10 P. M.

DIVERS.—On Nov. 16, 1909, Thomas L. Divers, beloved brother of Patrick W. Divers. Funeral from his late residence, 61 West 108th St., Wednesday, at 10:15 A. M., thence to the Church of Ascension, West 107th St., where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Baltimore, Md.

GOULD.—Albert Sumner Gould, at New York City, Nov. 16, aged 33 years, husband of Clara L. Behr and only child of Sumner A. and Irene (Woolley) Gould of Boston, Mass. Funeral from his late residence, 10 St. Luke's Place, Montclair, N. J., Friday, Nov. 19, at 2 o'clock.

HURLEY.—On Monday, Nov. 15, at 307 East 12th St., Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hurley, widow of the late Dr. John Hurley, aged 83. Funeral services 8 P. M. Wednesday. Interment private.

JACKSON.—At New Paltz, N. Y., on Monday, Nov. 15, after a brief illness from pneumonia, Dora Ritter Jackson, wife of Dr. A. V. Williams Jackson and daughter of the late John P. and Mary A. Ritter of Yonkers. The funeral services will be held at the house in New Paltz on Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock upon the arrival of the train leaving Grand Central Station at 9:40 A. M. via Poughkeepsie. The train returning leaves Poughkeepsie at 4:40 P. M.

HERRICK.—Suddenly, on Nov. 16, in New York City, Sarah Frances Simpson, widow of Dwight Stiles Herrick. Funeral services from her late residence, Peekskill, N. Y., on Friday, Nov. 19, at 2 P. M. Trains leave Lexington Av. station at 11:55 A. M. Please omit flowers.

KING.—Frederick Vinton, infant son of Willard Vinton and Mary Van Beuren King, aged 6 months, at Convent, N. J., Nov. 15, 1909. Funeral private.

KNOBEL.—Alphons M., at his home, on Nov. 16. Funeral from his late residence, 412 State St., Brooklyn, on Friday, Nov. 19, at 10 A. M.; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Schermerhorn St., near Bond St., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of his soul. Interment, St. John's Cemetery.

McGOVERN.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Home Life Insurance Company, held November 16th, 1909, the following minute and resolution were unanimously adopted:

It becomes our sad duty to record the death, on November 6th, 1909, of Mr. James McGovern, who became a Director of the Home Life Insurance Company in February, 1898.

For many years, and until the beginning of his last illness, he was a member of its Finance Committe. In that body he served faithfully and untiringly, bringing to its deliberations the sound and mature judgment which was the result of his many years of training in the financial world.

His frank and cheery disposition, the honesty and candor of his nature, his warm affection for his associates won for him devoted friends in all circles in which he moved.

As an advisor and counselor the company will sorely miss him; we, his associates, have lost a true and sterling friend; by his death the community in which he moved has been bereft of a noble and philanthropic citizen.

Resolved, That this minute be placed upon the records of the board and that a copy of the same be forwarded to Mr. McGovern's family.

McLEAN.—Nov. 15, Catherine McLean, aged 29 years. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.,) Wednesday, 1:30 P. M.

MANN.—Nov. 14, at his home, New Albany, Ind., Edward Henry, son of the late Ellen Thomson and the Rev. Joseph R. Mann, D. D.

MAPLES.—On Monday, Nov. 15, at the residence of her son, Frederick H. Maples, Mary Helen Maples. Funeral service at St. Andrew's Church, 127th St. and 5th Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 17, at 3 o'clock.

MARSH.—Suddenly, Nov. 15, 1909, Isabella Harrison Marsh, widow of William Marsh, in her 63d year. Funeral service at her late residence, 247 West 23d St., Thursday, at 12 noon. Interment private.

M

LIPTON GOING HOME; NO CUP CHALLENGE

Sails To-day Without Having Talked of Matter to New York Y. C. Members.

BUSY DAY FOR SIR THOMAS

Presents Mast of Shamrock III. to City and Guest of Honor at a Dinner Given by Atlantic Yacht Club.

When Sir Thomas Lipton sails on the Lusitania this morning to England he will go away without coming to any understanding regarding a race for the America's Cup in 1911. While it is well known that he came here for the express purpose of looking over the situation that would result in a challenge for the "blue ribbon of the seas" it is almost certain that Sir Thomas did not discuss a proposed challenge with any member of the New York Yacht Club. He did not visit that club while here, but did spend two nights as the guest of ex-Commodore F. G. Bourne at the latter's home. During that visit, however, no mention was made of a challenge for a cup race. In fact, it can be stated with positiveness that neither the New York Yacht Club as a body nor its members individually have received a word that would in any way lead to the belief that Sir Thomas even contemplates ever challenging for the cup again.

A member of the New York Yacht Club says that if Sir Thomas really wanted a race could he not frame a challenge which the club would absolutely be obliged to accept? Sir Thomas, on the other hand, contends that the sailing of a challenger across the ocean is too dangerous to warrant such an attempt, according to this member of the N. Y. Y. C. As to this, the clubman further says, he received permission to tow the first challenger over and he towed the others over without permission. Then why not build the challenger in Canada?

It is the consensus of opinion among yachtsmen that the New York Yacht Club is not averse to a race for the cup; in fact, the members of that organization believe it would be an excellent thing for the club and for yachting in America.

YACHTSMEN DINE LIPTON.

Sir Thomas Guest of Honor at Dinner Given by Atlantic Club.

On the eve of his departure for England Sir Thomas Lipton was the guest of members of the Atlantic Yacht Club at a dinner held at the Lotos Club in West Fifty-seventh Street last evening. The dinner was given as an expression of appreciation for the gift which Sir Thomas made to the Atlantic Club last Summer of one of the steel masts of his America's Cup challenger, Shamrock III. The big spar, a single stick without any topmast, now towers 160 feet above the ground as the flag pole of the Atlantic Club at Sea Gate.

On account of Sir Thomas's decision not to accept any invitations to formal dinners on this visit to the United States, last night's company was limited to about fifty. Commodore Leonard Richards of the Atlantic Club said a few words of greeting to the guest of the evening, to which Sir Thomas responded. Bartow S. Weeks was the next speaker, and then William H. Childs of Brooklyn, whose sonderclasse racer Joyette won the President Taft Cup at Marblehead last September against the German yachtsmen, announced that the initiative had been taken by the Atlantic Yacht Club in negotiations for a new contest of an international character next season.

Mr. Childs said that H. E. Boucher, Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the Atlantic Club, had cabled to the editor of The London Field announcing the desire of the Atlantic Club to offer a valuable cup for a series of races for yachts in the eight-meter class, as recognized in European waters, during the season of 1909, and the guarantee of the Atlantic Club that at least three yachts would be built on this side to defend the trophy. The plan is that the yachts shall race in teams of three from each country. A reply from London is now awaited.

The eight-meter yachts for which the trophy is offered correspond closely in their general dimensions to the "Q" class of yachts, in which there has been keen racing along the Atlantic Coast from Baltimore to Boston for several years past. Several members of the Atlantic Club stand ready to build in the eight-meter class if the negotiations for a race are successful.

Among those who attended the dinner last night were Commodore Leonard Richards of the Atlantic Yacht Club, Vice Commodore J. D. Probst and Rear Commodore H. G. S. Noble of that club, R. C. Veit, Col. D. F. Neill, John F. O'Rourke, William H. Tod, J. H. Flagler, J. A. Moffett, Col. C. W. Fuller, C. W. Price, Barlow Towse, Frederick Thompson, William H. Childs, R. P. Doremus, Max Grundner, R. A. C. Smith, Commodore Wilson Marshall of the Larchmont Yacht Club, Rear Commodore Charles Sweeney of the Columbia Yacht Club, J. M. Fisk, Henry J. Gielow, J. W. Copman, A. H. Post, William H. Remick, and Morton W. Smith.

LIPTON RAISES OLD GLORY.

Mast of Shamrock III. Dedicated as Flagpole in Long Island City.

Sir Thomas Lipton was the principal speaker yesterday afternoon at the dedication of the mast of the Shamrock III., raised at the end of the Queensboro Bridge in Long Island City. He spoke at length, and received a rousing reception from the thousands of persons, including many school children, who had gathered to hear him.

The pole is 155 feet high, and at its summit is a flag, which was purchased with money subscribed by the children of Public Schools 4, 5, and 6 and Bryant High School. The exercises were presided over by the Hon. John D. Crimmins, who introduced Sir Thomas Lipton, after the children had sung "The Star-Spangled Banner." Sir Thomas said, in part:

"I feel greatly honored and well pleased at being able to accept the honor of presenting to the City of New York the mast of my last America's Cup challenger, Shamrock III. I heartily congratulate the executives for the magnificent position they have chosen, here at the plaza of the largest and finest bridge in the world.

"This staff will have at its truck the grand old Stars and Stripes, which I always salute with intense love and respect, as it is the flag which sheltered and defended me when I first came to this country, a poor lad, with nothing to my name but the desire and ambition to make enough money to help support the old folks at home. This was one of the proudest moments of my life, [as he said this he pulled a cord which sent the flag to the top of the staff,] and I hope all you children will grow up to be as proud of this dear old flag as your forefathers were."

Bridge Commissioner Stevenson accepted the staff, and then the children sang patriotic songs and the ceremonies were concluded.

Twenty-third Regiment Games.

The Fall athletic meet of the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn will be held in the regimental armory on Saturday evening. The entry list is one of the best that ever graced the Twenty-third meets. In the sprints are Northbridge, De Loiselle, Steinert, Sedley, Barker, Robbins, Cooke, Richmond, and Bursh. Yank Robbins will be on scratch in the "880," and is out to smash Valentine's record of 2:00 2-5 for the distance. He will be paced by Haywood, Walther, Berker, Semken, Thompson, and others. The meeting of Bursh, Bacon and Northbridge in the final heat of the 120-yard high hurdle race promises to be interesting. All three are doing record time in practice. The Sunday Schools A. L. boys will have their chance in a one-mile relay handicap. The feature open event will be the attempt on the part of Jack Eller, Irish-American A. C.; J. L. Hartranft, New York A. C., and Roy Dorland, Pastime A. C., to set new hurdling records at sixty and eighty yards over three-foot sticks.

Hockey Practice for Collegians.

With the arrangement of the schedules of games in the intercollegiate championship series interest has been revived in hockey, and the various teams in the league have already begun to select men from the second division to replace the players of last seasons' 'Varsity teams. Practice periods have been arranged for immediately after Thanksgiving, and many of the players have already begun their skating practice at the St. Nicholas Rink. The Columbia team, which has made such a poor showing in recent years, will make an unusual effort this year to keep the championship from Harvard or Dartmouth. R. K. Murphy of the 'Varsity crew will captain the hockey team, and, in addition to Coach Von Bermuth, will have the assistance of Coach Rice of the crew in conditioning the men. Rice has had considerable experience with conditioning hockey players, and will be able to give valuable assistance in getting out the full playing strength of the team.

Thanksgiving Marathon Derby.

Arrangements are practically complete for the annual Thanksgiving Day Marathon Derby of the Mercury Athletic Club of Yonkers, and from present indications this year's event will eclipse those of the past two years. The course will be the same as in the previous races, with a slight change at the start, finishing the last four miles on the Empire City race track at Yonkers and Jerome Avenues. The Norris Hotel on the corner opposite the track has been secured for the use of the contestants, and every care will be given those who compete. A staff of physicians and a hospital corps will traverse the course and pick up all who may drop out or need attention. Stations have also been established along the course, where the contestants will receive every care. The list of entries includes almost every distance runner of note in and around New York. Among the New York stars who have entered are Jimmie Clark of the Xaviers, who smashed records at Celtic Park last Sunday; Rosette, Rosenece, Crowley, and Nathan.

Irish Wrestlers to Grapple on Mat.

Much interest is being manifested in the match of Con O'Kelly and Pat Connolly, claimants to the Irish wrestling championship, in a finish contest at the Grand Central Palace on next Monday night. The winner is likely to be pitted against Champion Frank Gotch, as promoters of Chicago and Kansas City have already made overtures for such an encounter. Besides the principal match on Monday night there will be three other bouts between well-

There is more than one way of being caught in the rain.

One is as shown.

Another is being caught on a raincoat which may be well proofed, but is not of all wool and fast color fabric, and so does not give satisfactory service.

Again you may be caught on a mackintosh which is not properly rubberized, or which has been in stock so long that the rubberizing is worthless.

We save you from all these catches, and even from human fallibility, since we make right anything that does go wrong.

Our raincoats are not only proofed by the real Priestley "Cravenette" Process, but are every one of them all wool and proved fast color by our own test: $20 to $35.

Our mackintoshes are every one of them water-tight, and as for their freshness — our only trouble this year has been to get good mackintoshes fast enough. $15 to $25.

A fancy waistcoat brightens up dark days.

Though of course we've dark fancy waistcoats too. $5 to $10.

Fabric gloves are fine for rainy days.

They're washable, and the *double texture* we imported this Fall can hardly be told from chamois. $1.25.

What's on a man's mind most of the time is good, if it's one our derbies, $3 to $6.

Might call it a rubber's double—our "Double Shoe."

A waterproof shoe that hasn't a bit of rubber in it. $5.50.

Not an Arrow is made but what is shot our way.

So we've all the new Arrow collars you see advertised.

No short man wants a tall man's underwear.

In having everybody's size, including all the odd sizes, that trouble has been eliminated.

$1 to $5.50 a garment.

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Three Broadway Stores.

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YALE TEAM HOLDS FINAL SCRIMMAGE

Signal Drill To-day Will Complete Eli's Training for Harvard Game.

GO TO BOSTON THURSDAY

Daly and Vaughan Only Regulars Who May Not Play—Other Players in Fine Physical Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 16.—There is every indication that the Yale football eleven has fully regained its physical form and playing versatility. The team was driven through a brisk ten-minute scrimmage this afternoon, and every player was on the jump. To-day's test was the first since the Princeton game. The five players who went out of town all returned and were in the scrimmaging. The regular back field was put on the gridiron, but the first string trio in the back field rested.

Capt. Coy, Philbin, and Murphy, who will start the Harvard game, were in the signal drill as the backs, but dropped behind to watch the play when the scrimmaging began. The second string set, including Savage, Francis, and Robinson, were used in the battling against the scrubs. Savage was in the Coy formations attacking the second team, and he ploughed through for two touchdowns in the ten minutes. Part of the scrimmaging was used with the scrubs attacking the 'Varsity with Harvard formations. The second team failed to gain first down during the practice. Brooks, of the second team, was tried at right end on the 'Varsity. "Dummy" Logan was in uniform, but was not in his place for even the signal rehearsal. Savage was tried at end in part of signal drill, and Head Coach Jones said to-night that the coaches had not decided whether to use Savage in the back field as second string man or to try him at right end when the Harvard game starts Saturday. It seems sure that neither Logan nor Vaughan will be in fast form, and Naedele's injury of last season has proved to have made him too slow to get down under Coy's long punts.

Yale expects to do much punting next Saturday, and this means that her fastest ends will be used. Brooks is the fleetest of the lot and Savage may be reserved for second string back field man.

To-day's scrimmaging closed that feature of Yale's play for the season, as far as practice is concerned. Capt. Coy said to-night that nothing but signal work was planned for to-morrow, and the eleven goes to Boston Thursday noon.

The improvement of Daly and Vaughan at the College Infirmary is slow, and Dr. Hammond said to-night that he thought that neither would play against Harvard. The failure of Daly to get into the game is likely to give the Captaincy to Kilpatrick, especially if he duplicates his great work of last Saturday.

More than a dozen coaches helped run the eleven to-day, including Ferguson, Morris Ely, Paul Veeder, De Witt Cochrane, Frank Hinkey, Phil Smith, Sherwood Coy, George Adee, Buck Stuart, Clint Roraback, Wheaton, and Jones.

The general improvement in condition of the eleven has caused a wave of increased confidence to spread through the campus in the ability of the team to beat Harvard in the closing game of the season.

Yale will practice in the Stadium Friday afternoon, as the grounds the eleven formerly used at Auburndale are not available. Only signal drill will be engaged in. Yale has never practiced in the Stadium.

CAPT. FISH NOT IN LINE-UP.

Absence from Harvard Team Causes Uneasiness Among Undergraduates.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 16.—Capt. Fish was again absent from the line-up of the Harvard football team during the two hours of practice in the stadium to-day. While the medical attendant of the team states that Capt. Fish's condition is not serious, and although Fish reported at the Locker Building to-day, the undergraduate body is somewhat uneasy because of rumors that the Captain's playing ability has been impaired.

To fill Fish's place at right tackle, L. Withington was taken from left guard, and Perkins, a substitute centre, assigned to Withington's place. The team lined up against the scrubs, the latter using supposed Yale formations. Although the work was hard it was not in the nature of a game, no tackling being allowed and the coaches interrupting the play frequently for advice.

Final preparations were made this afternoon for the entertainment of the Harvard eleven when the Yale visitors take possession of the stadium. The Crimson cohorts will leave Thursday for Dedham, where they will be quartered at the Norfolk Hunt Club until Saturday morning.

12,000 Requests for Seats Refused.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 16.—The fortunate applicants for tickets to the Harvard and Yale football game on Saturday, to the number of 37,000, received their coveted pasteboards of crimson and blue to-day, while nearly 12,000 requests for seats were refused because of the insufficient seating capacity of the stadium.

The rejected applications this year are twice as large as usual, partly through the increased interest in the game, and also because the seating capacity of the stadium is some 4,000 less than in the Yale games of 1907 and 1908.

That the crowd will be more thoroughly a college gathering than ever before is manifested by the fact that nearly all the rejected applications were for extra allotments of seats, and also by the marked absence of speculators both in Boston and in New Haven. It is estimated that less than 500 tickets will find their way into unauthorized hands.

PENNSY CAPTAIN BENCHED.

Miller Displaced as Quarter Back—Would Not Leave Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—The most radical change during the Pennsylvania football season was made this afternoon when the coaches benched Capt. Miller and started "Danny" Hutchinson at quarter back. The coaches were not at all satisfied with Miller's work in either the Lafayette or the Michigan game, and to add to their grievance against him he refused to leave the Michigan game last Saturday when they sent in a substitute to take his place.

Hutchinson was called out on the field early to-day and the coach began to instruct him in his new duties. He took the first squad through a snappy signal practice and ended the afternoon with a scrimmage. He ran the freshman team last year. The question is now what are they going to do with Miller? This afternoon he practically did nothing. They did not use him as quarter back on the second team, nor was he worked out with the ends.

Grandstand Fund Goes to Rowing.

When it was found that the Committee of Buildings and Grounds of Columbia University would not permit the erection of a permanent grandstand on South Field it was hoped that the class of 1900, who were to start the work, to be finished by succeeding classes, would give instead a frame grand stand which would fill the present demands and yet could be readily removed when it was thought necessary by the authorities. But it was decided yesterday by the class to use the money in a different way, so that the vision of any form of a grandstand whatever now fades off to some far future date. The class will instead give $2,500 to the rowing club to pay for the new coaching launch, which has just been completed. This payment was to be made from the general fund of the rowing club, which could ill afford to spend such an amount in view of the heavy rowing expenses to be met next Spring.

JOY NOW A HOLY CROSS END.

Important Change Made in Eleven to Oppose Fordham Team.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 16.—The Holy Cross football squad were out for an hour's practice this afternoon, and that Coach Larkin is not quite satisfied with the work of the purple team was shown when another shift was made in the line-up. Lawler, who has been one of the ends, was supplanted by Joy. The latter has played some fast games this season and will play against Fordham next Saturday at New York. The purple squad was drilled especially in kicking formations this afternoon, with drills on blocking of ends. The practice consisted of a short, snappy signal play, after which the first and second teams engaged in a scrimmage, during which the first team scored two touchdowns on the scrubs in twenty-one minutes of play.

Jones, who relieved Krafts at quarter back yesterday, displayed good generalship in the practice, but is weak on the defense. The remainder of the eleven was handicapped somewhat in the practice by the absence of several of the first and second string men, who were delayed on account of studies.

The Holy Cross following and Coach Larkin have their eyes on the Fordham team, and every energy will be bent during the remainder of the week to perfect the play of the men to meet the aggressive attack of the Fordham stars in American League Park.

It was a patched-up team that started practice on Fordham Field yesterday in preparation for the game with Holy Cross at American League Park in this city on Saturday. Most of the regulars were out of the line-up, some on account of injuries and others because the coaches felt that they had been under too much strain recently. Magrave substituted for J. McCarthy at left half, whose place he took in a part of the game with Rensselaer, and he showed satisfactorily on both offense and defense. Capt. Gargan also failed to get into the scrimmage, his right hand being still in bad shape, but he will likely start on Saturday. "Dad" White, the best ground gainer on the eleven, is on the hospital list with a wrenched leg. S. McCarthy is occupying a like position, and it is considered improbable that he will start against Holy Cross. Walsh and Kelleher were also out of the scrimmage yesterday.

The practice was against the High School of Commerce team, and Fordham with its substitute team on the field was able to run up four touchdowns in about fifteen minutes of play. McCaffrey made two and Tobin and Scanlon one each.

The indication now is that the proposed Fordham-N. Y. U. game is a dead issue, as the N. Y. U. management has offered no reply to Fordham. It is considered that the game with Syracuse on Thanksgiving Day will attract a large gathering of football enthusiasts as the sale of tickets has already reached unprecedented proportions.

INDIANS IN SCRIMMAGE.

Coach Warner Preparing for Hard Battle with Brown at Polo Grounds.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 16.—This afternoon's practice for the Carlisle Indian football eleven marked the initial work of a strenuous character in preparation for the Brown University contest on Saturday at the Polo Grounds in New York. Coach Warner made a change in the regular line-up of the team by trying out Dupuis, who played a star game at full back last Saturday against Gettysburg, while substituting for Houser at the left half back position, and placing Solomon at right half back. A half-hour scrimmage practice followed the customary signal drill, and the players who occupied new positions were individually instructed in their respective duties.

Lone Star, who has replaced Garlow as right tackle, is coming fully up to the coaches' expectations. Garlow has been badly handicapped for two weeks by water on the knee. Full Back Houser appeared on Indian Field this evening, but did not go into the scrimmage, reserving his activities for the practice of field goals.

Navy-Carolina Game Probable.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 16.—Nov. 27, the date for the Army-Navy game, which was canceled by the Army following the death of Cadet Byrne from injuries received in the Harvard game, has finally been practically filled. Instead of playing their old rivals before applauding thousands on Franklin Field, Navy's warriors will almost surely meet the eleven of the University of North Carolina on Academy Field here on that date.

The initiative in arranging the game was taken by the Southerners, following Virginia's action in canceling all games after the death of Half Back Christian from injuries received in the Georgetown contest last Saturday. With their own big game called off by their opponents, Carolina asked Navy for a game in Washington. Supt. Bowyer has given permission for a contest to take the place of the Army game, but stipulated that it must be played at Annapolis. After two weeks of striving to get some big college team to come to Annapolis, and when Harvard, Yale, Dartmouth, and others had all declined, the authorities here jumped at the offer of the Carolinas. Navy at once accepted the tender of a game provided Carolina will come to Annapolis. It is understood here to-night that they will play here.

British Officers Beaten at Polo.

The British Officers polo team was defeated by the Tichenor-Grand Polo Club at the Tichenor-Grand Riding Academy last evening by a score of 3 to 1. The officers' team included Lieut. Yorke, Lieut. Hetherington, and Lieut. Walwyn, and the Tichenor-Grand team was made up of W. Singer, J. Newhold, and J. Swiling. It was the opening music ride of the season, and an innovation was introduced in the grand entree when as the sixty riders appeared in the arena, commanded by Capt. W. F. R. Turner, snow began to fall, and in a short time the ring was in the throes of a miniature blizzard. Miss Nana Cherbonnier, the sixteen-year-old rider from Baltimore, received an enthusiastic reception when she appeared to take part in the jumping contest. Mr. Holloway's Perfection won the event. The silver cup in the saddle class went to Miss M. McDonald's Violetta. The steeplechase event was won by Martin Aylward, and J. C. Groff won the silver cup in the saddle class. The events were witnessed by a large audience.

Basket Ball Victory for St. Francis.

The basket ball team of St. Francis College scored a victory over the Adelphi five on the latter's court in Brooklyn yesterday by a score of 18 to 5. The winners played a fast game and excelled in passing and guarding. The line-up:

Adelphi.	Position.	St. Francis.
Barrs.		
Hanrahan	Right forward	McIntyre
Charlet	Left forward	Brouthers
Bath	Centre	O'Donnell
Holden	Right guard.	McConnell, Reilly
Otts.	Left guard.	Gilligan, Mullen

Field goals—Reilly, (4,) Brouthers, McIntyre, Mullen, McConnell, Holden. Goals from fouls—Brouthers, (3,) Holden, (2.) Referee—W. P. Reutchie, Adelphi. Umpire—J. J. McDonald, Adelphi. Timekeeper—C. J. Guiney, St. Francis. Time of halves—Twenty and fifteen minutes.

Friday evening St. Francis will line up against the fast Brooklyn Training School team at Pilgrim Hall, Brooklyn.

Princeton Runners In Poor Shape.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Nov. 16.—The Princeton cross-country team, whose prospects up to the present have been unusually bright, has received some serious handicaps. During practice to-day Horton, who was looked upon as a "comer," fell in taking one of the jumps, and badly injured a knee. Dow, the speedy little half-miler, who won that event in the meet with the Yale freshmen last Spring, is hobbling around with a bad ankle, while Hoyt, the crack miler on last year's freshman team, is also on the sick list. The outlook is not very encouraging, and Coach Wilson has said that Princeton may not compete in the intercollegiate run to be held at Boston next Saturday.

Bonhag to Try for More Records.

A great deal of interest has been added to the coming National senior individual and team cross-country championship to be held at Celtic Park on Saturday afternoon by the announcement that George V. Bonhag of the Irish-American A. C., holder of every indoor and outdoor record from five and a half miles up to ten, will try to add to his large list of records the three, four, five, and six mile figures in a special six-mile open race, to be run off before the cross-country championships. This race will start at 3 and the championships at 3:45 o'clock. Entries for the cross-country championships have been received from the Irish-American, Mohawk, Mercury, Acorn, and many other clubs, and promises to be one of the greatest cross-country events

PILGRIMS VANQUISH CRESCENT ELEVEN

Britons Complete Their "Soccer" Tour of United States with Victory.

BAY RIDGE TEAM OUTPLAYED

Clubmen Shoot Only One Goal Against Skillful Players of England—Six Goals for Visitors.

The Pilgrims "soccer" football team played their last game in the United States at Bay Ridge yesterday afternoon, and on the eve of their departure to England outplayed the Crescent Athletic Club team by a score of 6 to 1. The crack English team showed flashes of its best form, and when the game was safely tucked away the British booters toyed with the ball and showed a collection of clever tricks that had the Crescents bewildered. All the playing was in the Crescents' territory, excepting a few times when the Bay Ridge team would charge into the Englishmen's defense and rush the ball up the field, only to find a barrier in front of the Pilgrims' goal. Only once did the Crescents score, and that was well along in the second half, when Jackson squirmed out of the bunch in front of the Pilgrims' goal, and just as the sphere was forwarded to him by Charlwood, shot it into the net on a difficult play.

The Pilgrims did some quick and accurate passing, bounding the ball from one to another, in and around the feet of the rival kickers. They dribbled the ball at the point of their shoes in a most skillful manner, and time and again outwitted the Crescents as they booted the ball up the field. But that does not mean that the Crescents did not put up a good game, because they did. Against big odds of experience and superior team work, they played a plucky up-hill game, and their forceful charging broke up the Pilgrims' team work time and again as the ball neared the goal.

The game was on more than ten minutes before the Britishers got into action. Then Campbell dribbled the ball to Eastwood, who booted it on a line to Hoare, who sent it home with such terrific force that it shook the netting. Soon after, Littlewort, who is a rangy six-footer, received the ball, and shot it between the posts with a left foot drive. More than once during this half the Pilgrims were on the verge of scoring, some of the shots grazing the uprights by a few inches. Klegg of the Crescents had an open field ahead of him in this half and missed an easy goal.

Early in the second half there was an exciting mix-up in front of the Pilgrims' goal. The Crescents attacked the net from all sides, but could not squeeze past Demoine. The Pilgrims' third goal came ten minutes after replay. Coopland netting the leather after the ball had been cleverly advanced to him by Davidson. R. Armstrong, the Crescent goalkeeper, was kept on his toes in this half, disposing of more than one difficult drive. Campbell booted one at Armstrong and he blocked it nicely, after sprawling out full length in front of the goal, but on the rebound the Pilgrims' half back put it through. Cotton caged the fifth goal, and Hoare, after a pretty duel with Charlwood for possession of the ball, scored the sixth goal, after the ball had been once punched out of danger by Armstrong.

Throughout the game the Pilgrims kept up a sustained attack on the Crescent goal and had the game in hand from the start. Charlwood and Klegg did good defensive work for the Crescents and H. Armstrong at centre half back broke up many of the Pilgrims' plays. The Britons showed a lot of inside work in passing and dribbling. Littlewort at centre half did some clever heading, controlling the course of the leather time and again by just throwing his head to one side. The line-up:

Pilgrims.	Position.	Crescents.
Lemoine	Goal	R. Armstrong
Milnes	Right back	Charlwood
Bagley	Left back	Andrews
Campbell	Right half back	Jeffers
Littlewort	Centre half back	H. Armstrong
Clemenson	Left half back	Humphries
Eastwood	Outside right	O'Rourke
Cotton	Inside right	Jackson
Hoare	Centre	McClelland
Coopland	Inside left	Kerr
Davidson	Outside left	Klegg

Goals—Hoare, (2,) Coopland, (2,) Campbell, Cotton for Pilgrims; Jackson for Crescents. Referee—Mr. Harlan. Linesman—Mr. Baxter. Time of halves—Thirty minutes.

Sullivan Gives Flynn a Beating.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 16.—Jack Twin Sullivan, the Cambridge middleweight, administered one of the worst beatings ever witnessed in a Boston arena to Jim "Porky" Flynn, the youngster who had been making rather rapid strides up to his meeting with the clever Cambridge boxer to-night, at the Armory Athletic Association. Sullivan had Flynn at his mercy from the beginning of the fifth round. Flynn put up a game exhibition. Sullivan used all his ring generalship and floored Flynn a half dozen times during the bout. Several times it looked as though Flynn would have to stop, but his stamina was nothing short of wonderful, and, coupled with his gameness, enabled him to stand up under the worst beating of his career. Sullivan never boxed in better shape.

Fights at Brown's A. A.

Eddie McMahon defeated Young Wildfang in the main event of ten rounds at Brown's Athletic Association, West Twenty-third Street, last night.

The police were not in evidence last night, as they seemed satisfied by their investigation last week that Manager William Brown is running his club without violating the law. No one can enter the clubhouse unless he is a full-fledged member.

In the other bouts Johnny Allen defeated Young Percy in six rounds, Ernie Graham won from Andy Williams in six rounds, and the contest between Al Hoppe and "Kid" Specks was stopped in the first round of a four-round contest to save Hoppe from a bad beating.

Keyes and Baldwin Bout a Draw.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Bert Keyes of New York and "Matty" Baldwin of Charlestown, Mass., fought ten rounds to a draw here to-night at the opening of the boxing season at the American Athletic Club. Both men were in good condition, but Baldwin had a slight advantage in weight. The fighting was close, and the contest was about even to the eighth round, when Baldwin forced the fighting, and the last two rounds were hard fought, with Baldwin having the better of it. Early in the fight Baldwin received a cut at the corner of his left eye, which bled profusely, and Keyes also received a bruise on his right eye. Battling Nelson, the lightweight champion, was at the ringside and witnessed the fight.

Cornell 'Varsity Men Crippled.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Although most of the Cornell 'Varsity team was out on the field this afternoon, their first appearance this week, they were so battered and worn by the injuries of the Chicago game that the coaches did not allow them to do any heavy work. A few passed the ball around and exercised lightly. A patched-up 'Varsity, composed of subs and Capt. Tydeman, was sent against the scrubs in a lively scrimmage. The 'Varsity was able to score twice. The coaches pushed the men hard, announcing that they intended to get the subs in the best form, so as to have them in shape for playing on Thanksgiving Day if the 'Varsity men could not get into condition.

AMERICAN JOCKEYS HOME.

Spencer, Miles, and McDermott Return from Germany for Visit.

Jockeys Henry Spencer, M. Miles, and L. McDermott all arrived in New York from Germany yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. They have come home for a Winter visit, and each one will return in the Spring to fulfill riding contracts for the season of 1910.

Mickey Miles was the most successful of the trio during the season that recently closed, and his most notable performance was when he rode Sixtenstine to victory in the Austrian Derby. He finished third on the list of winning jockeys, piloting fifty winners during the season. Jockey Janak, a native, was first with ninety-nine winning mounts to his credit, and second place was taken by an Australian boy.

Miles is under contract to Edgerton Brothers, who race a big stable at Vienna and Budapest, and he will return to them next March. He is big and rugged now, when compared with the little chap he was when he was turned out as a rider by "Father Bill" Daly, who had a hand in training many of the famous riders, but he is still able to make weight of 108 pounds, and that is considered a lightweight in Germany.

Jockey McDermott is another graduate from the Daly school, and he has been riding abroad for the past six years, this being his first visit to his home at Bay Ridge since he made his first trip to the other side. For the coming season he is under contract to Baron von Obrekot, who occupies a prominent place on the German turf.

McDermott is able to do 100 pounds easily, and has met with such success since going abroad that he has been engaged at a salary of $5,000 for the coming season. Before he went abroad, and after he was through at the Daly school, he rode for Philip J. Dwyer of the Brooklyn Jockey Club.

Henry Spencer is still under contract to Herr Gau of Berlin, and will go back to him in the Spring, though he is becoming so heavy that he will probably confine his efforts to training before long. On the occasion of his last visit to America Spencer was commissioned by Herr Gau to buy two horses, and he took Tattling and Tileing back with him. Tattling is a three-year-old, by Meddler-Rotha II. She raced successfully for James R. Keene as a two-year-old. Tileing is a five-year-old son of Hastings and Pertile, and was purchased from James McCormick. Both proved exceedingly good purchases, and raced with excellent success during the year. In fact, for a time it looked as though Tattling would prove the best mare in Germany.

Joe Notter, who went abroad to accept an engagement with Mr. Weinberg, will probably remain abroad for the Winter. He has gone to France, where he has attached himself to the establishment presided over by Fred Burlew and Frank O'Neill, and will confine his riding to the French course for the next season. O'Neill, by the way, has made a name for himself since his return to the saddle, and has already been engaged to ride for W. K. Vanderbilt next season.

Around the Billiard Table.

Calvin Demarest gave exhibitions of both first-class and indifferent billiards at Maurice Daly's billiard Academy, Broadway and Forty-ninth Street, yesterday. In the afternoon he showed to good advantage, defeating C. P. Conway by a score of 300 to 85, making a high run of 122, and an average of 27 3-11. Conway averaged 8 5-10, with a best inning of 23. Demarest played poorly in the evening game, winning 300 to 48, but his average dropped to 12 12-24 and his best run was 54. His opponent, L. Deutch, averaged 2 and made a high run of 6.

In practice for the coming tournament at Madison Square Garden, George Slosson last night at his own academy defeated E. Kirby by a score of 500 to 21. He ran out in sixteen innings, with an average of 31 4-16 and a best string of 91.

Charles O'Hara and William Gershall will play in a 200 point exhibition 18.2 billiard match at the opening of Fred Taral's new Monogram Hotel billiard parlors, Broadway, between Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth Streets, to-morrow night. Another feature will be a three-cushion carrom match between John Daly and Ike Peisur, and Grant Eby, the pool expert, will play a 100-point match with Byrnes, the Irish champion.

Albert G. Cutler, the Boston billiard expert, was nearly defeated in one of his exhibition matches at McGraw's Billiard Academy yesterday. In the afternoon match he played George Moore and won by the scant margin of 300 to 299. His high run was 77 and his average 15. Moore made a best inning of 58 and an average of 16. Moore lost the match by trying a difficult bank shot for position, thinking he had three points to go instead of one for the victory. Cutler then ran out with a string of 17. In the evening match Cutler defeated John Hendricks by 300 to 140. His average was 27 and his best turn at the table netted him 92. Hendricks made a high run of 54 and an average of 14.

Firmin Cassignol, the French billiard champion, was in rare form at Doyle's Billiard Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street, yesterday. In the afternoon he scored a victory over George Brown by 350 to 38, and made an average of 35 and in the evening he won from John Daly by 300 to 140 in a twelve-inning contest. The most remarkable performance by the Frenchman was early in the day, when he made a run of 308 in practice. In the three-cushion carroom tournament last night, H. Fronclin won from "Alec" Smith in a close game by 23 to 24. The match went forty-nine innings, and the high run of 5 was credited to Fronzlin.

High Schools In Cross-Country Run.

C. Ward Crampton, M. D., Secretary of the Public Schools Athletic League, has arranged the cross-country championship for Saturday, Dec. 4, at 2:30 o'clock, at Celtic Park, Long Island City. A three-mile course will be laid out and marked with flags. Each public High School is entitled to enter this race, the first five boys on each team to be credited with points. Silver medals will be given to the first five boys finishing, irrespective of the school, and a suitable trophy will be given to the school scoring the least number of points.

Maxwell District League to Organize.

The Maxwell district organization, a branch of the Public Schools Athletic League, which will include the west side, from Fifty-ninth Street to 110th Street, has been organized, and this afternoon delegates from the schools in this district will meet at Public School 93, Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street, to elect officers for the ensuing year. The District League will arrange for all base ball, basket ball, athletics, and other competitions in this district under the direction of Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Secretary Public Schools Athletic League. Fourteen thousand school boys will be represented in this league.

Dunn Buys Baltimore Club.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 16.—The Baltimore Eastern League Baseball Club was sold to-day by Edward Hanlon to former Manager Jack Dunn. This sale means that Dunn will manage the club in the future.

If you are particular about having the best in a *handy short smoke*, something better than you've ever had, request

Intermission

Little Cigars

In Tin Box—10 for 10 cents

Surbrug—maker

GREENE'S BIPLANE BALKS.

Takes Several Spins on the Track, but Makes No Flights.

It was decidedly an off day for Dr. William Greene and his flying machine at the Morris Park course yesterday. Not only did Sir Thomas Lipton, who it was said had promised to make an ascent with him, fail to put in an appearance, but the biplane indulged in only a few chicken flights. It left the ground perhaps half a dozen times, traveled through the air for a few feet, and then dropped to earth again and continued the alleged flight on bicycle wheels. Dr. Greene said that the wheels, which were injured in the accident of Sunday, were so displaced as to make it impossible to gain the necessary speed for an ascension. However, all that the spectators saw was that the machine, once it did leave the earth, could not maintain its position in the air. It reminded one of nothing so much as the attempts of a chicken to fly as compared with the soaring flight of a bird.

In several of the attempted flights Dr. Greene took a passenger with him, and on these occasions the biplane showed even less inclination to try air navigation, which, of course, would make Sir Thomas Lipton quite as satisfied that he was not on hand.

The big dirigible balloon owned by Joel T. Rice and John A. Riggs of Hot Springs, Ark., met with an accident in an attempted flight early yesterday morning, one of the three propellers which govern the direction being broken by coming in contact with a rope. The balloon was at the time about 30 feet in the air. It was taken back to the tent and repairs were immediately begun. Late in the evening the airship was again taken out, and this time it made a short flight over the race track, completing a quarter circle. It was so dark that it was difficult to see the balloon at all, and when the engine, which had not been working right at any time during the day, stopped the airship was towed back to its anchorage. In what little flight was made the machine appeared to be under control, though it moved very slowly. The flight, however, was far from conclusive that the airship will accomplish what its owners anticipate. The pilots in the flight last evening were Joel T. Rice and his son, Roy A. Rice.

AUTOMOBILES.

AUTOMOBILE ADVICE TO RESIDENTS OF NEW JERSEY

Whatever automobile you decide to purchase, it is decidedly to your advantage to get it of a New Jersey dealer. All cars need little adjustments and attentions on the start, to which you are entitled, and it is most important that the New Jersey agent have an interest in the car.

In addition, all contracts with manufacturers require dealers to sell only in their own territory. You want a clear title to your car.

New Jersey Automobile Trade Association

EASY CONTROL NOISELESS POWERFUL

"40" $2,250 MIDLAND $1,800 "35"

CARS

Phone Col. 4250—For a demonstration.

J. MORA BOYLE, Pres., 1851 B'way.

TIMES SQ. AUTOMOBILE CO. BARGAINS

Largest Dealers in New and Used Cars in the world, no matter what car you want, at Remarkably Low

NEW DANCES HERE BY RUTH ST. DENIS

In "The Purda," the Spirit of Incense, the Dancer Moves in Harmony with Smoke.

SNAKE CHARMER'S DANCE

Woman Moves with the Sinuousness of the Cobra—Hindu Attendants in the Nautch Dance.

After an absence of two years, spent in England and the Continent, Miss Ruth St. Denis reappeared in her dances yesterday afternoon at the Hudson Theatre. There were a houseful of people to see her, an orchestra under the direction of Walter Meyrowitz to furnish her with music, and a company of Hindoos to assist her by supplying a realistic background for the stories she told in her posturings.

One can say, without being called to task for it, that the dances offered by this American girl are music in color and motion. Her sinuous body, the rippling muscles of her arms and hands, the expression of her face that changed with the tempo of the sound music, are harmonies on one theme, differing only in key. Whether in the gay whirl of the Nautch dance, or in the almost dirgelike movements of the Yogi episode, she was the East.

Miss St. Denis offered five dances, two of them new to New York, and the old ones so elaborated and so perfected as to be almost new themselves. The first was "The Purda," the curtain that separates the women's apartment from the rest of the house. This dance represented the spirit of incense, in which the white-clad dancer moved in harmony with the smoke from several braziers, colored by rays of light. The second was "The Street," that showed a bazaar in a small town, with the sellers and street people about. Here the dancer, dressed in the rugged garments of a snake charmer and wearing great green gems on the first and little fingers of both hands, represented the sinuousness of the cobra, swaying and striking. In this dance the effect of intense sunshine was a strong contrast to the semi-gloom of the first number.

The third feature of the programme showed the interior of a Rajah's palace. The Rajah receives a guest, and for his entertainment provides a Nautch dancer. Miss St. Denis appeared in voluminous iridescent bordered white silk skirts, and with the attendance of four Hindoo musicians. This dance was full of fire and of happiness, executed with much abandon of movement. The fourth dance represented the meditations and final exaltation of a Yogi. The scene was a forest, close set with trees. To the accompaniment of a 'cello, played off stage, the dancer began a series of slow posturings indicating the practices of the Yogis seeking to attain perfection, concluding with a crescendo with the full orchestra.

The last number of the afternoon was called "The Temple," or the dance of the five senses, the first dance Miss St. Denis gave in America. This was in two scenes, the first showing the temple gates guarded by a yellow-clad Yogi. Men and women passed in and out until the bells called to service. The second scene showed the interior of the temple. Behind latticed doors was a statue of Rhada, the wife of Krishna. Priests and acolytes performed their rites at the foot of the pedestal upon which she sat. To the waving of lights and the presentation of offerings Rhada came to life.

In the dance which followed was shown the renunciation of the senses—sight, hearing, smell, taste, and feeling, and at the end Rhada returned to the shrine and the doors closed. In this dance Miss St. Denis wears a close-fitting jacket and trunks, and many jewels. In all of her dances, except "The Street," her feet are bare. She uses very little "make-up" except as to her face, but leaves her skin the very light brown of the Parsees of Benares, rather than the deep tones of the Hindoos of Bombay.

At the conclusion of the performance yesterday afternoon there were a dozen or more curtain calls, to which the dancer responded with a quaint, and, presumably, Eastern salutation.

MISS DUNCAN'S VIVID DANCES.

Dances to Beethoven's Symphony with Poetical and Rhythmical Effect.

Miss Isadora Duncan again appeared at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon and danced for the first time this season to Beethoven's A major symphony, which was played by the New York Symphony Orchestra, with Walter Damrosch conducting. It is quite within the province of the recorder of musical affairs to protest against this perverted use of the Seventh Symphony, a purpose which Beethoven certainly never had in mind when he wrote it. Because Wagner dubbed it the "apotheosis of the dance" is not sufficient reason why it should be danced to.

However, if one takes it for granted that Miss Duncan has a right to perform her dances to whatever music she chooses, there is no doubt of the high effect she achieves. Seldom has she been more poetical, more vivid in her expression of joy, more plastic in her poses, more rhythmical in her effects than she was yesterday. Wagner's title for the symphony might very properly be applied to Miss Duncan. As usual, she was most effective in the dances which require decisive movement. One of the wildest of her dances she closed with arms outstretched and head thrown back almost out of sight until she resembled the headless Nike of Samathrace.

The orchestra played Tschaikowsky's "March Slav," a pantomime from Mozart's ballet music to "Les Petits Riens," and a Beethoven "polonais" for the second part of the programme and then Miss Duncan danced five Chopin numbers. The audience was large and enthusiastic.

PLAY FROM 'REBECCA' BOOKS.

Klaw & Erlanger Produce "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm."

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 16.—Klaw & Erlanger and Joseph Brooks presented at the Court Square Theatre to-night their newest play, "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm." Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin and Miss Charlotte Thompson have built the play on both Mrs. Wiggins's "Rebecca" books, using the story of the Simpson family in "The Chronicles of Rebecca" as the serious thread on which to hang the story.

The first act shows the arrival of Rebecca on the old Concord stage, driven by Uncle Jerry Cobb. The girls of the village, Emma Jane, Clara Belle, and others, succeed under Rebecca's leadership in so disturbing things at the brick house that, in the course of a good State o' Maine thunderstorm, Rebecca runs away to the more congenial home of the stage driver, who finally persuades her to return.

The episode of the soap selling occurs in the second act, and the meeting of Rebecca and Adam Ladd, ("My Aladdin,") whose munificent purchase of 300 cakes wins the premium for the Simpsons.

The third act occurs in the Sawyer barn at harvest time, when the whole village is preparing for a flag raising.

Between Acts III. and IV. three and a half years elapse, and little Riverboro puts on long dresses. It is graduation day, and Rebecca and the others, who are "going on seventeen," have just come home from Wareham Academy. The old brick house, with the hollyhocks growing under the windows, gleams in a June sunset, and later the moon rises on the last scenes between Rebecca and "Mr. Aladdin," where the little heroine plainly shows that her girl's heart is passing into the keeping of the man who has watched over her life since her coming to Riverboro.

THIEVES' COMEDY IN GERMAN.

Gerart Hauptmann's "Der Biberpelz" Acted in Irving Place.

DER BIBERPELZ, a comedy in four acts, by Gerhart Hauptmann. Irving Place Theatre.

Von Wehrhahn	Horst Bulss
Krueger, Rentier	Erwin Baron
Philipp Fleischer	Julia Hamburger
Motes	Oskar Denke
Frau Motes	Lina Haenseler
Frau Wolff	Georgine v. Neuendorff
Julius Wolff	Carl Schmidt
Dr. Fleischer	Hans Heilmann
Adelheid	Carola Sekera
Leontine	Flora Arndt
Wulkow	Gustave Hartzheim
Glasenapp	Hans v. Hessert
Mitteldorf	Gustav Olmar

"Der Biberpelz," which was acted by the German company in Irving Place last night, occupies a curious position in the list of Gerhart Hauptmann's works—a sort of point of arrested development, or one at least in which the dramatist for the moment returned to the field of his earlier endeavors. Coming immediately after "Hannele's Himmelfahrt," with its celestial visions, and just before "Die Versunkene Glocke," with its fragrantly romatic style, "Der Biberpelz" is chiefly distinguished for a sort of crude materialism and reality, presented in figures that are comic unfailingly. The play is, in fact, of thieves' comedy, slightly satirical, no doubt, but agreeable to watch if one is interested in characters rather than in incident and movement. It is always a little pleasant to see arrogance take a tumble even if, as in this case, the knowing person represents some sort of official virtue.

Of the impudent and resourceful washerwoman, Mother Wolff, Georgine von Neuendorf makes a decidedly amusing figure, while Horst Buls, as the unsuspecting Superintendent Wehrhan, helps to get the fun out of the various developments. Carl Schmidt is properly slow-witted as Julius Wolff, and the others generally fill out the figures very neatly. "Der Biberpelz" is to be repeated to-night. To-morrow night Johann Strauss's familiar operetta "Die Fledermaus" will be given.

New York Symphony Orchestra Concert.

All the orchestral societies are giving more than the usual number of concerts this season. Last night the New York Symphony Orchestra, which was heard Sunday afternoon in The New Theatre, gave almost the same programme in Carnegie Hall. Fritz Kreisler was again the soloist, and again he played the Beethoven concerto with the perfection of tone which one has grown to expect from this artist as a matter of course during late years. The orchestra played Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, which had been played Sunday, but for the Second "Leonore" Overture of The New Theatre programme Mr. Damrosch had substituted the Mozart music from the ballet "Les Petits Riens," which had been played the Sunday previous.

William Collier Has a New Comedy.

A new comedy has been selected for William Collier. It is called "A Lucky Star," and is by Mrs. Anne Crawford Flexner. The locale of the piece is Holland, near Amsterdam, and one scene shows a houseboat, which is to be a replica of William Gillette's famous craft, The Aunt Polly, that holds the record for taking longer to go from New York to New Haven than any other boat ever built. Mr. Collier began rehearsals yesterday, and will make his first appearance in the comedy at Atlantic City on Dec. 6.

Belasco to Aid Actors' Fund Fair.

David Belasco yesterday accepted the Chairmanship of the Committee on Decoration of the Actors' Fund Fair, which is to be held next May. The fair, it is said, is to be one of the largest ever held in the city, and it will take place in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. Many well-known theatrical people, it is expected, will serve on the various committees.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

An innovation introduced at the New Amsterdam Theatre last night was the serving of coffee in the smoking room during the intermission.

Henry Clay Barnabee, the old comic opera singer of the days of The Bostonians, attended a performance of "The Chocolate Soldier" at the Herald Square Theatre last night. Mr. Barnabee has not appeared on the stage for some time.

Contracts were signed yesterday between Henry B. Harris and Mrs. Anna Steese Richardson and Henry Leslie Fridenberg for the rights to a new play, "A Man's a Man."

Grace Elliston in "Jacquelin" will follow Kyrle Bellew in "The Builder of Bridges" at the Hudson Theatre, beginning on Dec. 6.

The first local performance of "His Name on the Door," a new play by Frank Lord, will be given at the Bijou Theatre next Monday night. The company will include Orme Caldara, Byron Douglas, Walter D. Greene, George Gaston, Louise Closser Hale, Pauline Duffield, Ethel Clayton, Mason Stone, and Jerome Sterm.

Joseph Kessler, the Yiddish actor, will appear at the Peoples' Theatre, on the Bowery, next Thursday evening, in a revival of "Hamlet." Mr. Kessler is planning to make a tour of the United States in English plays, under the direction of Edwin A. Relkin.

Notice was sent out from Maurice Campbell's office yesterday that Henrietta Crosman had refused to appear in Cairo, Ill., last Monday in "Sham," because of the recent lynchings in that town.

The Shuberts announce that they have engaged Hugo Brik, a foreign conductor who recently arrived in America, to conduct a series of Viennese musical productions for which the Shuberts have obtained the rights through their Berlin agent, Gustav Amberg.

SENSELESS GIRL ON A TRACK.

Trolley Passengers Find Her with a Fracture of the Skull.

The police of the Morrisania Station and the detectives of the Bronx Bureau were at work last night trying to find out why a 17-year-old girl who had been found unconscious on the tracks of the Westchester Avenue line of the Union Railroad Company was hurried away to her home instead of being taken to the Lebanon Hospital, whose ambulance was used. The girl may die.

At 6:50 o'clock a Westchester Avenue trolley car stopped at Tiffany Street and Westchester Avenue, and the passengers saw a young woman lying on the track ahead. They saw a man who said he was an Inspector of the trolley company get out look at the woman, and then call for an ambulance. A surgeon soon came with the ambulance from Lebanon Hospital. He said she had received a fracture of the skull and concussion of the brain.

A few minutes before another car had passed along the track in the same direction, and the passengers of the second car concluded that the young woman had fallen off the rear platform, striking her head against some iron pillars at that corner, or that she had fallen while trying to board the car. The inspector seemed to be taking the case into his own hands, and Robert Fick of 1,381 Taylor Avenue, one of the passengers, telephoned what he had seen to Police Headquarters.

The police found out from the ambulance surgeon that the girl was Cecilia Kahn of 941 Tiffany Street, the Bronx; that he had taken her to her home and not to the hospital and that he had left her unconscious at her house. He knew nothing more than that, he said.

Two detectives were sent later in the night to the girl's home. They were told that she was still unconscious. They could get no more satisfaction than that, and at midnight were still trying to find out what car, if any, had injured the girl.

AGAIN RAPS ASSEMBLY CLERK.

Assemblyman Bennett Warns New Members of Smith's Work Against Bills

Assemblyman William M. Bennett of this city followed up his earlier attacks on Clerk Ray B. Smith of the Assembly, who is a candidate for re-election, yesterday with another broadside on his record. It was contained in a letter sent to all the Assemblymen-elect throughout the State.

The fight on Smith is assuming such serious proportions that it has caused a decided stir among the Republican leaders, who are doing everything in their power to prevent a defection from the present Clerk which would lead to the election of Assemblyman James A. Francis of this city, his rival for the post.

Mr. Francis went into the fight at the solicitation of friends, to render possible the dethronement of Clerk Smith, under whose dominant influence legislation introduced by him at the last session for the regulation of telephone and telegraph companies suffered defeat.

It was said yesterday that to stave off the prospective desertion of Smith by the entire delegation from New York County the leaders will hold up the Chairmanship of the important Cities Committee, which has become vacant through the defeat of Assemblyman Hammond of Syracuse, as a prize which will go to some Republican from New York County provided its Republican delegation supports Smith in the caucus at the opening of the session.

STRONG ALIBI FOR DOTY.

Witnesses Say He Was at Home When Townsend Home Was Entered.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Nov. 16.—From testimony given to-day the likelihood of the conviction of John Louis Doty, on trial for entering the home of Mrs. A. S. Townsend and attacking her daughters and Miss Halsey, is not strong. There were four witnesses to prove an alibi for Doty to-day. They were Mrs. Catherine Barto, her daughters, the Misses Inez and Caroline Barto, and Mrs. Doty, the defendant's wife.

Some time ago Mrs. Barto rented one of her houses on what is known as the old Barto estate at Oyster Bay to the Dotys, expecting to go to California. Until she went she and her family stayed on in the house. They testified that Doty had come in about 10 o'clock and had gone to his room with a severe cold, and that they could hear him coughing all night.

Miss Carolyn Barto came in late that night and said that she slept down stairs and heard him moving in his room until midnight and after. Mrs. Elizabeth Webster of Oyster Bay testified that Doty was at work at her house until 10 o'clock. The assault was said to have occurred around midnight. Four residents of Oyster Bay, Glen Cove, and Cold Spring bore witness to the man's good reputation. The case goes to the jury to-morrow.

PLEADS FOR THE RAILWAYS.

Claims Attorney Tells Railway Surgeons 'Vicious Legislation' Must Stop.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the New York and New England Association of Railway Surgeons began in this city yesterday in the meeting rooms of the Academy of Medicine. Dr. J. M. Wainwright of Scranton, Penn., the President, called the meeting to order and briefly outlined the programme for the meeting which is to conclude to-day with a clinic by Dr. Joseph A. Blake, in the Presbyterian Hospital.

Several papers were read at the sessions yesterday. J. D. Hamilton, claims attorney for the Santa Fe, was one of the speakers in the afternoon.

"We owe it to ourselves," he said, "that our roads be protected from further vicious legislation. We ask the public to aid by refraining from further tampering with reduction of rates. With such a reduction there must necessarily follow a reduction of the wages of workingmen. If the latter must come, then, that all things may be equal, let our legislators devise ways to reduce the cost of living."

KRUPP COMPANY SUIT IS ON.

German Concern Charges Midvale Steel with Infringing on Patent Rights.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 16.—Suit was begun in the United States court to-day by the Krupp Steel Manufacturing interests of Essen, Germany, against the Midvale Steel Company of this city.

The plaintiff charges infringement of certain patent rights. There are four suits entered, involving the right of the Midvale Steel Company to use the Krupp process of manufacturing armor plate.

John S. Unger, expert metallurgist for the Carnegie Steel Company, was the only witness examined to-day. His testimony relative to the patents used at the Midvale plant was given behind closed doors.

Manhattan's Next Week's Bills.

Mme. Tetrazzini will be heard for the first time in New York in "The Daughter of the Regiment" next Monday evening at the Manhattan Opera House. John McCormack will sing the part of Tonio and Mr. Gilibert will be heard as the Sergeant.

On Friday evening of next week Mme. Carmen-Melis will make her first appearance here in "Tosca." The cast will include Messrs. Renaud, Zenatello, and Gilibert.

"Herodiade" will be repeated Wednesday evening, and Miss Mary Garden will again sing "Sapho" on Saturday afternoon. On Thanksgiving evening there will be a special performance of "Carmen," when Mme. Cavalieri will sing the title part for the first time here. Mr. Zenatello will be the Don Jose and Miss Miranda and Mr. Dufranne will be in the cast.

"Les Dragons de Villars" will be sung on Saturday night of next week for the first time at this theatre. In the cast will be Mmes. Duchene and Dumesnil and Messrs. Devries, Dufour, Dambrine, and Nicolay. "La Mascotte" will be repeated on Tuesday.

Every Auto Accident Means Arrest.

A general order was sent out by Chief Inspector Schmittberger yesterday by order of Commissioner Baker directing that in every case of an automobile accident an arrest be made, whether the injured person desires to make a complaint against the driver or not. Heretofore arrests have not been made unless they were requested by the person injured or unless he was so seriously hurt that he could not make the request.

Justice Peckham's Will Probated.

ALBANY, Nov. 16.—The will of Justice Rufus W. Peckham of the United States Supreme Court was admitted to probate to-day by Surrogate Van Derzoo. Outside of a few minor bequests, the entire estate, the amount of which is not given, goes to his widow.

MRS. PIER COLLECTION SALE.

Metropolitan Art Museum Pays the Highest Prices for Gems.

The Metropolitan Art Museum paid the highest prices at the opening day of the sale of the collection of Mrs. Garrett Ryckman Pier yesterday afternoon at the American Art Galleries. Japanese objects in ivory, wood, and bronze, with a number of Chinese pieces and textiles and embroideries, made up this first lot.

The highest price of the day, $270, the Museum gave for a temple jar and stand of the K'ang-hsi period, of hard white paste, in inverted pear shape, an unusual piece decorated in deep cobalt blue. A lot of lampas wall hangings, Louis XVI., with characteristic decorations in cream on a silvery blue ground, went to the Museum for $245; a rare jardiniere, Ch'ien-lung period, champleve enamel and gilded bronze with decorations of gilded Peking glass and inlaid jewels, $130; a miniature Ch'ien-lung vase, with a seal mark on the foot, $32.50; a Ch'ien-lung bottle, globular shape, from the Bing collection, $80; a small Ming bowl, with enameled figures of the Taoist divinities, $27.50; a Yung-cheng eggshell bowl, from the Startseff collection, $45, and a Ch'ien-lung plate of white porcelain decorated in the Chinese Imari style also went to the Museum for $6.

Mrs. Cooper Hewitt, R. E. Moore, R. W. Patterson, and Mrs. Untermeyer were among the purchasers of the day. Antique jewelry, cabinet gems, old delft, and Persian Saracenic with snuff boxes, miniature portraits, prints, and paintings will be sold this afternoon. The sale continues through the week. The receipts yesterday were $4,247.50.

HARVEST FESTIVAL FOR CHARITY

Benefit for Cripples at the Waldorf—Moving Pictures for Dinner Guests.

The season for social and charitable entertainments at the big hotels opened yesterday with several notable affairs. So great is the demand for novelty this year that all sort of innovations are being introduced. Last night at a private dinner given at the St. Regis Hotel the guests were entertained by moving pictures.

The first big charity affair took place at the Waldorf-Astoria, where the Harvest Festival for the benefit of the Free Industrial School for Crippled Children opened in the grand ballroom, to last three days.

There was a large attendance at both the afternoon and evening sessions, and crowds collected about fortune wheels, throw the ring, and the miniature race track, afterward patronizing the palmists. At intervals the crippled children took part in a vaudeville entertainment in the Colonial Room.

There were many prominent arrivals of foreigners at the hotels yesterday. Lady Gordon-Cummings, who, with her sister, the Marquise de Breteuil, recently sold the vast cotton print works in the northern part of the State which they inherited from their father, William T. Garner, registered at the Holland House.

Count Facche H. Guiglia of Como, Italy, arrived at the Netherland. The Princess Lillian de la Pointe registered at the Hotel Broztell from Paris, en route to Chicago.

Frank Isitt of London, whose engagement to Genee, the danseuse, was announced by the dancer some time ago, arrived yesterday at the Astor. Mr. Isitt, who is the family lawyer of the Duke and Duchess of Newcastle, watched Genee last night from the stalls of the New Amsterdam Theatre.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Sir Thomas Lipton Sails for Liverpool To-day on the Lusitania.

Among the passengers who arrived on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. from Bremen yesterday were:

Senator A. S. de Bustamante and Mrs. Bustamante of Italy, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Crocker, Dr. William H. Crawford, Mrs. Huntington Denton, Count Alfons-Fachetti Guiglia, Richard D. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Lawrie Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clay Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Poynter, Mr. and Mrs. Benson B. Cloan, H. W. Taft, and Dr. Roger T. Vaughan.

Among the passengers booked to sail for Antwerp on the Red Star liner Finland to-day are:

Richard Gunther, the United States Consul General at Frankfort-on-Main; F. M. Crossman, Samuel W. Moore, Charles L. Power, and John L. Young.

Among those booked by the Cunarder Lusitania for Liverpool to-day are:

Col. Robert B. Baker, Charles H. Boynton, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Campbell, Mrs. Winthrop Chanler, Walter B. Cheney, Henry S. Culver, United States Consul at Queenstown; Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fairchild, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Gray, Mrs. F. L. Higginson, Jr., Norman Jenks, H. Maitland Kersey, Sir John Langman, Sir Thomas Lipton, Lady Alice Mabon, Mr. and Mrs. Robert McClellan, Sir Arthur and Lady Nicholson, the Baroness de Pallandt, and Don C. Seitz.

Some of those sailing on the Hamburg-American liner President Grant are:

Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Brewster, Mrs. Richard Dewey, Mrs. A. E. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hegeman, Miss Alice Hegeman, Mrs. Robert T. Reid, Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Hull, and Charles H. Wagener.

The White Star liner Majestic, sailing for Southampton, will have among her passengers:

Charles S. Bottomoley, C. C. Cowlin, Mrs. W. D. Dickey, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Pilgrim, R. H. Todd, and George B. Willis.

Social Notes.

The wedding of Miss Beatrice Benjamin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Evarts Benjamin, and granddaughter of the late Henry H. Rogers, to Alexander Dallas Bache Pratt, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church. There will be a small reception at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin, 2 East Eighty-seventh Street.

Miss Gladys Louise Peck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gordon Peck of Samsondale, West Haverstraw, N. Y., and Otis Norton Shepard of Boston, will be married to-day in the First Presbyterian Church, Samsondale, erected by the great-grandfather of Miss Peck.

Mrs. Frank Morgan Freeman of 37 West Fiftieth Street will give a theatre party, followed by a dance at the Plaza this evening for Miss Constance Hunter.

Gen. E. P. Meany and Mrs. Meany of Morristown, N. J., have returned to town and are at the Plaza for the Winter.

Mrs. Frederick Pearson and Miss Pearson have closed their Newport season and returned to New York.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Fannie Dwight, daughter of Daniel A. Dwight of Boston, and Louis Crawford Clark of this city, which will be held in the First Unitarian Church, Boston, on Nov. 27.

Mrs. Charles Henry Coster and Miss Helen Coster returned to town yesterday from Tuxedo.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lanfear Norrie left Newport yesterday and will be in town for the rest of the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman will remain in Newport until Dec. 1.

CORRIGAN IS BANKRUPT.

Turfman's Petition Shows Assets of $13,650, Liabilities of $173,998.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 16.—Edward Corrigan, the turfman of Chicago, New Orleans, and Lexington, has filed in the United States Court at Frankfort a petition in bankruptcy. His assets are given at $13,650, liabilities $173,998.

The secured claims amount to $72,062, as follows: John W. Gates of New York, $36,000; Whitney National Bank of New Orleans, $11,800, and Anne V. Ryan of Cincinnati, $24,262. The unsecured claims amount to $101,936.

To Advertisers

Advertisements for Sunday's New York Times should be in the Times Building not later than noon Friday.

Last Sunday's Times contained 131 columns of high-grade advertisements.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Men's Overcoats

The neatness with which our Overcoats are made and finished makes them equal to the better grades of Custom-made garments.

There are no better cloths, than we use.

The silk linings are of the best.

In Fit and Style there can be nothing better.

$18.00 to $45.00

We have just added several new lines of Sack Suits, Silk-lined and of the finest Worsteds.

$40.00 to $45.00

And everything good in Men's Furnishings.

Browning, King & Company

B & K TRADE MARK

Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Dr. JOHN H. MEYER'S PURIFYING PLATE POWDER

Is the Ideal Purifier and Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean Plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and the general health is benefited.

For Sale by All Leading Druggists.

If you want a Furnished Room and Board, see Page 17.

FRAIL BOYS BARRED IN DISTANCE RUNS

A. A. U. Takes Important Step to Safeguard Health of Young Runners.

MUST PASS PHYSICIAN'S EYE

Many Changes Made in Rules for Conducting Athletic Events—Brown Appoints Committees.

The agitation which was started some time ago against boys of frail physique participating in long-distance runs and Marathon races has been successful, for at the annual convention of the Amateur Athletic Union, held here Monday, a new rule was passed which bars all competitors under 16 years of age. The new rule also requires runners in races of over five miles to pass a physical examination by a physician appointed by the organization holding the event. This will bar athletes who have not trained properly for the grueling long-distance runs. The athletic officials believe that the new rule will promote more faithful training and prevent weak competitors from collapsing on the track.

A new rule which will be welcomed by spectators at track games requires that trainers and handlers shall not be allowed within the centre field, or inner circle, or on the track immediately prior to or during competitions at any meetings, except in races of five miles or over. Another new rule, in relation to the broad jump, requires that "the ground in front of the scratch line shall be flush." Formerly this rule required that the ground be removed to the depth of three and the width of twelve inches. The new rule will probably minimize the number of accidents to broad jumpers' ankles, on account of the small trench at the take-off in this event.

An important change was made in the rule governing the hurdles. It is now required that in making a record it shall be necessary for the competitor to jump over every hurdle in its proper position, and no record shall be allowed unless all the hurdles remain standing after the competitor has cleared them. A competitor knocking down three or more hurdles or any portion of the hurdles in a race shall be disqualified. Formerly there was no penalty attached to the knocking over of a hurdle in this event, and the new rule will make the event more difficult.

No new rule was made in relation to the hammer throw, but in the fifty-six-pound-weight event an amendment was passed requiring that the weight shall be a metal sphere with hands of any shape and material which must be permanently attached to the sphere. Their combined weight shall be at least 56 pounds and their combined height shall not be more than sixteen inches. An amendment in relation to the measurement of the shot-put requires that the measurement shall be taken at the circle from the nearest mark made by the fall of the shot to the circumference of the circle on a line from the mark made by the shot to the centre of the circle. And hereafter in measuring all weight events and broad jumps that portion of the tape showing the feet and inches must be held by the official at the take off or at the circle.

A change in the registration rules provides that athletes on renewal of registration must fill out blanks as on the original application, but it will not be necessary to have the application indorsed unless required by the Registration Committee. Hereafter, the various associations of the Amateur Athletic Union will only be required to pay into the National Treasury 5 cents for each registration instead of 10 cents, as formerly. There will be no charge hereafter for basketball sanctions. An amendment to the rule governing steeplechasing requires that in the steeplechase every competitor must go over or through the water, and any one who jumps up on one side or other of the water jump shall be disqualified by the referee. The hurdles and jumps shall not be over three feet in height, and there shall be twenty hurdles to every mile.

Everett C. Brown, the newly elected President, has appointed the committees to serve during the coming year, with Chairmen named, as follows:

National Registration Committee—James S. Sullivan, Chairman, New York.

Record Committee—F. W. Rubien, Chairman, New York.

Championship Committee—James E. Sullivan, Chairman, New York.

Legislation Committee—B. S. Weeks, Chairman, New York.

Finance Committee—John Steil, Chairman, New York.

Basket Ball Committee—Dr. L. H. Gulick, Chairman, New York.

Playgrounds, Athletic Parks, and Baths—Joseph B. MacCabe, Boston.

Delegates at Large—A. G. Mills, New York; Dr. L. H. Gulick, New York; C. C. Hughes, New York; C. C. Carter, Boston; F. J. V. Skiff, Chicago.

Committee on Redistricting the Various Associations—Everett C. Brown, Chairman, Chicago; James E. Sullivan, New York; Bartow S. Weeks, New York.

CREW QUITS WRECKED SHIP.

Sailors Reach Port In Small Boat After Vessel Strikes Shoals.

SIASCONSETT, Mass., Nov. 16.—Abandoning their stranded vessel and making for port in a small boat, the members of the crew of the schooner E. Arcularius reached Cuttyhunk to-day in their little craft. They left the Arcularius bilged and full of water on the Sow and Pig Shoals, where she struck last night.

The wreck was discovered to-day by the revenue cutter Acushnet, which will proceed to-morrow to Cuttyhunk and take the crew of the wrecked vessel to Wood's Hole.

The Arcularius was loaded with iron oxide. She is of 94 tons net register and was built in Maine in 1851. Her home port is Rockland, Me.

ATLANTIC COAST ELECTION.

Directors and Officers Continue in Power and Dividend Is Declared.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 16.—The stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad met here to-day and re-elected the old Board of Directors, who re-elected all the officers. A semi-annualy dividend on the common stock of 3 per cent., payable in January, was declared.

A blanket mortgage of $200,000,000 and a special issue of debenture bonds of $23,566,600, convertible into common stock at $135, was authorized, these issues to cover outstanding obligations.

Can Sell Seat for $85,000.

Mrs. Beula C. Davenport of 225 Central Park West obtained permission yesterday from Supreme Court Justice McCall to sell the Stock Exchange seat of her husband, David Orr Davenport, for $85,000. A few weeks ago Mr. Davenport was adjudged incompetent and his wife appointed a committee of his person. He has been in the Bloomingdale Asylum at White Plains for the last three months under a commitment signed by Justice Giegerich. Mrs. Davenport stated that she had a cash offer of this amount for the seat, and that the best interests of her husband's estate favored its acceptance. Other property of Mr. Davenport includes a life interest in a trust fund of $50,000 and personal property of about the same amount.

The Pennsylvania Buys 10,000 Cars.

The Pennsylvania Railroad announced yesterday the placing of orders for 10,000 additional freight cars, half for use on the lines east of Pittsburg and the other half for use on the western lines of the system. The Pressed Steel Car Company gets orders for 8,500 cars, the Standard Steel Car Company for 1,000, and the Ralston Steel Car Company for 500.

LEGAL SEARCH FOR $200,000.

Lawyers Trying to Discover What Became of the Sale of Stocks.

Several witnesses were examined yesterday before United States Commissioner Alexander on the petition of Nathan Bilder, Federal Trustee in Bankruptcy, who is trying to ascertain what became of the $200,000 realized from the sale of stock of the bankrupt Kernit Manufacturing Company, organized in 1904 in New Jersey to make imitation rubber.

John J. Vause, the company's attorney, testified to the distribution of the stock, amounting to $500,000, most of which went to officers of the company and the lawyer representing the English interests. St. John Alexander, formerly Secretary and Treasurer of the bankrupt concern, testified that up to December, 1908, no books were kept. He says he then remembers seeing the company's cash book.

Edwin R. Graves, ex-President, testified that he learned of the making of imitation rubber while traveling in Russia, and that it was suggested by the owner of the patent in England that he organize an American company.

He said he turned over the 72,500 shares of Kernit stock allotted to him to Charles E. Ellis, who sold them to investors at $10 a share on 40 per cent. commission. He said he received about $25,000. He promised to produce the company's cash book and ledger.

A DUAL CONDUIT MONOPOLY.

Report Shows That Two Corporations Are in Control in Manhattan.

The reports given out yesterday of the conduit companies of the city for the year 1908 made public some important facts about the control of these corporations. The Public Service Commission gave out the reports. There are two conduit companies, which have between them a monopoly of the electrical conduit business in Manhattan, as pipe galleries were not built in the present Subway. Such galleries are included in the plans adopted by the commission for future subways.

The reports of the conduit companies show that the high-power wire ducts are in the control of the New York Edison Company, through its ownership of 15,160 out of 18,750 shares of the stock of the Consolidated Telegraph and Electrical Subway Company.

In like manner the New York Telephone Company controls the Empire City Subway, which has the low power wire ducts, owning 38,025 out of a total of 43,240 shares. Both companies are heavily bonded, the Consolidated Telegraph and Electrical Subway Company having $11,323,000 of bonded debt and the Empire City Subway Company, $6,824,000 of bonds.

The list of clients of these companies shows that practically all the corporations having electric wire systems in the Borough of Manattan have to get their conduit rights from them.

NEW FOURTH NATIONAL STOCK

Bank to Authorize an Increase of $2,000,000 in the Capital.

The stockholders of the Fourth National Bank will hold a special meeting on Dec. 16, it was announced yesterday to authorize an increase of $2,000,000 in the bank's capital stock, from the present figure of $3,000,000 to $5,000,000. The new stock will be offered for subscription to the stockholders at $200 a share, by which the bank's capital and surplus will both be increased by $2,000,000.

This will bring the Fourth National's capital and surplus up to $10,000,000, in addition to which it has undivided profits which will bring the amount of the bank's own resources considerably above the ten-million-dollar mark. The latest statement of the bank shows surplus and undivided profits of $3,324,700.

In explanation of the increase in the bank's capital and surplus, an officer of the institution said yesterday that this move was in keeping with the present-day tendency, the purpose being to better equip the bank to handle increasing business. It was denied that the issue meant any change in or additions to the interests now associated with the Fourth National.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The local market opened with a rush this morning with the Cole-Ryan stocks the feature. Large buying orders in these issues were well scattered and prices advanced sharply. Greene-Cananea appeared to be in especially good demand, and advanced to 14⅝ within the first hour. Sales of this stock during the day amounted to over 24,000 shares. North Butte gained a couple of points, to 64½, on transactions of over 15,000 shares. The buying in these issues resulted in higher prices throughout the list, and the strength was well maintained until toward the latter part of the afternoon, when there was a slight reaction on realizing by those who had bought at lower prices in the morning. The market closed steady at the recession.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92	91⅞	92
60,000	Am. T. & T. cv 4s	107	106	106
1,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	69¾	69½	69½
6,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
2,000	C. J. & S. Y. 1915	102	102	102
2,000	Gen. Electric cv. 5s	140⅝	140⅝	140¾
1,000	Shannon 6s, full pd.	109	109	109
2,000	U. S. Steel 2d 5s	105	105	105
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	98½	98½	98½

RAILROADS.

70	Atchison	121⅝	121¼	121½
25	Atchison pf.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
2	Boston Elevated	131	131	131
16	Boston & Lowell	230	230	230
5	Boston & Maine	150	150	150
7	Fitchburg pf.	130	130	130
110	Mass. Electric	16	16	16
86	Mass. Elec. pf.	80	80	80
250	N. Y., N. H. & H.	156	154½	156
3,298	N. Y., N. H

Railroad Bonds

We are in a position to give you any information you may be desirous of obtaining with reference to the bond issues of Railroad, Industrial or other Corporations. Our statistical files are most complete in this respect, and your communications will receive our prompt and careful attention.

Our Circular **No. 112** gives valuable information regarding **44 issues** of Railroad Bonds. We classify the different issues as follows: High-Grade, Conservative Investments, Semi-Speculative Investments.

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Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the World.
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INVESTORS, INCREASE YOUR INCOME.
Do you hold securities yielding about 4% or Railroad Notes maturing within a year? You can exchange securities of this character for high-grade bonds yielding 5% to 6%.
Write for Circular No. 10,220 T.
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WE WILL BUY
50 American Express
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50 Cent. & So. Amer. Teleg.
100 International Silver Com.
50 Int. Time Recdg. Pfd.
50 Oil Fields of Mexico
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A PERFECT RECORD
During a business experience of more than twenty years we have placed a large number of coal issues, and in purchasing this class of securities our clients never have lost a dollar, either by delay or default of interest or principal.
We now offer a first mortgage coal bond to yield over 7% with the confidence that our enviable record will be maintained.
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200 American Coal Products
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100 Industrial Trust Co., Providence, R. I.
300 Sen-Sen Chiclet
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Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere. Tel. 5140 to 5153 Broad, inclusive. 30 Broad St., New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Quiet and Irregular—Call Money Rates, 4¼@5 Per Cent.

COPPER SHARES' REACTION

Western Union Declines on Telephone's Purchase of Substantial Interest—Time Money Easier Here.

The stock market settled down yesterday into its former rut of comparative quietness and irregularity following the flurry on Monday created by active speculation in the copper stocks. There was not the least evidence of a hitch in the negotiations under way among the larger copper producers to combine a number of properties and gain some control over the production and marketing of the metal, but as a speculative factor this pending transaction was without particular influence on the day's dealings either in copper shares or in other securities. Of the beneficial results which must follow the consummation of the plans under consideration there can be not the least doubt For many months the copper trade has been in striking contrast with the steel and iron trade, and, in fact, with practically every other line of business of any moment in the country. The cause for the unprofitable state of affairs existing in this great industry has been in the overproduction of the metal and in the total lack of co-operation among the important producers. The only news with which the financial district concerned itself yesterday was that contained in the announcement of the purchase of a substantial interest in the Western Union Telegraph Company by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. Here, too, the obvious purpose is to perfect a system which shall by introducing economies and stimulating patronage inure to the benefit of the concerns involved. American Telephone and Telegraph shares were firm on the news, but Western Union sold off sharply, possibly because of disappointment over the failure to include general stockholdings in the purchase.

Easier money conditions prevailed here as a result of the abstention of interior money centres from the heavy withdrawals which marked the currency movements of last week. Call money barely touched 5 per cent. in the course of the day, and time money for the ninety-day period moved off to 5 per cent., a reduction of one-quarter of 1 per cent. Abroad indications were plain of similar ease, and the cables reported confidence in both London and Berlin that the existing Bank rates in those cities would not be further increased. Politically, the position is somewhat unsettled in London by the decision of the House of Lords to reject the budget and bring about a general election. Presumably, however, the betterment of the London money market, particularly in so far as the changed policy of the French Bank in the matter of releasing gold is concerned, will enable the market to pass through the political developments now foreshadowed without trouble.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York
Neumann, Rothschild & Co. for annual meeting.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Bill Poster and Distributor Publishing Co.
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad.
Grand Waist House.
Long Island City Factory Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.
Mexican Northern Power Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 4½@5 per cent., with the last loan at 4¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 4¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 5@5¼ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, and 4¾@5 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 4⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2¾ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 4⅛ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $419,085,085; balances, $15,068,913; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $733,400.

The local banks have lost $679,000 in the Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady with demand quoted at $4.8725@$4.8730, sixty days at $4.83¼, and cables at $4.8790@$4.8795.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ less 1-32@5.16⅞ plus 1-64 for cables, 5.17⅛@5.17½ plus 1-32 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95¼ plus 1-32@95 5-16 plus 1-64 for cables, and 95 3-16@95 5-16 plus 1-32, and 94 5-16@94 9-16 less 1-32 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 12½c discount; Chicago—par; St. Louis, 10c discount; New Orleans—Commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 65c premium; St. Paul, 20c discount; Savannah—Buying, $1.50 discount; selling, par; Montreal, 64½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 23½d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 50⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 43@44c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange to-day a decidedly firmer tendency was shown, especially in copper, which moved up about ¼c, with sales of February of 100 tons at 13½c. Lead was a shade off in the asking price. Tin ruled steady. In London yesterday on the Metal Exchange transactions in the commodity ruled strong presumably in sympathy with the firm copper market here. Spot copper scored a gain over Monday's final price of £1; futures also registered an advance over Monday's closing figure, this rise amounting to 17s 6d. The market finished steady, last prices ruling at: Spot, £60; futures, £61.

Pig tin ended firm, with spot deliveries down 7s 6d, to £139 5s, and future deliveries unchanged at £141 15s. Spanish pig lead was steady at a gain of 1s 3d, to £13 2s 6d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23 5s. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot deliveries on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.90	13.00	....	....
November	12.90	13.00	....	....
December	12.90	13.00	....	....
January	13.00	13.05	....	....
Spelter	6.25	6.40	6.25	6.40
Lead	4.37½	4.42½	4.37½	4.45
Tin	30.70	30.75	30.62½	30.87½

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 16.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Amal. Copper	93¾	93¾	93¾
100	Cons. Ice pf	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝
680	Crucible Steel	14	14	14
485	Crucible Steel pf	84¼	84	84¼
310	Fireproofing	8½	8½	8½
90	Fireproofing pf	28½	28⅜	28⅜
10	Ind. Brewing pf	17½	17½	17½
110	Mfrs. L. & H	19¾	19½	19½
260	Ohio Fuel	48½	48	48
155	Pittsburg Brew	22¾	22	22¾
50	Pittsburg Coal	26½	26½	26½
25	Pittsburg Coal pf	68½	68½	68½
270	River Coal	7	6¾	7
90	River Coal pf	24½	24½	24½
700	Ross Mining	31c.	31c.	31c.
300	Shoshone	31c.	31c.	31c.
1,000	Tonopah Extension	$1.70	$1.40	$1.70
50	U. S. Glass	50c.	50c.	50c.
160	Westing. Air Brake	143	143	143
125	Westing. Elec. 2ds	43	42⅞	42⅞

BONDS.

$1,000	West. Penn. 5s	99½	99½	99½

UNLISTED.

100	Pure Oil	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,100	San Toy	40c.	38c.	38c.
1,500	Silver Peak	66c.	66c.	66c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Nov. 16, 1909 789,224
From Jan. 1, 1909 187,088,292
Corresponding period last year 165,063,235

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15¾	16	700	Allis-Chalmers	15¾	15⅞	15⅜	15⅞	
56⅛	56¼	6,200	Allis-Chalmers pf	55	56⅛	54⅞	56⅛	+ ¼
92¾	92⅞	88,000	*Amalgamated Cop	94	94	92⅝	92⅞	+1¼
48½	48⅝	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	−1⅛
46¾	47	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	46½	47	46½	47	+ ⅜
95	96¼	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	+ ⅜
13⅜	14	5,100	Am. Can	14¼	14¼	13⅞	13⅞	− ⅛
84⅝	84¾	1,525	Am. Can pf	84⅜	84¾	84	84¼	− ¾
74⅞	75⅛	2,700	Am. Car & Foundry	75½	75¾	74½	75	
70½	70⅝	2,900	Am. Cotton Oil	72¾	72¾	70	70½	−2¼
103½	105	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	103	103	103	103	−2¼
240	250	125	Am. Express	245	245	245	245	−2
8⅞	9	100	Am. Hide & Leather	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
46⅝	46⅞	925	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	47	47	46⅝	46⅝	− ½
24¼	24⅞	200	Am. Ice Securities	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	− ⅝
15½	15¾	500	*Am. Linseed	15⅜	15⅝	15½	15½	− ⅝
42½	43	160	*Am. Linseed pf	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	− ⅝
61¼	62¼	900	Am. Locomotive	62¾	62¾	62	62	− ⅞
115	116	100	Am. Locomotive pf	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	− ⅝
101¼	101⅝	7,875	Am. Smelt. & Ref	102¼	102⅞	101⅜	101⅝	− ⅝
112½	112¾	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	112¼	112¾	112¼	112¾	− ⅝
63⅜	64	1,190	Am. Steel Foundries	64½	64¼	64	64	+ ¼
124	125	12,050	Am. Sugar Ref	122	124⅞	122	124⅞	−1¼
120	122	2,100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118½	122	118½	122	+1⅞
142⅞	143	34,550	Am. Tel. & Tel	143	144⅝	142⅜	143	+3
100¼	100½	300	Am. Tobacco pf	101	101	100¾	100¾	+ ⅛
103	103⅛	335	Am. Woolen pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅛	103⅛	+ ⅛
52¼	52½	13,100	*Anaconda Copp. Min	52⅜	53	52	52¼	+ ½
120⅝	120¾	15,510	Atch., Top. & S. F	121¼	121⅝	120½	120½	− ⅞
104¼	104½	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	104¼	104½	104	104½	− ⅞
135½	136½	2,100	Atlantic Coast Line	137	137	135	136	
116¼	116½	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	116½	116¼	116¼	116½	+ ¼
90	92½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	91¾	92	91¾	92	
34⅜	35	800	Bethlehem Steel	35	35½	35	35½	+ ½
68	69	600	Bethlehem Steel pf	68	69	68	69	+1½
76⅞	77	8,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	76	77½	76	77	+ ⅝
141½	144	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	142	142	142	142	+ ½
35½	38	100	Butterick Co	37	37	37	37	
176⅜	176½	1,500	Canadian Pacific	177	177	176½	176½	
...	...	2,850	Can. Pacific rights	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	
47¼	47⅝	4,925	Central Leather Co	47¾	47⅞	47¼	47⅜	− ⅛
108¼	109¼	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf	109	109	109	109	
88¾	89	9,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	89	89½	88¾	88⅞	− ⅛
20¼	20⅝	800	Chi. Gt. West. 3d pd	20¾	20¾	20½	20½	− ⅛
34¾	35½	100	Chi. Gt. West.pf.A.tr	35	35	35	35	− ½
26	26¼	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf. B					
155⅞	156		3d pd					
174	175	2,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	26	26	26	26	
183½	184	150	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	156⅞	157½	156	156	− ⅛
...	...	1,800	Chi. & Northwestern	175	175	175	175	− ¾
49	49¼	500	Chi. Terminal Trans	185¾	185¾	183	183	+ ¼
112¼	120	3,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	3	3	3	3	−2¾
57	58	100	Col. Fuel & Iron pf	49⅝	49⅞	49	49	+1
80¼	81	1,240	Colorado & Southern	112½	112½	112¼	112½	
79¾	80½	600	Col. & South. 1st pf	55⅝	57¼	55⅝	57	+1¼
84	84½	200	Col. & South. 2d pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¾	+ ¼
143	144	2,600	Col. & Hock. C. & I	80¼	80¼	80	80	
22½	23	855	Consolidated Gas	82½	84⅝	82¼	84⅜	+2
85	86¼	900	Corn Products Ref	144	144	143¾	143¾	− ¼
183	184	85	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	− ⅛
48	48¼	200	Delaware & Hudson	86	86	86	86	− ⅝
59	63⅛	1,200	Denver & Rio Grande	184½	184½	184	184	− ¼
37	37⅜	25	Detroit United Ry	48	48¼	48	48	
15½	15⅞	800	*Distillers' Securities	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	− ⅛
30	31¼	745	Duluth, S. S. & A	37¾	37¾	37½	37⅝	− ⅛
33⅜	33⅞	695	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	14⅝	15¾	14⅜	15¾	− ⅛
47½	48¼	6,200	Erie	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	− ⅝
39½	40¼	1,300	Erie 1st pf	33¼	34¼	33⅝	33⅞	+ ⅛
50	50⅞	1,200	Erie 2d pf	47¼	48¾	47¼	48¼	+1⅛
162	163⅜	100	Federal M. & S. pf	40	40⅝	40	40	
100	102	500	General Electric	91	91	91	91	+1
143¼	143¾	600	Granby Consol	163¾	163⅞	163	163	+1
81¼	81⅝	2,900	Great Northern pf	102⅜	102⅝	100	101	−2
80⅛	81	1,300	*G. N. certs. ore prop	143⅞	144¼	143¼	143¼	− ¾
146	147¼	100	Havana Electric	81½	81⅝	81½	81½	
23⅜	23⅞	200	Illinois Central	81	81	81	81	+1¾
56¼	56⅜	62,950	Interborough-Met	23	24¼	23	23¾	+ ⅛
107½	108	24,820	Interborough-Met. pf	55½	57¼	54⅞	56¼	+ ⅞
15½	15⅜	700	Int. Harvester	106	107¼	106	107¼	+1¼
61	62	200	Int. Paper	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
52⅞	53¼	200	Int. Paper pf	61	61	61	61	+ ⅞
28½	29	800	Int. Steam Pump	53½	53½	52⅞	53	+ ⅛
51	51½	300	Iowa Central	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+ ⅛
43¾	43⅝	100	Iowa Central pf	52⅜	53	52⅜	53	+ ½
7	8	1,000	Kansas City South	51⅜	51⅝	51⅜	51⅝	− ⅛
109	109¼	400	Keokuk & Des M	43½	43⅝	43¾	43¾	
152½	152⅞	1,950	Laclede Gas	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
92¼	93	1,600	Louisville & Nash	109¼	109¾	109	109	+ ⅛
75½	75⅞	2,100	Mackay Cos	153	153	152½	152¾	+ ¼
140	142	400	Mackay Cos. pf	93½	93½	93	93	− ⅛
7¼	7¾	10	Manhattan Elevated	76	76	76	76	+ ¼
24⅛	24½	500	Mercantile Marine	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	+1
25	28	1,900	Mercantile Marine pf	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½	
135	136	100	*Met. Street Railway	25¼	25¼	24¼	24¼	−1
152½	154	550	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M	27	27	27	27	
48⅜	48⅝	265	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf	137	137¼	135¾	135¾	
74½	74⅞	21,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	154	154	152¾	153⅜	−1⅛
72¼	72½	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	49⅝	49⅞	48¾	48½	−1½
134	135	18,600	Missouri Pacific	74⅜	74⅝	74¼	74⅜	−1
113	115	350	Nash., Chat. & St. L	71½	73¾	71½	72⅝	
22	22¾	500	*Nat. Biscuit Co	135	135	135	135	− ⅛
88⅜	89	200	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	114⅛	115	114⅛	115	+ ¾
55	56	4,100	Nat. Lead Co	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	+1
21⅞	22	100	N. Rys.of Mex. 1st pf	89¼	89⅞	88¾	89	
96	96¾	1,100	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	56	56	56	56	− ½
132	132¼	100	N. Y. Air Brake	22	22¼	22	22	+ ½
63½	64	3,100	N. Y. Central	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	
155	157	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	132⅝	133	132⅝	133	
...	...	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	63⅜	63⅝	63⅜	63⅝	− ¼
46⅝	...	2,979	N. Y., N. H. & H.rgts	1½	1½	1½	1½	− ⅛
47	47	800	N. Y., Ont. & West	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
95¾	96	1,600	Norfolk & Western	46⅞	46⅞	46⅜	46⅜	− ⅛
78⅞	79	100	North American	95¼	96	95¼	96	+ ¼
145	145½	2,800	Northern Pacific	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	− ⅝
43¾	44	1,600	Pacific Mail	44½	44⅝	43⅝	43⅝	− ¾
50	50½	4,000	Pacific Tel. & Tel	44	44	43	43	
133⅜	133⅝	28,170	Pennsylvania R. R	49	51½	49	50½	+1⅛
...	...	10,350	Pennsylvania rights	133	134	132⅞	133⅝	+ ⅝
119½	...	100	People's Gas, Chi	8⅛	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜	
92	92	4,400	Pittsburg Coal	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	
85	85	400	Pittsburg Coal pf	25	26	25	25½	
...	...	900	Pressed Steel Car	69	69	68½	68½	−1
...	...	140	Pressed Steel Car pf	53¾	54¼	53¾	53¾	
...	...	200	Pullman Company	106	106	106	106	
...	...	100	Quicksilver	192	193½	192	193½	+ ¼
...	...	900	*R'way Steel Spring	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	
...	...	50,900	Reading	51	51	50	50	− ⅛
...	...	200	Reading 1st pf	163⅝	163⅝	162⅛	162⅛	− ⅝
...	...	3,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	92	92	92	92	− ⅛
...	...	135	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	47⅞	48	47⅜	47¾	
...	...	3,700	Rock Island Co	105⅜	105¾	105¼	105¼	+ ¼
...	...	400	Rock Island Co. pf	40¼	40¼	39⅝	39⅞	
...	...	450	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	80¼	80¼	79⅞	79⅞	− ⅛
...	...	400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	70⅞	71	70⅝	71	
...	...	7,700	St. Louis Sou'west'n	57	57	56½	56½	− ⅛
...	...	2,500	St. L. South'west'n pf	32¾	33⅛	32½	32⅝	− ⅛
...	...	600	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	71½	71⅞	71¼	71½	− ⅛
...	...	5,600	Southern Pacific	91¼	91½	91	91	
...	...	10,900	Southern R'way ext	129¾	129¾	129	129	− ⅛
...	...	500	South. R'way pf. ext	31⅞	32⅛	31¾	31¾	− ⅛
...	...	1,600	Tennessee Copper	70½	70½	70¼	70½	− ⅛
...	...	4,900	Texas & Pacific	40⅞	41	40	40⅝	− ⅛
...	...	1,300	Third Avenue	36	36½	36	36	− ⅛
...	...	1,500	Tol., St. L. & West	20½	21¼	20½	20½	+ ⅛
...	...	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	54	54½	53¼	53¼	+ ⅛
...	...	100	Twin City R. Transit	69	69½	69	69½	− ½
...	...	100	Twin City R. T. pf	109	109	109	109	
...	...	100	Union Bag & P. pf	144⅜	144⅜	144⅜	144⅜	
...	...	29,300	Union Pacific	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	+6⅛
...	...	300	Union Pacific pf	202⅜	203	201⅜	201⅜	+1¾
...	...	100	United Dry Goods	103	103	102½	102½	−1⅜
...	...	400	United Dry Goods pf	121½	121½	121½	121½	+ ⅛
...	...	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	111	111	111	111	+ ⅛
...	...	200	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	72½	72½	72½	72½	+ ⅜
...	...	400	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	33	33	33	33	
...	...	100	U. S. Express	87½	87½	87½	87½	+ ⅛
...	...	200	U. S. Red. & Ref	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ⅛
...	...	100	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¼
...	...	200	U. S. Rubber	33	33	33	33	+3
...	...	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	50	50	50	50	
...	...	94,700	U. S. Steel	118	118	118	118	− ⅛
...	...	600	U. S. Steel pf	91¼	91¾	90⅝	90⅝	− ⅛
...	...	11,500	Utah Copper	120⅞	120⅞	120⅝	120⅝	− ⅛
...	...	1,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	59	59½	58⅜	58⅜	− ⅛
...	...	260	Vulcan Detinning	49¾	50	49¾	49¾	− ⅛
...	...	425	Wabash	26¼	26¼	25¾	25¾	− ⅛
...	...	9,900	Wabash pf	20⅜	20½	20⅜	20½	+ ⅛
...	...	300	Wells-Fargo Express	53	53½	52⅞	52⅞	− ⅛
...	...	1,000	Western Md., 3d paid	509	509	505	505	− ⅛
...	...	33,100	Western Union Tel	34¼	34⅝	33¾	34⅝	− ⅛
...	...	1,200	Westinghouse E. & M	81	85¼	82½	82½	− ¾
...	...	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	85	85½	85	85½	
				91½	91½	91½	91½	+ ⅜

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930-1980		100½
2s, c., 1930-1980	101	
3s, r., 1918-1961	101¼	102
3s, c., 1918-1961	102¼	
4s, r., 1925-1958	113¾	116½
4s, c., 1925-1958	116¾	
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	99¾	100½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	99¾	100½
D. C. 3-65s-106		

Adams Exp. 234		
Alb. & S...250		
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101½	102½
A. C. & F. pf.	119¼	120
Am. Coal...100		150
Am. Grain		30
Am. Malt	7⅞	8
Am. M. pf...48		49
Am. Sm. pf. B	91½	92
Am. Snuff..250		300
Am. Sn. pf.100		103
A. T. & C. 75		85
Am. W. Co. 34¼		36
Ann Arbor.. 15		30
Ann A. pf...		50
Asso. M. 1st pf.	107½	
Batopilas M. 3½		4
Bruns. City. 15		18½
B., R. & P. 95		105
B., R. & P. pf.	128	132
B. & S. pf.		60
Canada So. 68		72½
C. R. R. of N. J.	285	290
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	120
Chi. & Alt. 67		68
C. & A. pf.	68	74
C., B. & Q. 248		
C. & E. Ill. pf.		124
Chi. Gt. W. deb. ctfs.	62	64
C., I. & L. pf.	40	80
C. & N. W. pf.	210	222
Chi., St P., M. & Om. pf.	165	175
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta	4½	5
C. C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110
Cleve. & P.	172⅞	
Consol. Coal	97½	
Crex Carpet.	60	64
D., L. & W.	562	575
D. & R. G. pf.	84¼	84¾

D. M. & Ft. D.	9	15
D. & M. pf.	..	95
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	87	89
Erie & T. H.	56	65
Erie & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	75	84
Fed. S. pf.	90	97
Gen. C. Co.	91	95
Gen. C. Co. pf.	104	106½
G. R. & W.	80	..
Hackensack Water	120	..
Hav. E. R. pf.	90½	..
Hock. V. r.	108	119½
Hock. V. pf.	90½	92
Homestake	80	85
Ill. C. l.	99¾	..
Inger.-Rand	75	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	96	..
Int. H. pf.	123	124¼
Int. Power		30
Int. St. P. pf.	89¾	90¼
Jol. & Chi.	168¾	..
K. & M.	45	57
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	80	80½
Kan. C. So. pf.	70	70½
K. & T. pf.	38	42
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	130	134
Kn. I., Chi. pf.	60	80
Lacl. G. pf.	84	98
L. E. & W.	23	25
L. E. & W. pf.	53	58
Lake Shore.	300	400
Long Island.	64	67
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach.	3	6
Md. C. pf.	50	70
Mich. Cent.	123	180
M. S. P. pf.	..	90
M. & St. L.	32½	53
M. & St. L. pf.	84

WILL SELL:

20 Am. Chicle Com.....@229
00 A. D. Teleg., N. J.....@ 53½
50 Am. Type Fdrs. Com.....@ 45¾
25 Am. Type Fdrs. Pfd.....@100
50 Bleecker St. Fulton Ferry R. R...Bid
5 Borden's Milk Com.....@123½
5 Int'l Nickel Pfd.....@ 92½
00 Kings Co. E. L. & Power....@133
60 Mich. State Teleph. Pfd.....@ 97½
60 Nassau Electric R. R. Pfd.....Bid
5 Nat. Cash Register Pfd.....@117½
5 Royal Baking Powder Pfd....@110½
50 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.....@143½
00 Underwood Typewriter Com...Bid
50 Union Typewriter 1st.....@113½
10 United Lead Deb. 5s.....@ 66¾
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Interborough Stocks Go Up.

The trading in the Interborough-Metropolitan issues for the last few days presents a curious contrast between the movement in the stock and the movement in the company's collateral trust bonds. In the last ten days both stocks and bonds have been very active, the former advancing while the latter have been practically stationary. On Nov. 6 the common stock closed at 19, the preferred at 49⅝, and the bonds at 82¾. Yesterday the common closed at 23¾, up 4¾ points during the ten days; the preferred at 56¼, up 5⅜ points, and the bonds at 83½, up only three-quarters of one point. The very slight change in the bonds is regarded as all the more noteworthy in view of the activity which they have shown. Yesterday the trading in the bonds amounted to over $800,000, and the closing was within an eighth of the opening price. In the last ten days, within a range of about 1 point, several million dollars' worth of the bonds have been dealt in.

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Missouri Pacific Financing.

The stock of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern, it was announced yesterday, has been increased from $26,500,000 to $37,000,000, this move being understood to be part of the plan for the readjustment of the Missouri Pacific's finances which has lately been worked out, the Missouri Pacific holding practically all the Iron Mountain's stock, which is pledged as security for the Missouri Pacific collateral trust bonds. The road's financial plan is about ready for announcement, and its details will probably be made known within the next few days. The announcement, it is understood, will follow closely the preliminary information already had regarding the scope and form of the new financing.

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More Gold for South and North.

Another engagement of $500,000 gold coin for export to South America was announced yesterday, the Anglo-South American Bank having arranged to forward this sum by Saturday's steamer. The shipments on that day may be augmented before the close of the week by other engagements. In addition to this South American shipment, $200,000 was withdrawn by the Bank of New York for shipment to Canada, which is still drawing on its New York balances to increase its reserves against the demands which the Canadian banks have to meet at this season. Call money rates yesterday were a little easier than on Monday, but quotations for time loans were unchanged. Sterling exchange rates were also unchanged.

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Northwest Stock Issue Again Rumored.

Revival yesterday of the report that the Chicago & Northwestern is planning an issue of new stock to the extent of one new share for each four shares now outstanding brought out the statement from an officer of the company that no action has yet been taken regarding a new issue of stock. There is about $78,000,000 of authorized common stock which the company has not yet issued, and this the Directors have authority to authorize at any time up to such amount as they may deem necessary for the needs of the company. Before the Directors can take any such action, however, they must first, under the laws of Michigan, make application for approval of the issue by the Railway Commission. Vice President Osborn, pointing out this fact yesterday, said that the Northwestern's policy was to keep the public fully informed regarding its affairs, and that any issue of stock by the company would be made public about as quickly as the Directors of the road themselves decided on the matter. No meeting of the Directors was held yesterday, but President Hughitt was expected in the city yesterday, and it was thought in Wall Street that his coming indicated a Directors' meeting within the next few days.

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Participation in P. R. R. Rights.

Notwithstanding the disagreement over the possibility of profit in exercising the conversion privileges attaching to the Pennsylvania convertible bonds and exercising the rights accruing to the stock thus obtained of subscription to the new issue of 25 per cent. additional capital, the railroad company's statement issued yesterday shows that $39,963,000 of the 1902 bonds and $13,160,000 of the 1905 bonds were converted in time to participate in the subscriptions. Practically all of the stock outstanding, as was to be expected, exercised the rights, the total number of shares participating being 6,401,427, with a par value of $830,071,350.

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Cambria Steel Financing.

Following the announcement of extensions of present capacity, under way or contemplated, by nearly all of the big steel concerns, it was said yesterday that the Cambria Steel Company is contemplating improvements to its plants at Johnstown which, with additions already under way, will add 50 per cent. to its capacity. Such an ambitious programme will involve financing of some sort, and it was said in New York yesterday, although without official confirmation, that an issue of bonds or notes is likely to be forthcoming after the first of the year. Twenty-one million dollars is spoken of as the probable amount of the new capital demanded by a 50 per cent. increase in capacity. It has at present no bonded indebtedness, but it is obligated as a guarantor of the principal and interest on the two-million-five-hundred-thousand-dollar issue of a subsidiary.

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Cotton Ginned Up to Saturday.

The National Ginners' Association will report 7,950,000 bales of cotton ginned up to Nov. 14, according to the announcement made on the Cotton Exchange yesterday, which is 988,000 bales more than reported by the Census Bureau last week as ginned up to Nov. 1. Theodore Price's estimate, put out yesterday, puts the number ginned up to Nov. 14 at 7,911,000 bales.

Fertilizer Trust's Rival Grows.

The International Agricultural Corporation, recently organized to compete with the so-called Fertilizer Trust, which has alliances with large potash interests, has purchased the Prairie Pebble Phosphate Company of Florida. The Florida company is credited with an output of 500,000 tons annually.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Two hundred shares of Alice Mining sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at $2.25.

Horace White, W. M. Kingsley, and Channing Rudd will be the speakers this evening at the initial session of the Finance Forum. The meeting will be held in the West Side Auditorium, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, at 7:45 P. M. The session is free to the public.

J. P. Morgan & Co., as reorganization managers of the Chicago Great Western, announced yesterday that voting trust certificates in engraved form will be ready for delivery on Nov. 22. Schedules will be accepted by the bankers at the rate of 100 a day. Application will be made to list the voting trust certificates on the Stock Exchange.

A partnership has been formed under the name of Bayne, Ring & Co., consisting of Paul Bayne, George S. Ring, and Charles A. Worthington as general partners, with S. G. Bayne, T. Wister Brown of Philadelphia, Charles Lathrop Peck of Cleveland, Ohio, and Joseph Seep of Titusville, Penn., as special partners, to deal in commercial paper and bonds. The firm will have offices in the National City Bank Building and branches in Chicago, Philadelphia, and Hartford.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Coppers Continue Upward, but There Are Some Reactions on the Curb.

GREENE - CANANEA'S MOVE

Rises to 14⅝ on Heavy Transactions—Butte Coalition Makes New High Record—Nevada Consolidated Off.

The making of new high records by the Curb coppers has become an every-day affair since the belief in the imminent consummation of a deal between the big producing interests has become fixed, and the upward course of the shares which are expected to directly benefit by the merger or "community of interests" agreement, continued yesterday under active trading. Greene-Cananea took the leadership from Nevada Consolidated and rose from 13¼ to 14⅝ on transactions of 20,000 shares. The close was at 14⅛. Giroux reported transactions of 15,000 shares, on which it rose from 10½ to 11⅝. Butte Coalition made a new high record at 33⅝, closing at 33, even with the opening. Nevada Consolidated sold off ⅛ from the opening, at 29⅞, and closed after transactions of 10,500 shares at 28¾. Cumberland-Ely sympathetically lost ⅛ on small trading. Miami, after selling from 18 to 18⅛ and dropping to 17½, closed at 17⅞ after sales of 4,500 shares. Ohio Copper became unusually active yesterday, selling 16,200 shares between 5¼ and 5 13-16, closing at 5¾.

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The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	June Oil	41	43	41	42
1,900	Manh. Transit.	2⅛	2 9-16	2 7-16	2 7-16
105	Sears-Roebuck	†139	†140	139⅜	140
1,000	So. I. & S. w.i.	22½	23½	22½	23½
204	Standard Oil	705¾	708	705¾	708

RAILROADS.

210	Am. L. & T. pf.	†105	†105	104½	104½
200	Chi. G. W. w.i.	29	29	29	29
400	Chi. Subway	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6⅝
900	So. Shore Trac.	48⅞	50⅛	48⅞	50⅛
100	West. Md. pf., w. i.	46	46	46	46

MINING STOCKS.

3,000	Boston Cop.	17	17¼	16¾	17
2,000	Braden Cop.	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜
1,500	Brit. Col. Cop.	7½	7½	7½	7½
4,100	Butte Coalition	33	33⅝	32½	33
900	*Carisa	54	59	54	59
4,500	Chino Cop.	8½	8¾	8½	8⅝
17,000	*Cobalt Cent.	28½	32½	28½	32½
4,800	*Comb. Frac.	42	47	45	46
11,800	Con. A. Smelt.	1 13-16	1⅞	1⅝	1 13-16
2,500	Cumb.-Ely M.	9½	9⅝	$ 15-16	9
900	Davis-D. Cop.	6⅝	6½	6¼	6¼
300	El Rayo	2½	2½	2½	2½
500	First Nat. Cop.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
9,000	Gila Copper	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½
15,000	Giroux Mining.	10⅝	11⅝	10½	11⅛
1,700	Goldf. Con.	7 3-16	7¼	7⅛	7 3-16
1,000	Gold H. Con., w. i.	1⅝	2	1⅝	1⅝
20,000	Greene-Can.	13¾	14⅝	13¾	14⅛
2,500	*Greenwater	8¼	8¾	8	8
10	Guggenh. Expl.	239	239	239	239
2,700	*Harcuvar Cop.	30½	35	33½	34
3,600	Insp. Cop.	7¼	7¾	7 13-16	7¼
25	Int. Sm. & R.	150	150	150	150
1,500	Kerr Lake	8 11-16	8 11-16	8½	8½
200	La R. Con.	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16	4 15-16
200	Mason V.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
400	*McKin.-Dar.	83	84	83	84
4,500	Miami Copper	18	18⅛	17⅝	17⅞
5,000	Miami Cop. rts.	7-16	½	7-16	½
5,000	*Monte. of C.R.	14	14½	14	14
500	Mont.-Sho.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
10,500	Nev. Con. Cop.	29⅞	29⅞	28¾	28¾
2,000	Nevada Smelt.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1	1
7,000	Nev.-U. M. & S.	1 1-16	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
5,000	New. M. & S.	3¾	4	3¾	3⅞
800	Nip. Mines Co.	10½	10¾	10½	10⅝
16,200	Ohio Copper	5¼	5 13-16	5¼	5¾
2,000	*Otisse	24	24½	24	24½
600	Precious Met.	1½	1½	1½	1½
6,000	Ray Central	2⅞	2⅞	2 9-16	2⅝
10,000	Ray Con.	23¼	23½	22⅞	22⅞
600	*Silver Leaf	17⅛	18	17⅛	18
300	Silver Queen	29	30	29	30
1,100	Superior & P.	17	17⅝	17	17⅝
500	Tenabo M. & S.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
200	Tintic	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
4,500	Tri-Bullion	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
1,850	Tuolumne Cop.	3¼	3¾	3¼	3⅝
25,550	Union Mines	2 13-16	3	2⅝	2 15-16
100	United Copper.	9	9	9	9
800	Yukon Gold M.	5⅛	5⅛	4 15-16	5

BONDS.

$1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	69⅞	69⅞	69⅝	69⅞
15,000	Braden Cop. 6s	98	98	98	98
3,000	Con. Ari. S. 5s	35	36	34	36
115,000	N. Y. Tel. 1st 4½s, w. i.	97⅛	97½	97¾	97½
22,000	West. Pac. 5s	97¾	97¾	97⅝	97⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

Note—The high sales of Guggenheim Exploration yesterday should have read 140.

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The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Nov. 16. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 15. Bid.	Asked.
American Tobacco	430	440	430	440
Am. Writing Paper	3	3¼	3	3¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	28	27	26	27
American Cot. & Tr.	270	272	267	270
American L. & T. pf.	104	105½	104	105½
A., G. & W. I. 5s	69	71	...	...
Borden's Cond. Milk	121	122½	121	122½
Borden's Cond. M. pf.	104	107	104	107
Bay State Gas	⅞	1	⅞	1
Boston Copper	16¾	17	17	17¼
British Col. Copper	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
Braden Copper	4¼	4½	4½	4⅝
Braden Copper 6s	98	101	...	...
Butte Coalition	32½	33	32½	33
Chicago Subway	6½	6¾	6½	6¾
Chi. Gt. West., w. i.	28½	30	29	30
Chi. Gt. West. pf., w. i.	56½	58	56½	58
Comb. Fraction	45	47	45	47
Cobalt Central	31½	32½	28½	32½
Cumberland-Ely Min.	8 15-16	9	1-16 9	3-16
Davis-Daly Copper	6¼	6½	...	...
Ely Con	100	104	97	98
First Nat. Copper	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
Giroux Mining	11½	11⅝	10⅜	10½
Goldfield Con.	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7¼
Greene-Cananea	14	14⅛	13	13⅛
International Salt	9	10	9	10
Kerr Lake	8½	8 9-16	8 9-16	8 11-16
La Rose Con.	4 15-16	5	4 15-16	5
Manhattan Transit	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Mason Valley	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Miami Copper	17⅝	18	18⅛	18¼
Miami Copper rights	7-16	½	7-16	½
Nevada Con. Copper	28⅝	28¾	29⅛	29¼
Newhouse M. & S.	8¾	8⅞	8⅝	8¾
New York Transp.	4½	5	4¼	5
Nipissing Mines Co.	10⅜	10⅞	10½	10⅝
Ohio Copper	5 11-16	5¾	5¼	5⅝
Pope Mfg	55	60	55	60
Pope Mfg. pf.	85½	87	85½	87
Ray Central	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2 13-16
Ray Consolidated	22¾	23	22¾	23
Sears-Roebuck	138	139	138	140
Standard Milling	16	19	16	19
Standard Milling pf.	50	55	50	55
Southern I. & S., w. i.	24¼	25½	22	22½
Southern I. & S. pf.	52	52¾	52	53
Standard Oil	707	708	705	706
Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Tri-Bullion	1 1-16	1¼	1	1 1-16
United Cigar	78	79½	78	79½
United Copper	9	9¼	8½	9
United Copper pf.	21	28	23	28
Western Pacific 5s	97⅜	97⅝	97½	97⅝
Yukon Gold Mining	4 15-16	5	5	5 1-16

THE COTTON MARKET.

Irregular but Firm, Closing at the Highest Prices of the Day.

While nervous and irregular at times yesterday the cotton market made a pretty firm showing in the main, reaching the highest prices of the day in the late trading, and closing at a net advance of 5@20 points. An initial bulge of 5@14 points was only a partial response to very firm Liverpool cables, and was followed by a reaction to about or a little under the closing figures of the previous day, under scattering liquidation attributed to nervousness over the possibility of a change of spot differences at the meeting of the New York Revision Committee after the close yesterday.

The Southern news was almost all bullish, with the western belt reporting an end to top crop prospects as a result of very low temperatures. Southern spot markets officially reported were unchanged to ⅛c higher.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday's Close.
November	.....	.....	14.33@14.35	14.18
December	14.55	14.38	14.53@14.55	14.38
January	14.75	14.57	14.72@14.73	14.57
February	.....	.....	14.77@14.78	14.63
March	15.00	14.78	14.98@14.99	14.82
April	14.98	14.98	14.98@15.00	14.82
May	15.13	14.92	15.10@15.12	14.92
June	15.08	15.08	15.08@15.10	14.88
July	15.12	14.88	15.08@15.10	14.88
August	14.85	14.35	14.84@14.38	14.15
September	13.11	13.08	13.16@13.20	12.98
October	12.60	12.60	12.60@12.65	12.55

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, with prices 15 points higher, at 14.95 for middling upland and 15.20 for middling Gulf.

If you want a desirable Business Opportunity, see Page 12.

THE FOREIGN MARKETS.

London Prices Recover on Buying by Wall Street.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Money was in better supply and moderate demand and discount rates were easier to-day.

The stock market generally was dull and irregular. Copper shares continued as leaders on persistent amalgamation rumors, but, with Amalgamated Copper losing a point during the afternoon, they closed easy. Consols and gilt-edge securities were maintained on the monetary outlook. Kaffirs weakened on realizations.

American securities, after a steady opening, declined a fraction. Fair buying of the low-priced issues caused a recovery, and prices improved during the early afternoon on Wall Street buying. Business slackened during the last hour, and the market closed dull but steady.

Bar silver steady at 23 5-16d per ounce.

Money, 3½@4¼ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 4⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 4¼ per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were generally firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 17½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 20½c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were strong. There will be a holiday on the Boerse to-morrow.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net C'hge.
Consols, money	82½	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	82 11-16	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	10¾	52½	52¾	— ¼
Atchison	124½	121⅝	120⅝	+ ¾
Can. Pacific	181½	176⅞	176½	+ ⅜
St. Paul	160½	156½	156⅞	— ⅝
Erie	34	33	33	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	48½	47¼	47	+ ¼
Ill. Central	150	146¼	146½	— ¼
Louis. & Nash.	157	153¼	153	+ ¾
N. Y. Central	136	132⅝	132½	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	68¼	133	132½	+ ½
Reading	83¾	163⅜	163½	— ⅛
Southern Pacific	132⅞	129⅝	129¾	— ⅛
Union Pacific	208	202⅞	202⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	93⅜	91	90⅞	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	120½	126¼	126¾	+ ⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	92½	93½
German consol 3s	83	84
Prussian Government 4s	101¼	102¼
Bavarian Government 4s	101	102
Hessian Government 3½s	92	93
Saxony Government 3s	82½	83½
Hamburg Government 3s	82	83
City of Berlin 4s	101	102
City of Cologne 4s	100¾	101¾
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	100¾	101¾
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	93	94
City of Vienna 4s	96½	97½
Mexican Government gold 5s	100¾	101½
Russian Government gold 4s	90	91
French Government rente 3s	98¼	99¼
British consol 2½s	82	82½

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 6	Esperanza	2 18 0
Tomboy	0 19 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 5 3	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the item of the number referred to.

424. TANNERY MACHINERY.—A special agent of the Department of Commerce and Labor has forwarded a copy of a letter received from a business firm, in Latin America, that is desirous of forming connections with American manufacturers of tanning machinery of all kinds. The firm has a prospective buyer who wishes to put in an up-to-date plant, and it is necessary that detail specifications of each piece of machinery, together with export prices and discounts, be furinshed; also details of cubic measurements and weight of machinery.

4125. SPECIFICATIONS FOR TENDERS FOR RAILWAY SUPPLIES.—An American consul officer in the Far East has forwarded specifications and drawings of five tank locomotives and 125 ballast wagons, to be supplied to the Government railways in his district. Tenders for these supplies will be received until Jan. 28, 1910.

4126. NEW REVOLVER FOR ARMY.—A report has been received from a Consular officer in a European country, stating that the local army is to be supplied with a new revolver and that it has not yet been decided what revolver to purchase. A commission of the Ordnance Department is studying the subject at the present time, and it appears that the revolver now favored is the Belgian Nagan, of the type supplied to the Russian Army.

4127. OPPORTUNITY FOR SALE OF GLUE.—An English firm of oil merchants and importers is in the market for American glues of such quality as is used by paper workers, and has requested an American Consul to place it in touch with persons manufacturing this commodity.

4128. COAL DEPOSITS.—An American Consul, in Russia, is in receipt of a letter from a local business man, stating that a coal deposit in that vicinity is owned by a Russian officer, who is prepared to admit foreigners on this claim for the purpose of developing the mine. He states that he can make Government contracts to the value of $150,000 per annum and in addition the coal could be used by steamers navigating on rivers in that region.

4129. UPPER LEATHERS FOR SHOE INDUSTRY.—A business house in Latin America informs one of the Special Agents of Commerce and Labor that it is anxious to form connections with American manufacturers of upper leathers for shoe manufacturing. The firm states that a very fair business can be worked up in that market if producers in the United States are prepared to meet European competition and existing conditions. The firm wishes export prices and discounts, together with samples of various qualities of the shoe leather.

4130. MACHINERY FOR SPINNING HENQUEN.—An American Consular officer, in Western Europe, has forwarded the name of a firm in his district that desires to enter into correspondence with an American firm which manufactures machinery for spinning henquen, (sisal hemp.) Catalogues and price lists should be sent immediately to the concern, which wishes to secure the machinery at the earliest possible date.

4131. FLOUR-MILLING MACHINERY.—A business house in South America, writes that it has a customer who wishes to purchase an entire plant to mill between 200 and 300 quintals (about 100 pounds) of pure flour per day.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—A sharp advance in Pennsylvania Railroad warrants, accompanied by an upward movement in the stock, attracted much attention on the local Stock Exchange to-day. More than 6,500 shares were sold in the first three hours alone, and the price very nearly touching 17, compared with a close of 16¼ last night. The shares at the same time rose to 67, a gain of over ½ point. The rest of the market was very much mixed. Lake Superior stock jumped into prominence for a while by an advance of ⅝ point, to 28¼, while Lehigh Valley, which has been erratic for a long time, sank back to 96. The market became heavy toward the end.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
810	Amal Copper	93⅝	92⅜	92⅞
78	Am. Milling	½	½	½
100	Am. Smelting	102¼	102¼	102¼
100	Brooklyn Rap. Tr.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
352	Cambria Steel	47⅜	47	47¼
250	Col. Fuel & Iron	49⅞	49½	49½
200	Con. Trac. of N. J.	77	77	77
50	Elec. Co. of Am.	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜
110	Elec. Storage	58¼	58	58¼
510	Erie	34	33¾	34
200	General Asphalt	22	22	22
150	General Asphalt pf.	73½	73½	73½
10	Ins. Co. of N. A.	23	22½	22½
700	Lake Superior Corp.	28¼	27½	27¾
158	Lehigh Nav.	112	111	111
107	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	111	111	111
2,930	Lehigh Valley	97½	96	96¾
200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	49½	49½	49½
1,758	Pennsylvania	67	66 1-16	66⅞
6,965	Penn. warrants	16⅞	16⅛	16⅝
7	Penn. Salt Mfg.	106½	106½	106½
109	Penn. Salt warrants	6	5½	6
106	Phila. Co.	48¾	48½	48¾
1,087	Phila. Elec.	13¼	13	13¼
1,220	Phila. Rap. Tr.	27	26¾	26¾
100	Pittsburg Coal	25½	25½	25½
620	Reading	81⅝	81¼	81⅜
13	Reading 1st pf.	45¾	45¾	45¾
200	Southern Ry.	32⅜	32⅛	32⅛
100	Tonopah Belmont	1 1-16	⅝	⅝
535	Tonopah Mining	6⅜	6 1-16	6 11-16
805	United Gas Imp.	90¼	89¼	89⅞
7,835	U. S. Steel	91⅜	90½	90¾
50	William Cramp & Son	29¼	29¼	29¼
42	West Jersey & S. S.	53½	53½	53½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4s	—May, '55, f'chg	100½	100¾	100⅝	100⅞
4½s	—May, '57, f'chg	109⅞	110	109⅞	110
4½s	—Nov., '57, f'chg	110¼	110¾	110¼	110
4½s	—May, '17, f'chg	103	103½	103	103½
4s	—Nov., '58, f'chg	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
4s	—May, '57, f'chg	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
4s	—Nov., '56, reg	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4s	—Nov., '58, reg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
3½s	—Nov., '55, f'chg	89½	90¼	89½	90¼
3½s	—May, '54, coup	89¾	90¼	89¾	90¼
3½s	—May, '54, reg	89	89⅞	89	89¼
*6s	—Nov., '10, rev	102¼	102⅞	102⅝	103

*Coupon or registered.

Values of bonds and stocks, prospects of commodities, financial movements the world over dealt with in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Every Monday. Mailed to any address for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

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IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

William Waldorf Astor Reported to Have Sold West Side Plot—A $430,000 Building Loan Secured—The Market Remarkably Active.

William Waldorf Astor, who has recently disposed of several vacant parcels of land in the upper west side, is reported to have sold the plot fronting 100.11 feet on Broadway and 125 feet on Ninety-eighth Street, the northeast corner of the thoroughfares mentioned. According to the rumor in circulation yesterday afternoon T. J. McLaughlin's Sons, who a few weeks ago sold the new ten-story apartment they completed at the northeast corner of Broadway and 141st Street, have acquired the plot for a twelve-story apartment house site.

No confirmation of either report could be obtained. The parcel is a block to the south of the Furniss estate block, which was acquired a few weeks ago by speculators and builders.

A $430,000 Building Loan.

M. & L. Hess have secured a loan from the Title Insurance Company of New York of $250,000 in the form of a building loan for the Twenty-fifth Construction Company, for the erection of a twelve-story loft building by it on 24 and 26 West Twenty-fifth Street.

The same company is lending the same builders $180,000 on Twenty-fifth Street between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, and a twelve-story loft building is also to be erected on these premises.

West Side Dwelling Sold.

Mrs. Julia T. Keeler has sold 798 West End Avenue, a three-story and basement stone front dwelling on lot 16 by 80, between Ninety-eighth and Ninety-ninth Streets.

The estate of Mary Koenig has sold 221 West Twenty-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 21.6 by 98.9.

Jeremiah W. Dimick and Gustave Burout are reported to have sold 6 to 10 West Thirteenth Street, three three-story dwellings, on plot 60 by 103.3.

William R. Nelson has sold 118 West Twenty-ninth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 98.9.

New Church Site Purchased.

The Rev. Joseph Shastokas has purchased through P. T. Canavan a plot on Broome Street, near Hudson Street, for the purpose of erecting a church for Lithuanian Catholics of this city, which has been authorized by Archbishop Farley. Father Shastokas has been connected with St. Theresa's parish, Henry and Rutgers Street, for several years.

Canal Street Landmark Sold.

Samuel Zipris has sold for Celia Cahen, 41 Canal Street, a four-story building, 21.10 by 50, to Max Kobre. The property has been in the possession of the Cahen family for forty-three years. The buyer will erect a four-story building on the lot, to which he will remove his banking business from 40 Canal Street.

Bronx Dwellings Sell Fast.

Lauter & Blackner have sold for Charles Hillmann the two-family brick house 725 Manida Street, on plot 30 by 100; also, for Mr. Hillmann the two-family brick detached dwelling 720 Manida Street, on lot 25 by 100.

Le Vieu & La Velle have sold the three-story two-family brick house at the corner of Bryant Avenue and Jennings Street, on lot 20 by 100, just completed by the Elviel Realty Company, to a physician, who will occupy the premises.

The Gaines Roberts Company has sold another of its lately completed five-story buildings, with stores, 1,023 Southern Boulevard, to an investor.

Lauter & Blackner have sold for Leo Levinson the plot, 40 by 100, on the west side of Union Avenue, 26 feet north of 168th Street.

The Duross Company has sold for the Yonkers Real Estate Exchange another one of the group of two and three family dwelling houses just completed by this company at 94 Elliott Avenue, four blocks from Van Cortlandt Park and adjoining Broadway.

Sale at Cedarhurst, L. I.

The Frederick W. Avery Company has sold to a client Plot 8 on the Avery map, being a lot 42 by 135 on the west side of Avery Place, 111.5 feet north of Pearsall Avenue.

New Stoop Line Ordinances.

At a meeting between a representative of the Corporation Counsel's office and Nelson P. Lewis, engineer of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, yesterday, it was definitely decided that the new Code of Ordinances, now being prepared, will not affect any properties that now encroach on the streets. It is the purpose of the new code to include only new buildings that may be erected on present streets and future construction on new streets.

Such property as does encroach will be protected, as far as it can be protected, by the method that has been in force for a long time—through the permits obtained from city departments and officials.

When the new code went into effect, on April 23 of this year, it was seen that the titles to about 90 per cent. of the buildings in the city would be endangered. The code was accordingly repealed on May 14, and this repeal was extended by the Corporation Counsel to Dec. 1. It was the general impression that the repeal would expire on that date and that all sales of property with encroachments would be held up until the new code was passed.

Corporation Counsel Pendleton stated several days ago that the new code would be ready before Dec. 1. It is expected that some of the provisions included in the new code may be announced to the public later this week.

Plans for a New Fire Station.

Plans have been filed for a new three-story fire station house to replace the old home of Hook and Ladder 2, at the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Fiftieth Street, which is one of the oldest in the city. The new building will be of brick, finished with limestone and granite trimmings, from designs by Charles B. Moyers, and will have a recreation hall on the top floor. It is to cost $70,000.

Rushing Work on New Theatre.

The Columbia Theatre and ten-story office building now being erected by the Thompson-Starrett Company at the corner of Forty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue, was closed in to-day, and the work of completing the interior is now being pushed to the limit. If the entire structure is completed before the end of December, as planned, it will mean that the old buildings have been demolished and the new buildings erected in a period of seven months. The contract calls for completion seven months after possession of the site is taken over by the contractor, and, although a month was lost owing to delay in steel deliveries, the Thompson-Starrett Company expects to make up this delay, and even anticipate the contract date for completion by turning the finished building over to the owners, Weber & Rush, in time to enable them to open the theatre to the public during Christmas week, when it is planned to make a production that will be a welcome contribution to the season's festivities.

To Lease City Property.

To-morrow at 11 A. M., Controller Metz will receive sealed bids for a ten years' lease of property at 153 and 155 Monroe Street, two four-story buildings, on plot 46.9 by 100, owned by the city. The highest bidder will be required to pay 25 per cent. of the amount of the yearly rental at the time and place of sale and to give a bond in double the amount of his annual rental bid. A minimum rental of $1,000 a year has been fixed. The property is on the north side of Monroe Street, 93.4 feet east of Clinton Street.

Audubon Bank Leases Property.

The Audubon National Bank, whose present quarters are in the building at the northwest corner of Broadway and 143d Street, has secured under lease a large portion of the ground floor and vault space in the basement of the twelve-story apartment hotel to be erected at the northwest corner of Broadway and 145th Street. The new structure is to be put up by the Dow Construction Company from plans by Thompson & Frohling.

The bank recently took a two years' lease of the quarters at 143d Street. The Audubon is the only National bank on the west side north of Forty-second Street. Its officers are D. S. Mills, President; Emil Schwarz, Vice President, and William Reimers, cashier.

Suit to Foreclose Mortgage.

Suit has been begun in the Supreme Court by Frank B. Martin and Mary O. Maxwell against the L. G. Potter Company and others to foreclose a mortgage of $82,500 on property at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-first Street, a plot 19 by 98.4. The mortgage was made on May 5, 1909, by the E. G. Potter Company to Agnes L. Burke. An assignment of the mortgage to the plaintiffs in the suit was filed in the office of the Register on Nov. 15.

Lofts and Stores Leased.

Louis Schrag has leased for Morris Weinstein the fifth and sixth lofts in the new building on the southeast corner of Twenty-first Street and Seventh Avenue to Richard G. Krueger, for a term of years; for Max Solomon, the top loft in the building 136 and 138 West Twenty-second Street to Alida V. Anderson, for a term of years; for the Angle Manufacturing Company the third loft in the building 159 and 161 West Twenty-fourth Street, to the American Clothes Dryer Company, for a term of years; for the Franmor Realty Company the store in the building 254 Seventh Avenue, to William Mackler, and for Lewis W. Marks the top loft in the building 419 Sixth Avenue, to M. Eaton.

The Building and Engineering Company has rented the sixth floor of 928 and 930 Broadway and 17 East Twenty-first Street to Henry Simonof, through John F. Smith.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Building and Engineering Company, to Bloomberg & Goldstein, the eighth loft in 928 and 930 Broadway and 17 East Twenty-first Street. They have also leased for Wiesen & Goldstein to the Imperial Embroidery Company the fourth loft in 151-155 West Twenty-fifth Street.

G. W. Barney has leased to Pomeranz Brothers the fifth loft in the building 36 and 38 West Twentieth Street to the Knelpp Linen Mesh Company; also, the eighth loft in 40 and 42 East Nineteenth Street to I. Skoultchi & Co.; also, the fourth loft in 55 West Sixteenth Street to Jacob Nadel; also, the third loft in 36 West Seventeenth Street to A. A. Vantine & Co.; also, the second loft in 13 East Sixteenth Street to Samuel Semon, and the second loft in 24 West Twentieth Street.

Amos R. E. Pinchot has leased for a term of twenty-one years the former St. Mary's School property, at 6 and 8 East Forty-sixth Street, opposite the Windsor Arcade. It consists of a five-story and basement structure, on plot 40.8 by 100.5, and was acquired by Mr. Pinchot last July.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings at the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Bath Av, 242, s s, 330 ft e of Westwood Av, Long Branch, N. J., 130x420.2x irregular, two-story frame dwelling; executors' sale, knocked down to M. Picken, $13,000.

Bath Av, 226, s s, 469 ft e of Westwood Av, Long Branch, N. J., 130x120.2x irregular, two-story frame dwelling; executors' sale, estate of John W. Woolley, knocked down to M. Picken, $14,000.

48th St, 424, s s, 325 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.5, two-story brick stable; executor's sale, estate of Jacob Hecht, to Anton J. Wettach, $8,000.

50th St, 132 and 134, s s, 350 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.4 each, two four-story tenements and stable in rear; estate of John and James Smith, to J. Arthur Fischer for Harriet S. James, $60,000.

Amsterdam Av, s w corner of 182d St, 70.7x125, two-story frame building, with stores; voluntary sale, bid in at $13,000.

1st Av, 407, w s, 20.10 ft s of 24th St, 19.9x70, three-story tenement, with store; voluntary sale, bid in at $13,000.

57th St, 553, n s, 150 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement, with stores; voluntary sale, bid in at $20,000.

57th St, 555, n s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement, with stores; voluntary sale, bid in at $20,000.

44th St, 161, n s, 101.2 ft e of Broadway, 21x100.5, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, knocked down to Alfred M. Rau, $111,500.

6th Av, 642, e s, 43 ft n of 53d St, 21.6x75, four-story flat, with store; voluntary sale, knocked down to Frank M. Manning, $41,750.

82d St, 70, s s, 132 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x102.2 four-story dwelling; partition sale, to the plaintiff, Harriet McDonald, $25,900.

84th St, 31, n s, 380 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x102.2, five-story tenement; partition sale, to the plaintiff, Harriet McDonald, $21,400.

78th St, 150, s s, 280 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x102.2, four-story dwelling; partition sale, to the plaintiff, Harriet McDonald, $27,000.

123d St, 416, s s, 237 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to Morris H. Park and Philip Harrison, $10,300.

Clinton Av, 2,121, n w corner of 181st St, 26x59.3, four-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Edward Giegerich, $20,000.

10th Av, 615 to 619, n w corner of 44th St, 75.3x100, five-story loft building and store and two-story stable in rear; foreclosure sale, adjourned sine die.

By Samuel Marx.

Morris Av, 1,034, e s, 310 ft n of 165th St, 20x95, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the defendant, Abraham Orently, $9,186.

Vyse Av, e s, 886.7 ft n of 174th St, 23.6x34.4x24x8.5, one-story store; partition sale, to Michael J. Dowd, $4,250.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Anthony Av, n w corner of 175th St, 45x90, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the Estate Settlement Co., $6,200.

By James L. Wells Co.

Carter Av, w s, 26.9 ft n of 175th St, 81.10x150.3x31.6x148.6, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, W. A. Cameron, $2,567.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

177th St, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 50x78; L. and M. Holding Co., owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $60,000.

Lexington Av, s e corner of 50th St, for a three-story brick hook and ladder house, 45.4x—; city, owner; C. B. Meyers, architect; cost, $40,000.

Brook and Bergen Aves. and 153d St, block bounded by, two-story brick market, 190x44.6; John J. Gillen, 136 Tenth Av, owner; James S. Maher architect; cost, $20,000.

McCombs Road, w s, 245 ft s of 170th St, for a four-story brick tenement, 25x75; Antonio Cebrelli, 28 Clark Place, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architect; cost, $20,000.

Intervale Av, e s, 86½ ft e of 165th St; two five-story brick tenements, 37.6x38 each; Tully Construction Co., 857 Whitlock Av, owner; Edward J. Byrne, architect; cost, $80,000.

165th St, s w corner of Gindley Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 20.97x81.40; Mountain Construction Co., Jacob A. Frankel, premises, present owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $25,000.

Kingsbridge Terrace, s s, 425 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, for a two-story and attic frame dwelling, 21x45; Alfred Larkin, 79 West 102d St, owner; John J. Kennedy, Riverdale, architect; cost, $4,000.

Claremont Park Freight Yard, 304 ft s of 173d St, for a one-story frame storage building, 60x16; George J. Kuhn, premises, owner; George Haiss Manufacturing Co., architect; cost, $2,500.

182d St, corner Arthur Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 91¾x81.9; Central Bronx Realty Co, F. M. Mellert, 1,692 Monroe Av, owner; Schaefer & Jaeger, architects; cost, $40,000.

Brook Av, w s, 242¾ ft n of 152d St, for a two-story brick storage building, 34.19x89.8S; Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, 45th St and First Av, owners; L. Levy, architect; cost, $20,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Bronx Boulevard, e s, 1,250 ft n of Pelham Parkway, for a two-story frame dwelling, 41x32; George Reiss, premises, owner; George H. Olphert, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 16.

ARTHUR AV, w s, LotX1, map of Cedar Hill Plot at Fordham, 25x111.10; Lewis H. Gentles to Harry C. Phillips of Port Chester, N. Y., $1.

AVENUE E, n w corner of 11th St, 108x205; Peter Handebode, Jr., to Martin Pletscher, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 163d St, 99.11x100; Tomahawk Realty Co. to Adam J. Hafner, (mtgs $205,000,) $100.

CHERRY ST, 460, n s, 37x97.9; Harry Rubinstein to Tillie Wacht, (mtg $40,000,) $100.

CHERRY ST, 460, n s, 37x97.9; Tillie Wacht to Barney Isaacs, $100.

DIVISION ST, s e s, being Lot 26, map of William Crowther; Lillian J. Hertz to James G. B. E. Ford, $1.

GAINSBORG AV, w s, 100 ft n of Tremont Road, 50x100; Mildred H. Williams to Edward C. Gainsborg, $100.

GAINSBORG AV, w s, 100 ft n of Tremont Road, 50x100; Edward C. Gainsborg to August Koenig, $100.

GOERCK ST, e s, 125 ft s of Broome St, 25x100; George W. Collins to Thomas W. Jerolds of Anand, N. Y., $20,000.

HENDERSON PLACE, e s, 70.9 ft n of 86th St, 30.8x irregular; C. N. Shurman Investing Co. to Alice G. Alling, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

HOUSTON ST, 394 and 396, n s; 2d St, 285 and 287, 40x65.8; Herbert S. Ogden to William Fischman, $26,000.

LOT 71, map of Van Nest Park; Regent Realty Co. to George J. Silva, $1.

LOT 81, map of land of Maria F. Pierce, Westchester; William H. Butler to the Butler Estates, (mtg $950,) $100.

LOTS 17 and 18, map of sub-division of estate of William B. Ogden; John Brown to Catharine Pilsington, $100.

LOTS 31 and 32, Block 55, Map of Sec. 1, Morris Park Fidelity Development Co. to Margarete J. D. Louie, $100.

MACOMB'S DAM ROAD, n w corner of 152d St, 85.1x109.7; Hague Realty Co. to Teichmann Engineering Construction Co., (mtg $22,900,) $100.

MAIN ST, s w corner of Orchard St, 25x100; lot adjoining lands of Boule-Bell & Leviness, City Island; Thaddeus C. Rolfe to Sarah Gebhardt, $100.

MARION AV, n e corner of Travers St, 83.4x25.3; Lewis H. Gentles to Harry C. Phillips, $1.

MORRIS AV, e s, 88.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x85; Morris Av, e s, 263.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x85; L. Estelle Corner to Simpson Construction Co., $100.

PERRY AV, s e s, 199.6 ft s w of 205th St, 20x100; Perry Avenue Construction Co. to Edward G. Gatz, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

PERRY AV, e s, 375 ft s of Ozark St, 25x100; John P. Hanigan to Winifred Hanigan, $1.

SETON AV, e s, 212.6 ft n of Randall Av, 37.6x100; Benguit Nelson to Claes G. Williams Lindh, $1.

SIMPSON ST, e s, 100.6 ft s of Freeman St, 40x100; Simpson Construction Co. to L. Estelle Corner of New Rochelle, (mtg $39,000,) $1.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 150 ft n of 180th St, 50x102.1; Max Borsuk to Bella Avram, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 160 ft s of 178th St, 56x150; J. C. Julius Langbein to Clement H. Smith, (mtg $30,000,) $1.

WASHINGTON ST, 215, e s, 26.9x80; Greenwish St, 218, w s, 26.6x80; Henry J. S. Hall and others to Hall & Ruckel, $1.

WEST END AV, 613, w s, 18x90; Emma V. Popper to Robert Reis, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

WEST END AV, n w corner of 95th St, 25.2x54.2; Adelaide S. Browning and others to Eugene Higgins, $35,000.

19TH ST, s s, 280 ft e of 5th Av, 50x114; 18th St, n s, Lot 55, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Leopold Salamon to Albert H. Klees, (mtg $500,) $100.

34TH ST, 314 and 316 West, 33.4x98.9; Adam J. Hafner to City Holding Co., (mtg $56,000,) $100.

37TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Charlotte P. Browning to Mary B. Bausher, $1.

44TH ST, 435 West, 20x100.4; Joseph F. Gibbons to George Schwartz, $100.

47TH ST, n s, 79 ft w of 1st Av, 21x50.3; Parshelsky Brothers to Union Holding Co., $1.

56TH ST, 418 West, 25x78.7; Philip Liberman and others to Patrick McGinn, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

74TH ST, 421 to 425 East, 62x63.3; Annie Epstein to R. & S. Realty Co., (mtg $45,000,) $1.

79TH ST, 110 West, 18x76.8; Lillie E. Kelly to Gurden E. Corwith, (mtgs $21,500,) $100.

84TH ST, 40 West, 17.2x102.2; Henry Steinbach and others to Ferguson Brothers & Forshay, $24,000.

86TH ST, 340 East, 25x102.2; R. Burnham Moffat to Robert Johanson, $38,000.

98TH ST, 131 West, 24.9x100.11; Lena B. Fellows to Florence E. Fellows, $100.

98TH ST, 129 West, 24.9x100.11; Lena B. Fellows to Florence E. Fellows, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

99TH ST, s s, 262.6 ft e of Madison Av, 37.6x100.11; Dudley F. Malone to Nathan Glassheim and another, (mtg $37,500,) $6,100.

103D ST, 50 East, 40x100.11; Morris Cukor to Carl Fischer, $46,500.

103D ST, 805 East, 20x1000.11; Rosa Hyman to Frank Gulden, $100.

117TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Ida M. Bradshaw to Arthur Chester, (mtg $18,750,) $1.

122D ST, 112 East, 27.6x100.1; Marie Jung to Mary Falkenberg, (mtgs $13,400,) $1.

123D ST, s s, 165 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.5; Bertha Blau to Commercial Trading Co., (mtg $20,200,) $100.

128TH ST, 246 East, 26x99.11; William S. Patten to William McGowan, $1.

131H ST, 11 West, 26.3x99.11; Julia Rosh to Elizabeth Sheldon of Mount Vernon, (mtg $36,500,) $100.

148TH ST, s s, 137.6 ft w of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11; Adam J. Hafner to City Holding Co., (mtg $34,500,) $10.

148TH ST, n s, 243 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Carlos M. Sarria to Katherine Mullins, $100.

148TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 25x100; Kalmin Kalotkin to Mary Rosen, $500.

155TH ST, s s, 145 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Rockland Realty Co. to Thomas D. Malcolm Construction Co., $1.

161ST ST, 407 East, 25x65.3; Charles H. Loweree to John Giedel, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

163D ST, n s, 275 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 75x112.6; John F. Fox to Daniel J. Mendelson, $1.

178TH ST, 650 West, 12.6x100; Marie A. Arns to Josephine Arns, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

180TH ST, s s, 370.9 ft w of Broadway, 58.4x100; Ferguson Brothers & Forshay to Lottie B. Steinbach, (mtg $55,000,) $1.

205TH ST, n s, Lot 525, map of George F. and H. B. Opdyke, 28x117.11; Margaret T. Conlan to Mary Christians of Freeport, L. I., (mtgs $8,500,) $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALTMAN, Rebecca, and another to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 146th St, s s, 390.2 ft w of Brook Av, 34.9x irregular, 5 years $32,000

ALTMAN, Rebecca, and another to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 146th St, 350 ft w of Clifton Av, 50.2x100, 5 years, $40,000

ATLANTIC REALTY CO. to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 128th St, n s, 285 ft w of 3d Av, 75x99.11, 5 years, 4½% $25,000

ANDERSON, Charles T., to Kate S. Bell; Seton Av, w s, 500 ft s of Jefferson Av, 36.5x100, 2 years, 6% $900

BURNHAM, Catharine, to Title Insurance Co.; 78th St, 66 East, 3 years $20,000

CHESTER IMPROVEMENT CO. to Albert Mamlock; Parker Av, s s, 175 ft e of Lyon Av, 25x130, prior mtg $3,800, 1 year, 6%, $1,000

CHURCH OF ST. GABRIEL to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 36th St, n s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 100x—, 3 years, 4½% $180,000

CUSHING REALTY CO. to Kate Moore; 236th St, s s, 25 ft e of Oneida Av, 25x100, due as per bond $5,000

DAVIS, Vivian W., and another to Rufus L. Scott; Schofield St, n s, 50 ft e of land of George Byles, City Island, 1 year, 6% $500

DEL DONNO, Luigi, to Herbert S. Ogden and others, executors; Lots 489 and 490, map of Van Nest Park, due Nov. 1, 1914 .....$5,000

EDGAR CONSTRUCTION CO. to James Hamerschlag; Manhattan St, 111, n s, 72x100, prior mtg $85,000, demand, 6% $46,000

EDGAR CONSTRUCTION CO. to Albany Savings Bank; Manhattan St, 111, n s, 72x100, 5 years, 4½% $95,000

FALKENBERG, Mary, to New York Savings Bank; 122d St, 112 East, due, &c., as per bond $14,000

FALKENBERG, Mary, to William J. Campbell; 122d St, 112 East, prior mtg $14,000, 1 year, 6% $600

FILES, George W., to Arthur M. Reese; Lot 138, map of 160 lots, land of M. Morgenthau, 1 year, 6% $434

GEIDEL, John, to Anna M. Lowerre; 161st St, 407 East, 3 years $1,000

GETZ, Edward G., and another, to Perry Avenue Construction Co.; Perry Av, s e s, 199.6 ft s w of 205th St, 20x100, prior mtg $6,000, due May 15, 1910 6% $1,000

GLAESHEIM, Nathan, to John Stemme; 98th St, s s, 202.6 ft e of Madison Av, 37.9x100.11, prior mtg $37,500, due May 10, 1912, 6% $3,550

GODFREY, Edward L., to George Peper; 64th St, 173 West, 5 years $200,000

GOMPRECHT, Carrie, and others, to Barbara Heffernan, guardian; Southern Boulevard, w s, 533.3 ft s of 182d St, 67.1x—, 2 years, 6% .....

GORTON, Elizabeth, to Helena Meier of College Point; Lot 192, map of Section 1 and 2, Bronx View Park, 25x100, 3 years, 6% $800

GORTON, Elizabeth to Mary Egan; Lot 192, map of Section 1 and 2, Bronx View Park, 25x100, due Dec. 1, 1912, 5½% $300

GRIMM, Louis, to Fritz Hartz and another; Minford Place, w s, 34 ft n of 172d St, 33x67; 172d St, n s, 67 ft w of Minford Place, 33x100, prior mtg $29,000, due, &c., as per bond $4,500

GULDEN, Frank, to Rosa Hyman; 103d St, 305 West, 20x100.11, 3 years, 4½% $20,000

HAFNER, Adam J., to Tomahawk Realty Co.; Broadway, s e corner of 163d St, 99.11x100, 2 years, 6% $15,000

HANLEY, Nora, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 123d St, 242 East, 1 year, 4½% $6,500

HERMANN, Simon, to Julius Pauly; 129th St, 302 West, prior mtg $14,000, 2 years, 6% $3,000

ISAACS, Barney, to Samuel Wacht; 1st Av, n w corner of 66th St, 50x75, prior mtg $62,500, 5 years, 6% $6,000

JOHANSON, Robert, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 86th St, 340 East, 5 years $22,000

IRVINE REALTY CO. to Sarah E. Bruce; Webster Av, e s, 170.6 ft n of 187th St, 33.4x—, due Nov. 1, 1912 .....$16,000

IRVINE REALTY CO. to Blanche W. Cameron, executrix; Webster Av, e s, 203.10 ft n of 187th St, 33.4x—, due Nov. 1, 1912 .....$16,000

LAMB, Amelia C., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 10th Av, 580, due, &c., as per bond $6,500

LEVY, Louis, to Thomas W. Jeralds; Goerck St, e s, 125 ft e of roome St, 25x100, 5 years $21,000

LIER, Frank, to Barbera Brodil; 71st St, n s, 283 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2, 3 years, 6% $2,500

LOUIS, Margarete J. D., to Fidelity Development Co.; Lots 31 and 32, Block 55, map of Section 1, Morris Park, 3 years $2,750

LOUIS, Margarete J. D., to Fidelity Development Co.; Lots 31 and 32, Block 55, map of Section 1, Morris Park, prior mtg $2,750, 3 years $1,350

McDONNELL, John A., to Hudson P. Rose Co.; Lots 228 and 229, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, 3 years, 5½% $837

McDONNELL, John A., to Hudson P. Rose Co.; Lot 249, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, 3 years, 5½% $412

McDONALD, John P., to Elizabeth K. Dooling; 2d Av, e s, 27.2 ft n of 76th St, 25x88.8, prior mtg $14,000, 1 year $1,000

NINER, Harriet, to Herman Lowenstein; Lots 138 and 139, map of Seton Homestead, 3 years, 6% $1,790

MULLER, Diedrich, to German Savings Bank; Home St, n e corner of Forest Av, 22.10x100, due Nov. 1, 1910 .....$15,000

PERRY AVENUE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Anthony F. Koelble; Perry Av, s e s, 119.6 ft s w of 205th St; 4 lots, each 20x100; 4 mtgs, each $1,500; 4 prior mtgs, $6,000 each, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

PERRY AVENUE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Perry Av, s e s, 119.6 ft s w of 205th St, 6 lots, each 20x100, 6 mtgs, each $6,000, due, &c., as per bond $36,000

PHELAN, William L., to Moses Seelig; Valentine Av, e s, 132.8 ft n of 181st St, 20x118.3, prior mtg $8,000, due as per bond $2,000

PHELAN, William L., to Moses Seelig; Valentine Av, e s, 152.8 ft n of 181st St, 20x118, prior mtg $7,500, due as per bond, $2,000.

PLETSCHER, Martin, to Peter Handibode, Jr.; Avenue E, n w corner of 11th St, 108x205, Unionport, prior mtg $5,500, 2 years, 6% $2,000

R. & M. REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; 142d St, n s, 350 ft e of 7th Av, 50x99.11, demand, 6% $2,000

SCHWARTZ, George, to Joseph F. Gibbons; 44th St, 435 West, 3 years, 4½% $3,000

SILVERSON & Condon Construction Co. to Joseph Silverson and another; Riverside Drive, 552, prior mtg $190,000, 1 year, 6% $10,000

SIMPSON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Edna E. Patterson; Morris Av, e s, 88.3 ft n of 174th St, 75x85; Morris Av, e s, 263.3 ft n of 174th St, 25x85, due as per bond $6,000

SINCLAIR, Eliza G., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 57th St, 425 East, due, &c., as per bond $3,000

TEICHMAN ENGINEERING AND CONstruction Co. to North American Mortgage Co.; Macombs Dam Road, n w corner of 152d St, 85.1x—, 1 year, 6% $74,000

TEICHMAN ENGINEERING AND CONstruction Co. to Hague Realty Co.; Macombs Dam Road, n w corner of 152d St, 85.1x— prior mtg $74,000, 1 year, 6% $8,231

THOMAS D. MALCOLM CONSTRUCTION Co. to Enoch C. Bell; 155th St, s s, 145 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100, 1 year, 6% $23,000

THOMAS D. MALCOLM CONSTRUCTION Co. to Rockland Realty Co.; 155th St, s s, 145 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100, 1 year, 6% $13,250

TISCHMAN, William, to Herbert S. Ogden; Houston St, 394 and 396, n s, 40x65, 5 years $22,000

UNION HOLDING CO. to American Mortvage Co.; 47th St, n s, 75 ft w of 1st Av, 21x50.3, 5 years $7,000

WALKER, Julia G., to Caroline B. Sexton; 81st St, s s, 200 ft w of Park Av, 19x102.2, 3 years, 4½% $40,000

WIESENBERG, Rachel, and another to Franklin Savings Bank; 118th St, 161 and 163 East, 5 years 4½% $28,000

Mechanics' Liens.

46TH ST, 155 West; Patrick McCarthy against Frederick J. Lancaster, trustee, owner; — Wilson, lessee, contractor, $267.

BRACHEN AV, w s, 100 ft n of Randall Av, 50x100; Brachen Av, w s, 175 ft n of Randall Av, 50x100; Israel Komissar against Joseph Steen, owner; George Eriacher, owner and contractor, $200.

125D ST, 116 East; Harry Chalmowitz against Max Blau, owner and contractor, $60.

152D ST, 378 East; William Blumenauer against Tannenbaum Construction Co., owner; S. Tannenbaum, President, contractor, $900.

235TH ST, 122 and 124 East; John Bell Co. against Sidney H. Blower, owner and contractor; Howard Constructing Co., contractor; G. Colona and Thomas Amabile, sub-contractors, $450.

46TH ST, 164 West; Julius Braunstein against Thomas B. Hilden, owner; Emanuel W. Bauman, contractor, $263.

KOSSUTH AV, s e corner of Concord St, or 239th St, 100x50; Tremont Molding Mill against Mrs. Muller, owner; Antonio Meredino, owner and contractor, $650.

3D AV, 2,141; Christian Blajer against Otto Meier, owner; Joseph Epstein, contractor, $168.

32D ST, 344 and 346 East; Louis Jampol and others against Franbro Realty Co., owner; Mandel Building Co., contractor, $500.

HUGHES AV, n w corner of 179th St, 107x186; Moses Kaplan and others against O'Leary Realty and Construction Co., owner; L. Isaacs Co., contractor, $61.

GRAND BOULEVARD and Concourse, e s, 150 ft n of Burnside Av, 57x104; George Mongo & Son against Tremont Temple Congregation Gates of Mercy, owner; L. Tager and Jacob Katz, contractors, $741.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

98TH ST, 287 East; Harry Sobel against David Leibgold and others, Oct. 7, 1909, (by bond.) $88.

BATHGATE AV, s w corner of 188th St; Otto L. Spannhake, Inc., against Mountain Construction Co. and others, Nov. 8, 1909, (by bond,) $675.

165TH ST, s s, whole front between College and Findlay Avs; Otto L. Spannhake, Inc., against Mountain Construction Co., Nov. 8, 1909, (by bond,) $625.

MANIDA ST., n e s, 113.11 ft n w of Lafayette Av.; Ficklein Concrete Construction Co. against Manida Co. and others, July 29, 1909, (by bond,) $1,375.

MANIDA ST., n e s, 113.11 ft n w of Lafayette Av.; Ficklein Concrete Construction Co. against Manida Co. and others, June 18, 1909, $1,375.

TRINITY AV, 902 and 904; William David against Mary Kurshman and others, Sept. 27, 1909, $150.

WALTON AV, w s, 85 ft s of 183d St; Torregiani & Severino against Bedford Park Construction Co. and others, Nov. 1, 1909, $300.

DELANCY ST, 134; Harry A. Berger against Ottenberg & Becker and others, Oct. 26, 1909, $120.

Lis Pendens.

BRONX TERRACE, w s, Lot 1,213 and Gore 108, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx; Frank M. Abbott against William N. Diller, (specific performance;) attorney, H. B. Bradbury.

STANTON ST, 121, and Essex St, 154 and 156; Emily S. Garside against Sola Roth and others, (action to cancel lease;) attorney, H. A. Vieu.

56TH ST, 240 West; Amy A. C. Montague against Frederick J. Kelly, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Earle & Russell.

PLIMPTON AV, w s, 75 ft s of 170th St, 201.7x100x irregular; John Norton against James C. Picken and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, McLoughlin & Martin.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 930; Isidor Bleiman against Charles P. Felbusch and others, (action to enjoin, &c.;) attorneys, Wechsler & Rothschild.

TILDEN AV, w s, Lot 668, map of Laconia Park, Bronx; 1st St, s s, Lot 653, map of Laconia Park, Bronx, (two actions;) Frank Koch against A. Shatzkin & Sons and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, A. Caccia.

5TH AV, s e corner of 41st St, 19x98.4; Frank B. Martin and others against I. G. Pott Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Hanford.

182D ST, s s, 120.3 ft e of Washington Av, 18x61.7x irregular; Josephine F. Geiger and others against Hillside Realty and Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Oakes, Van Amringe & Schurz.

5TH AV, s w corner of 120th St, 20.10x85; George Waddington, trustee, against Emily G. Painter and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Robinson, Biddle & Benedict.

2D ST, n s, 120.2 ft w of Avenue Av, 20.2x100; Richard Friedland against Philip R. Dryendecker and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lindsay, Kalish & Palmer.

152D ST, n s, 350 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x100; Henry H. Jackson against Johnston Umsted Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. H. Jackson.

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CHICKEN FARM, $99.

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Cranford, 26 acres on Springfield Avenue; 6-room house, barn, with water frontage. Price $7,500. Terms to suit. Irving H. Wolfe, 60 Liberty Street, New York.

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Ninety acres, ten minutes' walk north of station, the only big tract right in town. Large frontage on Rahway River. Price $600 per acre. Terms to suit. Irving H. Wolfe, 60 Liberty Street, New York.

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In choicest residential section, plot 215 by 235, modern dwelling. Hollander, 109 Broad St.

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A plot 100x375, (almost an acre,) covered with fine old trees, located in our Greenacres Tract at the Hartsdale Station, will be sold for $3,500.

This property is 120 ft. above sea level, overlooking the Scarsdale Golf Club. It is within eight miles of the city line, with the electric rapid transit (almost completed) at the door.

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Homes, Residences, Lots, Plots—all prices.
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SPLENDID BUILDING SITE,
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With small estate on North Shore of Long Island, convenient to New York; $12,500; house has 12 rooms, 3 baths, parquet floors, electric lights, 5 fireplaces, large verandas; land covered with fine old trees; fine bathing beach; express station half a mile distant. P. O. Box 360. N. Y. C.

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Model farm, 198 acres, 14-room house, steam heat, 6 barns, $500 hogpen, 400 fruit trees, stock, tools, $10,000, half cash; 90 acres, 11-room house, $2,000. F. H. Dibble, Ansonia, Conn.

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A SELECT AND ATTRACTIVE HIGH-CLASS APARTMENT ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE, HAVING 12 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; WILL BE LET TO A DESIRABLE TENANT; OVERLOOKS RIVER; HAS VIEW NORTH AND SOUTH, AND IS IN SIGHT OF SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' MONUMENT. APPLY SUPT. 194 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

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(ONE ENTIRE SQUARE BLOCK),

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The largest and best appointed apartment house in the world.

7 rooms and up; 2, 3 and 4 bathrooms.
Every room an outside room.
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9 Rooms, 2 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.

RENTS, $2,400 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.

All-night elevator service.
Eight large, light rooms and two baths.
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APARTMENTS.

St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park.
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT.
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.

4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms
AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.

Finest Location on Washington Heights.

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Elevator service and steam heat.
4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

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Exceptional floor, 6, bath; steam, hot water; private hall; cleanly kept; Subway, surface, elevated.

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74 WEST 89TH ST.
Seven rooms; large, light; steam heated.

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74 WEST 92D ST.
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103d St., 131 West.—Single floor apartment; seven large rooms and bath; $45; all improvements.

Eight-room single apartment, 2d floor, at 105 W. 88th St., private house block; rent, $55. S. B. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

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84th, 19 West, Near Central Park.—Seven beautiful rooms; bath; new plumbing; improvements; $55.

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NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

180 Claremont Av., N. E. Corner 125th St. Beautiful apartments, five, six, and seven elegant large, light rooms; night elevator; telephone; mail chute; hall service; near Subway station; moderate.

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Unfurnished corner apartment, 5 large rooms; elevator; all improvements; beautiful location on Washington Heights, convenient to Subway; rent $50; liberal concession. See Superintendent on premises, 94 Hamilton Place, corner 141st St., or telephone 6843 Cortlandt.

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Four Rooms—Six Rooms

Housekeeping conveniences; Modern Elevator Building; Restaurant optional. Morningside Avenue East, corner West 118th St.

STERLING, 203 WEST 118TH ST.
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6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENTS $50 TO $70.

Cathedral Heights, $40.

Elevator; five rooms. 509 West 112th St.

Single apartment, 7 exceptionally large rooms; modern; electric lights; convenient. 247 West 135th St.

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Large Apartments to Rent.

86th St., 18 East, (near 5th Av.)—Two large rooms and bath; electric light, telephone, and maid service; newly decorated; excepetionally refined neighborhood.

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High-class modern apartments, with elevator, hall and telephone service.
8 rooms and 2 baths.....$1,300
7 rooms and bath.....$720 to $1,000
Liberal concessions will be made on account of lateness of season.

PORTER & CO.,
159 W. 125TH ST.

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901 Lexington Av
Corner 67th St.
Modern Corner Apartment;
Southern exposure.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rent $2,200.
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5 and 6 rooms and bath $26 to $33.
All large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
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Elegant five, six, and seven room apartments; all improvements; electric lights and telephone; moderate rents.

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LAST UNRENTED

Ten rooms, three baths; finest anywhere for rent, $3,000; southern exposure; near Broadway and Subway station. 67 Riverside Drive, corner 79th.

2,708 Heath Av., Near 225th St. Subway.—One-family house, 9 rooms; all improvements.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NAJEEB NAJA, Bankrupt.

By order of this Court, the assets of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of the Receiver herein by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at his warehouse, No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on November 17th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M.

The property for sale consists of Bonnaz embroidery machines and other machines, and general plant used for manufacturing embroideries, also desks, chairs, etc., and can be inspected at the above address on November 15th and 16th, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

LAWRENCE L. DRIGGS, Receiver.
OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOL ABRAMS, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1909, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 323 Church St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of velvets, silks, braids, fixtures, &c.

J. HARRY SNOOK, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FOR WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the following bankrupt estates: Duplex Ignition Co., fixtures, &c.; Lester Cohn, roll top desks, office fixtures, &c.; Reisig & Schwartzhart, canvas, trimmings, fixtures, machines, &c.; Shulmans & Goldstein, ladies' jackets, coats, skirts, and sewing machines; Eastern Lithoprinting Co., machinery, Bleeckher Eiseman, pin fasteners.

CHAS. SHONGOOD.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN HORDES, individually and as member of firm of ISAAC & HYMAN HORDES, Bankrupt:—No. 12,898.

To the creditors of Hyman Hordes, individually and as member of the firm of Isaac & Hyman Hordes, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Hyman Hordes was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated November 15th, 1909.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SOLOMON BASSEL and SADIE BASSEL, individually and as copartners under the firm name of S. BASSEL, Bankrupts.—No. 12,260.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon Bassel and Sadie Bassel, individually and as copartners under the firm name of S. Bassel, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated November 12th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 29th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 16th, 1909.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRIS LUKASHOK, Bankrupt.—No. 12,618.

Notice is hereby given that Harris Lukashok, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 26th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Honorable United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 13th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner thereon should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November, 15th, 1909.

NO. 12,822.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WOLF GOLDSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Wolf Goldstein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said Wolf Goldstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 16th, 1909.

DO YOU NEED A STENOGRAPHER AT 9:00 A. M. TO-MORROW?

If you require the services of efficient help, accurate and willing workers, insert a want ad. in the Help Wanted column of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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Largest S. S. ever sent to the ORIENT.
(17,000 TONS)

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80 DAYS
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Leaving New York Nov. 20, 10 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.

*P. Grant..Nov.17, 1 PM		†Amerika...Dec. 11	
†Kais'n A. V..Nov.20,10AM		Bulgaria....Dec. 18	
§Pennsyl'a..Nov.27,10 A M		*Pres. Grant..Dec. 25	
§Waldersee..Dec.4,11 AM		†Kais'n A. V...Jan. 5	

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ITALY — By our Mediterranean Service — NILE

large steamers Moltke, Cincinnati, & Hamburg from New York Nov. 18, Dec. 9, Jan. 6, 29, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa.

Nile Trips Through Egypt
by Hamburg & Anglo-Amer. Nile Co.

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QUEENSTOWN—FISHGUARD—LIVERPOOL, LONDON—PARIS.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.

Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.

MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.

Lusitania.....Nov. 17		Lusitania.....Dec. 8	
Mauretania....Dec 1		Carmania.....Dec. 11	
Carpathia.....Dec. 4		Campania.....Dec. 15	

TO ITALY { S. S. Caronia Nov. 27 / S. S. Saxonia
Dec. 4, Feb. 5, Mar. 19.

SPECIAL CRUISES.
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Steamships CARMANIA, CARONIA, SAXONIA, (14,300 tons.)
Italy and Egypt.
Via Azores—Madeira—Gibraltar.
Caronia.....Nov. 27, Jan. 8, Feb. 19
Saxonia.....Dec. 4, Feb. 5, Mar. 19
Carmania.....Jan. 22, March 5
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Caronia.....Nov. 27, noon Caronia.....Jan. 8
SAXONIA..Dec. 4, noon Carmania...Jan. 22
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., 21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

Bermuda
New Weekly Service by 6,000 Ton
R. M. S. P. "Orotava"
Dec. 15th and Every Wednesday
Christmas Vacation Special Rates including Hotel and Excursions.
Sailings of Dec. 15th, 22d & 29th to Bermuda.
Sailing of December 24th to Jamaica, Panama Canal, Barbados, Bermuda, etc.
Comfortable voyage to this delightful Island by Ocean Liner. High Class Cuisine—Orchestra. Electric Fans in all rooms.

JAMAICA - COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.

Tagus .....Nov. 27		Magdalena Dec. 25	
Oruba ....Dec. 11		Clyde..... Jan. 8	

Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up
Cruise de Luxe to the WEST INDIES
18 to 54 Days, $85 to $350 up
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
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JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.

Tagus....Nov. 27.		Magdalena Dec. 25	
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Southern Pacific Steamships
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Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
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Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York in the season.
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ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec, Canada, or
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway,
1,200 Broadway, 642 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla.
From Pier 45, N. R., (Christopher St.) at 1 P. M.
Huron.....Nov. 17 | Comanche.....Nov. 20
Mohawk.....Nov. 19 | Apache.....Nov. 23
Pier 45, N. R., and 290 Broadway, N. Y.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK. Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
PEOPLE'S LINE TO ALBANY

Magnificent steamers C. W. MORSE or ADIRONDACK leave N. Y. daily (Sundays excepted,) Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE TO TROY
New steamers TROJAN or RENSSELAER leave New York daily (Saturdays excepted,) Pier 46, N. R., foot West 10th St., at 6 P. M. Sunday steamers touch at Albany.

ROUND TRIP $2.50, Via BOTH LINES.
Splendid accommodations. Rooms heated. Connecting with trains for points North, East and West. Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery

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"MANHATTAN LINE"
TO ALBANY $1.00 ONE WAY $1.50 ROUND TRIP
STEAMERS
FRANK JONES AND SARATOGA
From Pier 54, N.R., ft. W. 14 St., ex. Sun., 5:30 P.M.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE; from Franklin St., daily, 4 P. M.; Sundays, 9 A. M.

WINTER CRUISES 16-28 Days

By the 12,500 Cruising S. S. MOLTKE, leaving New York Jan. 22, Feb. 22 and Mar. 24.

WEST INDIES

$85 and $150 up — Venezuela, Nassau and Panama Canal

21 years' experience in arranging and conducting cruises.

Send for new illustrated book.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York

American Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

St. Louis.....Nov. 20		St. Paul.....Dec. 4	
Philadelphia..Nov. 27		New York.....Dec. 11	

Atlantic Transport Line
New York-London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.

Minneapolis..Nov. 20, 11 AM		Minnewaska..Dec. 4	
Minnetonka.Nov. 27, 9:30 AM		Minnehaha..Dec. 11	

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp

Finland.....Nov. 17		Vaderland.....Dec. 1	
Zeeland.....Nov. 24		Kroonland....Dec. 8	

White Star Line From Pier 48, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

Celtic..Nov. 20, 11 AM		Arabic..Dec. 11, 10 AM	
Baltic..Dec. 4, 11 AM		Celti...Dec. 18, 10 AM	

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Mafatic.No. 17, 9:30 AM		Teutonic.Dc. 1, 9:30 AM	
Oceanic.Nov. 24, 3 PM		Adriatic..Dec. 8, 3 PM	

NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY & EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
SPECIAL FALL SAILING
NOV. 25, S. S. CEDRIC 21,035 Tons
Largest Steamer to the Mediterranean.
CEDRIC, (21,035 tons)..Nov. 25, Jan. 5, Feb. 16
Romanic...Dec. 1, Jan. 15, Feb. 26, April 2
Cretic.....Dec. 9, Jan. 29, Mar. 12, April 16
Canopic.....Dec. 18 Feb. 12, Mar. 24, May 4
CELTIC, (20,904 tons) .....Feb. 2, Mar. 16
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CRUISE of the "ARABIC" to the
HOLY LAND and EGYPT
Sails Jan. 20, 1910, for 73 Days, costing $400 and up Including all necessary Expenses
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North German Lloyd
Large, Fast and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships,
Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

K. Wilhelm II..Nov. 23		Cecilie.....Dec. 14	
Prinz F'k Wm..Nov. 30		Kaiser Wm. II..Jan. 4	

BREMEN DIRECT.
Twin-screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

Rhein.....Dec. 9		P. Irene.....Dec. 30	
Neckar.....Dec. 16		Chemnitz.....Jan. 6	

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

P. Irene.....Nov. 20		*Berlin (new)..Dec. 11	
K. Albert..Wed., Dec. 1		Barbarossa....Jan. 8	

*Omits Algiers.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS&CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CLARK'S 12th Annual CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land (with side trip to Khartoum), costing only $400 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, etc. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, etc.

CRUISE AROUND THE WORLD
FEB. 5—A few vacancies yet. Similar Cruises Oct. 15, '10, and Feb. 4, '11. $650 up. Fine Series Europe-Oberammergau Tours $270 up. Send for programs (please specify.)
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK FOR NAPLES DIRECT, GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE, (PORT OF NICE, RIVIERA,) AND MARSEILLES, TOURS AND THRU' BOOKINGS BY RAIL OR STEAMER TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. ALL STATEROOMS OUTSIDE ON PROMENADE DECKS. ALL STEAMERS BUILT SINCE 1902. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. STATEROOMS $70 UPWARD. BOOKLETS ON REQUEST. 1910 SAILINGS READY.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

California, Nov. 20, 1 P.M.; Furnessia, Dec. 4, 2 P. M.
Columbia, Nov. 27, 9 A. M.; Caledonia, Dec. 11, 2 A. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 TO $125.
SECOND CABIN, $42.50 TO $50.
THIRD CLASS, $27.50 AND $28.75.
Sailings for 1910 now ready.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY
(OLD BAY LINE)
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, and Portsmouth, Va.
Splendid Steamers. Finest South of New York. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake.
LEAVE BALTIMORE every week day at 6:30 P. M., AFFORDING A REFRESHING NIGHT'S REST. Connection made by Pennsylvania R. R. train leaving Jersey City at 1:15 P. M. and Baltimore & Ohio R. R. train leaving at 12:12 P. M.
Tickets on sale at all principal offices.
Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 Broadway.

Panama Rail Road S. S. Line
To Colon, (Canal Zone,)
Panama and San Francisco,
Pacific Ports, Central & South America and Mexico.

†S. S. ALLIANCA.....Sat., Nov. 20, 3 P. M.
*S. S. ANCON.....Monday, Nov. 22
†S. S. COLON.....Sat., Nov. 27, 3 P. M.
C. C. VAN RIPER, Passenger Agent,
A. E. PATERSON, Freight Agent,
†From foot of West 27th St. Office 24 State St.
*From Pier foot 12th St., Hoboken.

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about touring anywhere, individually or in parties. Requests for information will be given absolutely gratis. Fine series of Europe-Oberammergau Tours 1910, $170.00 and up. McCANN'S TOURS, 1328 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone Murray Hill—123.

COOK'S TOURS ROUND THE WORLD.
38th Annual Series. Programmes.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245, 1200 B'way.
849 Madison Ave., 563 5th Av., New York.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:54 | Sun sets..4:36 | Moon sets.....

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:10	10:35	3:35	4:07
Governors Island	10:15	10:40	3:55	4:33
Hell Gate	12:05	12:30	6:17	6:43

Arrived—Tuesday, Nov. 16.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen, Nov. 9.
SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, Nov. 7.
SS United States, Christiansand, Nov. 6.
SS Alice, Almeria, Nov. 6.
SS Angello Ciampa, Almeria, Oct. 28.
SS Admiral Schley, Philadelphia, Nov. 15.
SS Deutschland, (tank,) Algiers, Oct. 31.
SS Warturm, Hamburg, Oct. 30.
SS Coppename, Paramaribo, Nov. 6.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Nov. 10.
SS Navahoe, Georgetown, S. C., Nov. 11.
SS El Valle, New Orleans, Nov. 11.
SS El Dorado, Galveston, Nov. 9.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Nov. 13.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, Nov. 13.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Nov. 15.
SS Concho, Galveston, Nov. 10.
SS Saratoga, Havana, Nov. 13.
SS Lewis Luchenbach, Delaware Breakwater, Nov. 15.
SS Estonia, Libau, Nov. 2.
SS Buffalo, Hamburg, Nov. 2.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lusitania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
Pres. Grant, Hamburg	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Altai, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Guiana, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Madonna, Naples

MOTORMAN'S HEAD CUT OFF.

Runs Into a Wire Cable Stretched Across the Track.

Motorman Daniel McGarry of 963 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, was running an Ocean Avenue car, partly filled with people, toward Sheepshead Bay yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. At Ocean Avenue and Avenue K Culp & McCauley, contractors, are at work putting in a dewer, and a huge heavy iron bucket is run across the car track on a cable.

When the cable is pulled taut there is room underneath it for the cart to pass; when it is not working it lies lax along the ground.

Arrangements have been made for an employe to signal approaching motormen when they may pass. McGarry either misunderstood his signal, or he didn't get any, for when his car reached Avenue K the cable had fallen just to the level of his car's dashboard.

The cable cut through that, was lifted a little to McGarry's chest, ground him back against his car, then shifted up to his neck, and almost severed his head from his body, killing him instantly.

The reserves were called out from the Parkville Station. Daniel McDonald of 1,544 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, in charge of the work; Michael Politza of 520 Vanderbilt Avenue, the engineer, and August Watson of 1,449 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn, the signalman, were locked up in the Parkville Station on a charge of criminal negligence. McGarry's body was removed to the Kings County Hospital.

Several passengers said they saw that the accident was likely to happen and had called out to the motorman to jump, but he stuck to his place and lost his life.

ARMY DESERTIONS INCREASE.

Adjutant General Ainsworth Reports That 4,993 Men Quit in 12 Months.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Continued extensive desertions in the army during the last fiscal year form the leading feature of the annual report of Adjt. Gen. Ainsworth. After showing that 4,993 men deserted from the enlisted force of the regular army, Gen. Ainsworth concludes that only a strict enforcement of severe penalties will diminish materially the practice of taking "French leave" on the part of the soldier.

He regards as alarming the fact that the number of desertions during the last fiscal year was greater than in the preceding twelve months. Of the whole number of enlisted men, 4.97 per cent. deserted during the last fiscal year, while the desertions of the preceding year amounted to 4.59 per cent. Gen. Ainsworth says the abolition of the canteen, the monotony of garrison life, the increasing amount of work and study demanded of a soldier, and the ease with which remunerative employment can be obtained in civil life in these prosperous times are all advanced as causes of the evils mentioned. Enlistment in the army in time of peace is not uncommonly regarded as evidence of worthlessness on the part of the recruit, and desertion in such a time is generally looked upon as nothing more culpable than the breach of a civil contract for service. The deserter suffers little or no loss of caste by reason of his offense.

The percentage of desertions among the white troops is about ten times greater than among the negroes in the service. Of the men who deserted during the year, 1,013 were apprehended and 315 surrendered.

On Oct. 15 the actual strength of the army, including the Philippine scouts, was 81,778, while on the same day one year previously, the actual strength was 78,168. On Oct. 15, 1909, there were 7,350 vacancies in the army, compared with 9,558 on the same day in 1908.

BURGLAR CLEVERLY SPOTTED.

Detective Got the Right Man After a Race Across Williamsburg Bridge.

A race over the Williamsburg Bridge between a Brooklyn detective on an elevated train and an alleged burglar on a trolley car late yesterday afternoon resulted in the arrest of Charles L. Brown, a machinist, so he said. A burglary in the home of Alfred Krisses of 318 Grand Street, Brooklyn, had been reported a short time before.

Brown was noticed in a crowd at the Brooklyn end of the bridge carrying a bundle, and when the detective asked him what he had in the bundle Brown replied, with an oath, that it was none of his business and made a dash for a car, which he caught, and which the detective missed.

Hoffman ran to the elevated railroad station and got a train fro Manhattan, which reached there ahead of the trolley car and the man with the bundle was caught. He was locked up in the Adams Street Station on a charge of burglary.

In the bundle was found about $300 worth of silverware, jewelry, and clothing, which Krisses identified as his property.

Brown gave his home as New Haven, Conn. Lately he said he had been living in lodging houses in this city.

PELLAGRA IN CLEVELAND.

Woman Stricken with the Disease at the City Hospital.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 16.—A case of pellagra, the newly identified disease which the United States Government is fighting, has been reported to the Federal authorities from Cleveland City Hospital, the first in this section of Ohio.

Mrs. James F. Long is the victim, and her condition is such that she is unable, according to her physician, to give a history of her case. Dr. Martin Friedrich, City Health Officer, made the diagnosis and says that the symptoms are unmistakable.

Durlacher Held on Theft Charge.

Jonas F. Durlacher of 12 Jumel Terrace, father of Miss Adah Durlacher, who recently married the self-styled "Marquis de Fauconcourt and Count d'Ollone," was in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday on a charge of theft, and Magistrate Cornell held him in $2,000 bail for examination on Friday. Louis W. Furgazy charged that Durlacher had indorsed notes to the Weidler Feather Company one for $1,500 and the other for $2,000, and that he had not the money to make good his indorsement.

Guilty of Stuffing Road's Payroll.

William B. Blauch, 20 years of age, of Richmond Hill, a former timekeeper of the Long Island Railroad, was convicted yesterday before County Judge Humphreys at Long Island City on a charge of conspiracy and larceny. He will be sentenced on Saturday. Blauch was accused of putting the names of five "dummies" on the payroll and with collecting the pay that was coming to them.

Brooklyn Pastor to Move to Canada.

The Rev. Harry Pethic, the pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, Greene and Patchen Avenues, Brooklyn, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist Church of Oshawa, Toronto, Canada. Mr. Pethic has been in charge of the Brooklyn church for twelve years. He will go to Oshawa next month.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Major W. J. L. Lyster, Medical Corps, to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Major H. L. Ripley, General Staff, to Hot Springs, Ark., for observation and treatment.

Major M. F. Steele, Second Cavalry, to San Francisco.

First Lieut. I. S. Brown, Medical Reserve Corps, to Fort Lawton, Washington.

Capt. F. C. Boiles, relieved from temporary duty as assistant to Depot Quartermaster, St. Louis, and proceed to Washington for consultation with the Quartermaster General of the army, thence to Omaha, Neb., and assume charge of the general depot of the Quartermaster's Department at that place, relieving Capt. J. L. Hines. Capt. Hines is relieved from duty as assistant to the Chief Quartermaster, Department of Missouri, and proceed to San Francisco and take the place Jan. 5 for the Philippines for duty as Depot Quartermaster, Nagasaki, Japan, to relieve Capt. Arnold. Capt. Arnold will proceed to San Francisco.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral W. W. Kimball, detached duty as member retiring board and continue other duties.

Capt. A. G. Dillingham, to duty as member of naval examining and retiring boards, Washington, D. C.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

A— —Hopkins, at Magdalena Bay; Ma- p— t Hampton Roads; Tacoma, at target Paducah, at Portsmouth, N. H.; Leon- Lambert Point; Eagle, at Bocas del pply, at Shanghai.

-Helena and Samar, from Hongkong tow.

ew Orleans was placed in commission 8th inst. at navy yard, Mare Island.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—Motions. 84—Fuerst v. U S. 13—U S v. Lowenthal. 29—U S v. Mayer. 35—Hazard v. U S. 43—U S v. Johnson. 44—U S v. Mauer. 20—In re Fischer. 32—In re Greenberg. 87—Gay v. Hudson River Elec Co. 88—In re Victor Color Co. 89—In re Kiel & Arthe.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Preferred calendar. 1—Russell v. Erie R R. 61—Pritchard v. Gambrill. 3—Int Banking Corpn v. Payne.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ray, J.—Equity calendar. 15—E & J Burke v. Bishop. 22, 25—Union Switch, &c, Co v. Gen Ry Signal Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 210—Grieme Coal Co v. Tug Mahoney. 835—Mikelson v. Tug Nannet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Admiralty. 265—Ferryboat Steinway v. Limitation, &c. 292—McGoldbrick v. SS St. Andrews. 245—City of N Y v. Tug J H Randerson. 198—Lampa Fuel Co v. SS Dover. 271—Marks v. Firman's Fund Ins Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Clarke, Houghton, and Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 76—Daubmann v. Met St Ry. 5—People v. O'Brien. 43, 44—Read v. Lehigh Valley R R. 70—Nat Conduit & Cable Co v. Com Union Assur Co. 65—Columbia College v. N Y Elec R R. 89—Fox v. Lennon. 92—Wolf v. Rudinsky. 93—Shaw v. Jordan & Co. 94—City of N Y v. N Y Mutual Life Ins Co. 95—Schuss v. Bruggeman. 97—Ostermann v. Ware. 98—Hackett v. H Koehler & Co. 99—Wheelwright v. Straus. 100—N Y Produce Exch Bk v. 12th Ward Bk. 101—Winkler v. H Clausen & Son.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Angelo Co v. McCutcheon & Co. 2—In re Rubenstein Club. 3—Clarke v. Greene. 4—Graham v. Aschenbach. 5—Facella v. Harbater. 6—Duhain v. Stock Quotation Co. 7, 8—Kahn v. Fuchs. 9—Wells v. Dunlop. 10—Welch Car Motor Co v. Brady & Sons Co. 11—Buckley v. Hasell. 12—In re Bronx Bath Co. 13—Werda v. Werda. 14—Boyd v. Kannensohn. 15—Commercial Shirt Co v. Levy. 16—Meuline v. Hishop Gutta Percha Co. 17—In re Vohdin. 18, 19—Buckman v. Freeman. 20—Smith v. Simpson. 21—Stoddart v. Stoddart. 22—Barlow v. Halley. 23—Lehrmeyer v. Shapiro. 24—People v. Gerst. 25—Sander v. Board of Home Missions. 26—Wanbun Co v. City of N Y. 27—Furthmann v. same. 28—Benedict v. Bayne. 29—Brooks v. Racich Asbestos Co. 30—Goldberg v. Int R T. 31—Oppenheim v. same. 32—Feign v. same. 33—Johnson v. same. 34—Marcus v. same. 35—Galanos v. Hellenic Trans, &c, Co. 36—Persky v. Hecker, &c, Co. 37—Stanton v. Dady. 38—Newell v. Newfield. 39—Healy v. Healy. 41—In re American Surety Co. 42—Podolak v. Podolak. 43—In re Hotchkiss. 44—In re Schack. 45—Leach v. Leach. 46—Seide v. Kaemfer. 47—Raymond v. Tiffany. 48—Knox v. Groll. 49—Brown v. Cohen. 50—Bachrach v. 1st ... Realty Co. 51—Russell v. Cornwall. 52—Kirschenbaum v. Dollnear, &c, Socy. 53—Dole v. Mason. 54—Dutcher v. Dutcher. 55—In re Pascall. 56—People v. De Fornare. 57—Schwenn v. Dartmouth Realty Co. 58—Breitenbach v. Shay. 59—In re Regan. 60—Ose v. Deering. 61—White v. White. 62—Strauss v. Hanover Co. 63, 64, 65—Runk v. Nicholls. 66—Rich v. Goch. 67—Bilder v. Ellis. 68—Lamport v. Goldstein. 69—Landy v. Nassau Elec R R. 70—People v. Ghiggeri. 71—Salter v. Hammerstein. 72—In ree Hotchkiss. 73—In re Gilbert. 74—Naushon Co v. Wilner. 75—Foote v. Reid. 76—Katz v. Katz. 77—Rosenberg v. Schenker. 78—In re Kelly. 79—In re Dwyer.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Motions. Preferred causes: 4022—Pendleton v. Freedman. 4303—Palmieri v. Wolper. General calendar: 2695—Kerker v. Levy. 3347—Ungrich v. Ungrich. 2728—Keirns v. Keirns. 1141—Wolfarth v. Nat Export Assn of Am Mfrs. 2680—Lippiatt v. Lippiatt. 2464—Henkel v. Henkel. 553—Spearing v. Appleby. 597—Polock v. Gold. 2235—Napratek v. Napratek. 2250—Gross v. Neiman. 2303—Dixson v. Thompson. 2694—Koop v. Davis. 1421—Kolb v. Boerner. 2697—Salmon v. Clarke. 2664—Horn v. Horn. 2855—Roediger v. Roediger. 2873—Bucholz v. Batt. Undefended divorces: 4191—Hughes v. Hughes. 750—Daniell v. Daniell. 4192—Lawson v. Lawson. 4204—Blumenthal v. Blumenthal. 4210—Kerrigan v. Kerrigan. 4211—Sullivan v. Sullivan. 4212—Farley v. Farley. 4213—Hiller v. Hiller. 4214—Oszajca v. Oszajca. 4215—French v. French. 4216—Muench v. Muench. 4217—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 4218—Marine v. Trifone. 4219—Katz v. Katz. 4220—Vaast v. Vaast. 4221—Benjamin v. Benjamin. 4222—Lewinger v. Lewinger. 4223—Tompers v. Tompers. 4224—Esses v. Esses. 4225—Jackson v. Jackson. 4226—Jackerott v. Jackerott. 4280—Stoddard v. Stoddard. 4236—Bono v. Bono. 4337—Nustamm v. Nustamm. 4339—Davis v. Davis. 4340—Stratton v. Brown. 4341—Smith v. Smith. 4342—Buehler v. Buehler. 4348—Fourrier v. Fourrier. 4344—Vennum v. Vennum. 4345—Jacobson v. Jacobson. 4346—Coutant v. Coutant. 4347—Byrne v. Byrne. 4348—Lenartowiez v. Lenartowiez. 4349—Murphy v. Murphy.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I. — Criminal Term—Davis, J.—1—Margaret Hayes. 2—Philip Mangano. 3—Thomas McKenna.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Platzek, J.—4826—Muir v. Muir. 6056—Gormley v. Gormley. 5583—Sampson v. Rutherford Rubber Co. 6062—Kahely v. Kahely. 1281—Sartorius v. Grosberg. 5492—Deutscher v. Deutscher. 6028—Thomas F McCaul Cont Co v. Nihen. 5803—Saks & Co v. Smith.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—1024—Sewell v. Int R T Co. 799—Schulz v. B H R R. 93—Sagesbill v. City of N Y. 981—Carr v. Whitridge. 201—Russo v. N Y C & H R R R. 982—Bailey v. B H R R. 985—Freedman v. B H R R. 989—Cuningham v. Milne. 1008—Frankel v. same. 1009—McLaughlin v. same. 1011—Reilly v. same. 1012—Edwards v. N J & Hudson R R and Ferry Co. 1013—Hess v. Ladd. 1017—Nichaus v. Cent R R of N J. 1032—Weissman v. Union Ry. 1033—Thomas v. same. 1040—Impellus v. N Y C & H R R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Fitzgerald, J.—1783½—Wirt v. Reid. 1961—McNamara v. Kemp. 1400—Hurson v. N Y Transp Co. 5392—Milbauer v. Larkin. 842—Greenberg v. Galewski. 2385—Hyman v. City of N Y. 1976—Zahn v. Levy. 654—Rolfe v. Heinneke. 2493—Arbia v. Nichthauser. 2340—Murray v. Int Bowery R T. 642—Butler v. Leverling & Garriguez. 6505—Dreyfus v. Marcus. 6588—Campbell v. Weber. 6333—Burr Mfg Co v. Lentin. 837—French v. Morgan. 207—Killy v. City of New York. 2050—Holtzberg v. O'Rourke Eng and Const Co. 41—Stern v. Stern. 2848½—Taylor v. Bacon. 2270, 2271—Feldheim v. Keahon. 579—Heller v. Fishel. 1727—Brinko v. Denes. 136—Kennedy v. N Y Telephone Co. 2003—Kenny v. Van Deventer. 2657—Berrian v. Ghee. 2628—Dieckmah v. Baer. 2721—Chapman v. Courtney. 2780—Moore v. Holden Com Co. 83—Choynicki v. Roebling Const Co. 84—Dauwalder v. same. 87—Maher v. same. 88—Vedral v. same. 2501, 2505—Katz v. I. Applegate Co. 1520—De Vincentus v. Ricca & Son. 892—Labravice v. City of N Y. 2552—Meyer v. Clarkson Co. 5273—Seness v. Lincoln. 2281—Anner v. Gordon. 2417—Sharka v. Klein. 5600—Schwanner v. City of N Y. 1275—Persky v. Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co. 969—Grossman v. City of N Y. 5916—Riff v. Fuchs. 115—Jagoda v. Schleestein. 1610—Kane v. N Y Transp Co. 2410—Temple v. Voegtlin. 5765—Gilmore v. Taylor. 2290—Thompson v. Post & McCord. 2075—Somogyi v. Fuhrer. 2283—Eichenbaum v. Broadway, &c, 30th St. Co. 2806—Gilbert v. Beckleih.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Dowling, J.—2192—Gross v. Basilea. 2718—Arnold v. N Y Age Pub Co. 3136—Schmidt v. Simpson. 2241—Hirsh v. Press Pub Co. 2354—Onderonk v. Ughetta. 3015—Lord & Taylor v. Boyer. 3065—Lenst v. John Newton Porter Co. 2600—Starr v. Sully. 2236—Hess v. Rock. 2120—Schuller v. Robinson. 2685—Flood v. Cohn. 2816—Kelley v. Durval. 2964—Weber v. Werner. 2988—Class v. Conger Mfg Co. 1857—Clement v. Ryan. 2627—Latell v. Klaw. 2629—Barnabee v. Bacon. 2746—Wulp v. Friede. 2656—Bryon v. Bryon. 2635—Coon v. Perhman. 914—Saltzman v. Poliston. 3118—Friedlander v. Wineburg. 3135—Cuneo Trading Co v D, L & W R R. 3147—Perniciaro v. Societa Di Mutuo, &c. 3149—Morse v. Dickinson. 3157—Cohen v. Mayerson. 3212—McCall Co v. Hock. 3219—Kadushim v. Jacobs. 3229—Steinam v. Gillette Skirt Co.—3237—Scott v. Whitmore. 3240—Andujar v. Boyd. 2075—Irvine v. N Y Edison Co. 2581—Barcus v. Lozier Motor Co. 2481—Jaffe v. Burlington Realty Co. 2350—Ives v. Case. 1810—Morrisdale Coal Co v. Czarnikow-McDougal Co. 1821—Czarnikow-McDougal Co v. Mcrrisdale Coal Co. 2812—Rappolt v. Hirsch. 2885—Calleson Motor Co v. Elder. 3419—Slocum v. Hudson River Realty Co. 1306—Iron Clad Mfg Co v. Ind Steel and Wire Co. 3037—Manny v. Wilson. 3354—Randall v. Strong. 3246—Ohl v. Gillette Ice Machine Co. 3247—Am. Woolen Co v. Shapiro. 3248—Bond v. Myers. 3261—Four Corners Realty Co v. Breen. 3272—Cooney v. Corporate Realty Co. 3287—Atkinson v. Watkins Salt Co. 3290—Campanella v. Freeman. 3307—Hirschberg v. Royal Arcanum.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Wills for probate. Bridget Lambert. Charlotte M. Wilkinson. Georgiana Hitchcock, Mathilde Marx, John R. O'Donnell, John Dehof, Thomas Loughlin, Katharina Knab, Mary Logan, Elizabeth Klein, Samuel T. Graham, Christine Bromstadt.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested wills: Leopold Laubheim, William H. Findlay, Susannah Ellis, Maria McGovern, Joshia C. Boulee, Michael Molloy, Matilda Turner, Albert H. Karutz.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Finelite, C. J.; Part II., Lynch, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part VII., Donnelly, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 5473—Karadontis v. Bauer. 5542—Berzowitz v. Jelot. 5565—Auerbach v. Stifel. 5566—Goldstein v. Glocliner. 5581—Perrintter v. Scranton Bros. 3550—Borman v. Paine. 4400—Wolfsnick v. C Baer Co. 5265—Gidinansky v. Krulewitch. 5297—Manzo v. Owens. 5225¼—Page v. Dempsey. 5470—Seletzsky v. Miles. 5471—Seletzsky v. James. 2985—Johnson v. Woodward. 2019—Stringer v. Guggenheimer. 2745—Wyckoff v. Huggins. 5243—O'Brien v. Cogan. 3483—Gellman v. Newland R & C Co. 3544—Rubenstein v. L. Schepp Co. 5437—Taylor v. Perry. 5583—Spangler v. Bamberger. 3834—McSweeney v. McClellan. 4206—Fleischman v. Smith.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McAvoy, J.—Short causes. 1557—Brocinier v. Quimby. 1505—Iron Clad Mfg Co v. Quandt. 1551—Steiner v. Norris. 1528—Brower v. Crimmins. 1550—Toch v. Toch Tile Co. 1561—Hart v. Margolin. 1545—Thul v. Mutual Ins. 1552—Stiles v. Levey. 1560—Mut Alliance Trust Co v. Solomon. 1355—Allen Co v. Davis. 1534—Kringel v. Garguilo. 1569—Belitzer v. Fickling. 1509—Tucker v. Ziegfeld. 1535—Von Hofe v. Weldon. 1553—Hammond v. Glennie. 1497—Feinberg v. Robinson. 1508—Fraser v. Russo. 1563—Provident Chem Wks v. Woodhouse. 1571—Jones v. Ross.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Chamberlain v. Chamberlain—William Klein.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Rotkowitz v. Weinstock—Joseph T. Ryan.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—In re Bagley—John H. Judge.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—O'Kennedy v. Belmont Realty Const Co—Walter T. Stern. Dray v. Friedman—Joseph N. Tuttle. Pine Moon Realty Co v. Wilson—Edwin D. Hays. Lowenstein v. Roses—J. C. J. Langbein. Spohr v. Pasco—Benj. Reass.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Michele Volini v. Albert S. Del Iandlo—Charles A. Hickey. Charles C. Busch v. Frederick Lesser—John J. Mackin.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Max Karp v. R. J. Sovereign Co.—Edwin P. Kilroe.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Hirschberg, P. J.; Woodward, Jenks, Thomas, Miller, JJ. Non-enumerated day calendar. 300—Kliewer v. Hudson R R. 304—Giegrich v. Kuhula. 305—Paris v. Little Grant Realty Co. 306—Baucroft v. Interboro Estates. 308—Friedland v. Commonwealth Ins Co. 307—Werthelm v. Maintenance Co. Enumerated day calendar. 852—Swift v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 806—Estates of Long Beach v. Clarkson. 896—Carlin v. N Y Dock Co. 830—Fisher v. Wakefield Co. 822—Deutsch v. Haah. 615—Heaton v. Village of Chester. 880—M. A.—Klinck v. Keppy. 823—Rice v. MacArthur. 787—Landsburg v. Hein Co. 933—Scott v. D, L & W R R. 906—Badger v. Hamilton Fire Ins Co. 594—George v. Village of Chester. 870—Wilson v. People's Mutual Ins Association.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I, Marean, J.; Part II., Carr, J.; Part III., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Crane, J.; Part V., Stapleton, J.; Part VI., Maddox, J.—Day calendar. 6057—Towns v. Coler. 2200—Simons v. B H R R. 1367—Silvert v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6362—Prenderville v. B H R R. 1434—Wengert v. Int Bowery R T. 642—Butler v. Leverling & Garriguez. 6505—Dreyfus v. Marcus. 6588—Campbell v. Weber. 6333—Burr Mfg Co v. Helman. 6892—Straus v. Cumberland Realty Co. 51—Brown v. Evening Journal. 294—Bruckel v. Milhaus Sons. 5800—Bennett v. Ginsberg. 2144—Lowman v. Penn Steel Co. 942—Castellano v. Transatlantic Barcelona. 6124—Dramen v. Dramen. 7274—Kozlowski v. Kozlowski. 1487, 1580—Chappell v. Batterman. 2127—Worotka v. B H R R. 5776—Marks v. Gordon. 2040—Silverman v. B H R R. 2008—Duggin v. Durkin. 1903, 1904—Velsor v. B H R R. 1411—Jambino v. Hyde & Behman Co. 2774—Fischer v. Stevens Co. 1373—Goldberg v. Kronenberg. 1382—Crowell v. Merle. 1803—Hutter v. Immel. 1838—Arnell v. Beam. 2077—Kass v. Ratner. 2113—Ritter v. Given. 6851—Crossen v. Wilson. 2118—Caffee v. Sax Lumber Co. 1977—Ludwig v. Sterling Piano Co. 2086—Cohen v. Nassau R R. 1768—Sweeney v. Thileman. 1389, 2338—Duffy v. B H R R. 2023—Goodman v. Jorrisch et al. 6914—Greiner v. Greiner. 6037—Miller Pasteurizing Co v. Kaatz.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 5050—Johnston v. Green et al. 1777—Weber v. Horowitz et al. 1571—Reilly v. C I & B R R. 1732—Ristiano v. Spayd. 1142—Curry v. Whelan. 755—Excelsior Brewery v. Flick. 1674—Gruts v. B H R R. 1804—Sykes v. Union R R Co. 1826—Price v. City of N Y. 2445—Dalton v. C I & B R R. 2461—Nostrand v. Sea Beach R R. 6088—Connelly v. Copland. 4682—Meyer v. Lawyers Title Ins Co. 1378—Tregaskis v. Thompson. 6733—Hardman-Peck Co v. Young Men's Aid Socy. 1607—Southwick v. City of N Y. 1999, 2000—Solomon v. Orange County Milk Co. 6558—Proctor v. Jenkins. 4724—Congress Brewery v. Agrillo. 1841—Parker v. Bristol. 1906—Brown v. B H R R. 6306—Silverstone v. Kurzman. 6325—Charles Fleischmann Food Co v. Kells Co. 5775—Yovin v. King. 1515—Rohleder v. Dietz. 6392—Maxwell v. Everard. 6477—Schill v. Murphy. 1832—Buckbee v. Lowden. 1960—Wilkins v. B H R R. 2025—Esposito v. Rock Plaster Co. 2827—Cohen v. Monahan. 2026—Van Gasbeck v. Pabst. 2096—Wilson v. City of N Y et al. 9—Cleveland v. Cromwell. 1052—Greenblatt v. Elder. 1831—Ganzert v. Benziger. 3124—McGill v. McCann. 2140—Taylor v. City of N Y. 2153—Jacobs v. L I R R. 6915—Kroemer v. Kroemer. Highest number reached on regular call, 2200.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Kelly, J.—4235—Matthews v. Matthews. 4239—Calleron v. Mantonya. 4241—Ray Realty Co v. Rodriguez. 4244—Hurst v. Hotz. 4245—Lockard v. Caffazo. 4238—Brown v. Messer. 4128—Blumberg v. Blanket. 2870—McGown v. Blake. 4261—Russell v. Realty Affairs. 3259 — Lurie v. Hoffman. 3621—Arbor v. Hempel. 4181—Levy v. Empire B & S Co. 3615—Buckhout v. Buckhout. 373—Ajello v. Ajello. 4178—Young v. Kroeger Const Co. 4197—Feldman v. Goldenbaum. 4199—Lattuga v. De Paolo. 4029—Ford v. Martin. 3650—Michel v. Michel. 3859—Nestico v. Vivo. 1308—Watkins v. Delahunty. 1756—Maier v. Maier. 3833—Lehrian v. Block. 4121—Schlitz v. Schlitz.

COUNTY COURT—Civil calendar.—Hasbrouck, J.—Cannon v. Weissenberger. Kaufman v. B H R R. Thomas v. same. Starlin v. same. Smolin v. same. Mathison v. Nassau Elec R R. Swissgold v. same. Javorski v. B H R R. Macray v. Carhart. Lorenzo v. B H R R.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day.: Holmes v. B H R R. Samuelsson v. same. Howes v. same. Namin v. Nassau Elec R R. Livio v. B H R R. Union Bk of Bklyn v. Toback. Panopulo v. B H R R. Carr v. same. Friese v. same. Duggan v. same.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I.—Keogh, J.—Part II.—Tompkins, J.—Day calender.—Court convenes and calender called at 9:45 A. M.—Shelley v. Westchester Lighting Co. 102—Rupert v. Wiechers and ano. 131—Vitaleo v. N Y C & H R R R CO. 140—Lehman v. Wachtel. 149—Deveson v. Cornell, as Com. African M E Church of New York. 18—Travis v. De Kraft. 29—Kavanagh v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 33—Showers v. Receivers of Union Ry Co. 38—Smith v. Receiver of West Elec R R Co. 37—Carvano v. Brook. 59—Babrowsky v. U S Grand Lodge O of Breth Abraham. 2—Jenne v. Otis Elev Co. 137—Sabine v. N Y C & H R R R Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 40—Downing v. N Y Telephone Co and ano. 191—Hughes v. Hunters Island Co. 192—Valley Farms Co of Yonkers v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 194—Mandy v. Schleichers Co. 199—Seeschelder v. Warding Hat Mfg Co. 200—Underhill v. Nat Ebhig Co. 205—Buckley v. N Y Contracting Co, &c. 206—Donelon v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 207—Same v. same. 208—Hart v. McConnell et al. 209—Alexander v. Armstrong. 210—Morse v. Wanamaker, N Y. 211—Smith v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 212—Vosburg v. same. 213—White v. same. 214—Mola v. Erie R R Co. 215—Broderick v. Sutherland and ano. 216—Woch v. West Light Co. Highest number reached, 216.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HENRY GARFINKEL.—Judge Holt has appointed Henry Lavers receiver in bankruptcy for Henry Garfinkel, shoe dealer at Yonkers. The liabilities are $6,000 and the assets $3,000.

SOLOMON LIEBERBERG.—Judge Holt has appointed Roy M. Robinson receiver in bankruptcy for Solomon Lieberberg, dealer in second-hand clothing at 37 Montgomery Street. The place is empty and it is stated that he has disappeared from the city. There are some accounts outstanding and notes which the receiver may be able to collect.

JOHN B. LYMAN.—Deputy Sheriff Cullen has received an attachment against John B. Lyman, art collector's agent, of 546 Fifth Avenue, corner of Forty-fifth Street, for $1,033 in favor of Seth C. Robinson on the ground that he had departed from the State to avoid creditors. The Sheriff levied on a number of oil paintings, miniatures, enamels, statues, rugs, and office furniture.

MINNIE HIRSCH.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Minnie Hirsch, who had a cigar stand in a cafe for brokers at 40 Broad Street, by these creditors: American & West Indies Sales Company, $442; Y. Pendas & Alvarez, $57, and Montclair-Bels Cigar Company, $29, all for cigars. It was alleged that she is insolvent and on Oct. 20 transferred the business to G. W. Faber, a creditor.

KUSHNER & TAFT.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Kushner & Taft, cloak manufacturers, 105 Prince Street, show liabilities of $58,434, and assets of $23,332, consisting of stock, $8,000; fixtures, $2,500, accounts, $12,642, and cash in in trust company, $190. Among the creditors are the Federal Finance Company, $5,169, secured; Faulkner, Page & Co., $8,027; American Woolen Company, $5,763; A. D. Juilliard & Co., $4,197; H. B. Claflin Company, $2,378, and Gera Mills, $3,275.

BORTZ BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis and Jacob Bortz, who compose the firm of Bortz Brothers, wholesale dealers in tobacco at 331 Stanton Street and Youngstown, Ohio, and wholesale dealers in herrings at 185 Division Street, by these creditors. K. Marks & Co., $444, and Joseph Vidvotsky, $605. It was alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments, and concealed and removed part of their stock. Judge Holt appointed Frederick A. Burlingame receiver. The assets are estimated at $2,000.

MORRIS ROBINSON.—Judge Holt has appointed Justice of the Peace Morris Downie of Sullivan County receiver in bankruptcy for Morris Robinson, who kept the Park House at Mountaindale, on application of David Joslovits, a creditor, who said that the horses were being fed in a wasteful and extravagant manner, and he wanted the receiver to take charge of the hay before it was devoured. The assets consist of horses, wagons, poultry, coal, feed, and supplies, on which there are chattel mortgages, bills of sale, and disputes generally.

MORRIS GERSTENFELD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Gerstenfeld, manufacturer of cloaks, 30 West Fifteenth Street, by these creditors: W. Stursburg, Schell & Co., $360; C. A. Auffmordt & Co., $50, and J. P. Stevens & Co., $300. It was alleged that he is insolvent and made preferential payments. He began business in June, 1900. Judge Holt appointed Alfred H. Townley receiver, with a bond of $3,000. It was stated that the liabilities are $15,000 and the assets $6,000, consisting of stock $1,000 and equity in accounts $5,000, and that all the accounts have been assigned to the Lincoln Brokerage Company.

EDWARD ROWELL.—Edward Rowell, insurance agent of 45 Pine Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $16,604 and assets of $274, consisting of wagon and sleigh, $50; notes, $100, and accounts, $124. The bankruptcy proceedings were precipitated by a judgment obtained against him ten days ago for $14,574 in favor of Robert G. Hone, on which execution was issued to Deputy Sheriff Purges. He owes $548 for rent of office at 45 Pine Street, $60 to two doctors, and $400 to Daisy M. Barnett for money loaned in October. In March he incorporated his business under the style of Edward Rowell, Incorporated. He has been in the insurance business for twenty-three years.

Judgments.

These judgments, for more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aderer, Adolph—Manhattan Leasing Co., $178.
Arnold, Bertha, or Brand, or Abbott—A. Stender $279.
Burton, John R.—M. H. Sniffen, $118.
Barker, Thomas, et al.—J. M. Bromley, $5,126.
Burnhaln, Ella F.—S. Waidelich, $7,203.
Brand, Bertha, or Arnold, or Abbott—A. Stender, $279.
Burger, Vharkes—F. Schnaufer, $193.
Brewer, Mary S.—S. B. Balcolm, $166.
Bammann, Harry G.—F. L. Froment et al., $142.
Bowman, Sumner S.—C. A. Davidson, $390.
Byrnes, Horace D.—O. Dierck et al., $115.
Berger, Emil—T. Koch et al., $355.
Berman, Julius, et al.—R. Schwartz, $614.
Coleman, Edward—D. M. Junk, $230.
Cohen, Sarah and Morris—W. Peires, $279.
Creelman, John A., et al.—J. M. Bromley, $5,126.
Connezzara, Domenico—I. Hellmand, $158.
Cooper, Irving—A. H. Goetting, $126.
Cohn, Emma—P. Hamilton, $1,130.
Cook, Frank—M. Donnelly, $1,463.
Downey, James, et al.—J. M. Bromley, $5,126.
Dolan, James—Press Pub. Co., costs, $159.
Duke, Oak—J. C. Walt et al., $4,088.
Engert, George A., et al.—J. H. Bromley, $5,126.
Emdin, Lionel—A. L. Root, $129.
Ficken, John—C. Koster et al., $113.
Flaherty, Eugene, (not summoned,) et al.—S. P. Jones et al., $326.
Fitzgerald, John J.—F. J. Parker, $173.
Goldman, Harris, (not summoned,) et al.—E. Saideman, $331.
Goldenblum, Abraham, et al.—I. Pickus, $224.
Gleason, Michael—W. Hill, $1,649.
Gommel, Peter, et al.—J. M. Bromley, $5,126.
Greenfield, William—F. Schnaufer, $201.
Gluck, John—E. Kaufman et al., $235.
Gregory, James—S. Morris, $126.
Goldberg, Morris—Gleason Tiebaut Glass Co., $149.
Gruhn, Samuel—Gill & Co., $262.
Gravoys, Samuel and Bessie—M. Mandel, $115.
Gross, Max, et al.—R. Schwartz, $614.
Harnett, Michael D.—O. Mills, costs, $107.
Klenke, Horatio C.—H. F. Clarke et al., costs, $110.
Same—Same, costs, $110.
Kaufman, Edward—Cudahy Packing Co., $152.
Keyser, Clarence—Second United Cities

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

ALTERATION DEPT.—Require several experienced waist hands. Apply, by mail or in person, to manager of workroom, 5th floor.

BOOKBINDERY—Experienced Smythe sewing machine operators. J. J. Little & Ives Co., 491 East 24th St.

CANVASSERS.—Steady work, $1.35 per day guaranteed; trading stamp experience preferred. Call, 8 o'clock. Surety Stamp Company, Adams Building, Third Floor,
338 Sixth Av., city, (side entrance.)

CHOCOLATE and cocoanut bonbon dippers, experienced, and girls willing to learn; also packers. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

FINISHER, first-class, wanted on furs; good wages. Apply B. & A., 11 East 30th St.

FUR FINISHERS wanted. The Little Fur Shop, 132 West 34th St.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted to go short distance in country, family four adults; reference required. Call between 10 and 12 Wednesday, E. D. Hicks, 235 Greenwich St., near Barclay.

HOUSEWORKER.—For general housework, with or without washing and ironing; sleep at home; reference. Weinberg, 227 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEWORK.—Swedish or German girl, general housework, apartment, two in family; plain washing; references. Call until 12 o'clock. Davison, 175 West 85th St.

HOUSEWORK.—A first-class girl for general housework; high wages; two in family; references. Strahan, 265 Central Park West, corner 87th St.

SALESWOMAN.—A New York house would like to communicate with a smart saleswoman; one who could come well recommended and not afraid to work; one artistically inclined preferred; in answering this ad. state age and salary expected, or come and call all day. Kalos Manufacturing Co., 43 West 27th St.

SALESLADY.—Young woman over 20, of refinement and ability, to demonstrate among dressmakers; business experience desirable, but not essential; guaranteed salary and commission. O 162 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat writer; some knowledge of bookkeeping; permanent position in manufacturing department of publishing house; start at $10. Box O 134 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, expert; capable taking dictation direct to machine; salary, $12; state particulars. O 165 Times, Times Square.

TYPIST.—Intelligent young lady, 20 years of age, familiar with tabulating; Smith Premier; must be rapid and exact; $8 per week to start. D 125 Times Downtown.

WANTED—An experienced stenographer and typewriter; only those with experience in machinery line need answer; state salary. Box 971, New York City.

WANTED—Young lady with experience for general office duties; must be excellent penman; state age and experience. Isurance, 120 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 W. Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

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Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

ALTERATION DEPT.—Require several experienced tailors. Apply to manager of workroom, 5th floor.

A well-known New York department store requires several thoroughly experienced Oriental rug salesmen. Apply, giving full particulars as to past experience and salary expected, Box O 158 Times, Times Sq.

BOYS with good voices for Episcopal choir. Apply 29 West 84th, Wednesday, 4-6.

DRUGGIST.—Registered, from 8 to 6 P. M.; salary, $15. Apply only between 8 and 10 A. M., Circle Pharmacy, 60th St. and B'way.

DRUG CLERK, registered, Thomas Latham, 75th St., 3d Av.

EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN wanted who would work 3 hours daily for a law and insurance office; work specially canvassing for orders on insurance and to place the orders. Write or call J. Apat, 83 Johnson Av., Brooklyn.

FROM $100 to $500 per week can be made easily by stock salesmen handling a sound security that has a world-wide field. Everybody knows of it. Three factories cannot supply the present demand, which is increasing at a tremendous pace. The revenue this year —only two years established—will approximate $1,000,000. Call and see if it is not the best and soundest proposition you ever investigated.

Room 921, 5 Beaver St.

FURRIER.—First-class; good wages. Apply B. & A., 11 East 30th St.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for intelligent, energetic young man of good appearance in the advertising department; one with advertising experience preferred. Apply, 9 o'clock, Room 206 Times Building, Times Square.

LIVE MEN WANTED to sell bonds; floaters need not apply; we want only men who at present are employed and are making good where they are; your advantage in coming to us is greater opportunity of advancement, both as to position and income. Apply Record Development Company, Room 2,015 Singer Building, New York City.

OFFICE BOYS.—Bright, clean boys for office work; excellent opportunity and quick advancement; must be public school graduates. Apply to the Western Electric Company, Employment Department, 57 Bethune St., New York City.

SALESMEN.—TEN BRIGHT, ENERGETIC YOUNG SALESMEN WANTED; ACQUAINTANCE WITH THE AUTOMOBILE OR THE ELECTRIC IGNITION LINES NECESSARY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THOROUGH TRAINING AND RAPID PROMOTION; SALARY AND EXPENSES FROM THE START. APPLY BET. 9 AND 10 A. M., ROWLAND ADVERTISING AGENCY, 76TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

SALESMAN wanted by the largest calendar house in America for their combined lines of high-grade domestic art advertising calendars, imported lithographs, leather goods, signs, and decalcomanias; all subjects are copyrighted and are for exclusive sale only; the most liberal contract offered to men with established trade; only experienced men need apply; all communications strictly confidential. Address Wolf & Co., Philadelphia.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a high-class man, possessing initiative and willing to work, to earn $5,000 per annum and upward. Gage E. Tarbell, Flatiron Building.

SALESMAN having experience selling filing cabinets for complete line; all steel. General Fireproofing Co., 50 Franklin St., New York.

SALESMAN wanted on ladies' and children's muslin underwear. S. Messinger, 5 Walker St.

SIX PERSISTENT, AMBITIOUS YOUNG men, 20 to 25, having public school education, to start in stock room of electrical house; rapid promotion for good men; excellent position for those who will stick at it and work; Gentiles only; salary $12 to $15, depending on the man. Address Success, Box 267 Times Times Square.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, by large corporation; must understand all branches of accounting; must have had experience with corporations and have ability to manage subordinates; only first-class men need apply. Address, stating age, experience and salary wanted, D 122 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A boy, with common school education and good home training, who is willing to accept a position as office boy with publishing house offering opportunities for advancement. P. F. Collier & Son, 416 West 13th St.

WANTED—Bright boys, about 15 years old, in the office of a well-known manufacturing concern; must have good education and come well recommended; salary to start $5 per week. Manufacturer, P. O. Box 645, New York City.

WANTED—Accountant to take full charge of large office; must be thoroughly reliable, competent, and well recommended; no others need apply; exceptional opportunity for right party. Address with full particulars, D 123 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks; commencement salary $800; Spring examinations everywhere; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 264 H, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—By a wholesale dry goods house, bright, active boy. Address Develop, 317 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Energetic salesman, (outdoor,) neat appearance. Office, 547 West 43d St.

General.

SALESMEN—Traveling salesmen wanted; hundreds of good positions now open; no experience needed to get one of them; salesmen earn from $1,000 to $25,000 a year and expenses; over 600,000 employed in the United States, and the demand always exceeds the supply. We will teach you to be an expert Salesman by mail and assist you to secure a good position. We are receiving more calls for Salesmen than we can fill and are placing our graduates daily with the best firms in the country. Hundreds of them who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month have since earned from $100 to as high as $500 a month and expenses. Many of them have earned as high as $100 a day. Our Free Employment Bureau will assist you to secure one of these positions. If you want to increase your earning capacity, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810-D Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches: Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS—You can make lots money right off selling Mother's ironing wax; every woman knows as soon as she sees it how much time, strength and money it saves; it does talking; wonder for quick sales. Write Bromund Wax Co., 97 Reade St., New York City.

AGENTS and canvassers throughout the United States for article indispensable to any line of business; 1910 issue; agents now making big money. Sales Record Co., 175 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, competent office assistants wanted, male and female. Universal Exchange, 110 W. 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 69 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses; lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582 Murray Hill.

A.—YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,235 Lexington Av.—Competent female help supplied. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

COOK—Young cook, assist with laundry; also young chambermaid and waitress; personal references; city or country. Call Mrs. Cooper's Employment Bureau, 657 6th Av., 38th St.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 134 West 134th St. Phone 5078 Morning.

Lind's Employment Agency, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants; all nationalities; references investigated; phone 4696—Plaza.

MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 5th Av., Murray Hill, 6185.—Teachers, governesses, housekeepers, companions, trained nurses.
SEPARATE DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

MRS. RICE KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Thoroughly competent domestic help; investigated references. Tel. Riverside 9348.

NEILSON'S BUREAU.—Reliable servants; woman, with child, housework; country. 503 5th Av., Room 300.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—"PRACTICAL NURSES."
Trained nurses, male, female; nurse-companions and housekeepers; $25 to $75 month. MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 Fifth Av. Murray Hill 6185.

COOK, $30; waitress, $20; nurse, housework-ers. Blaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741—Riverside.

COOKS, laundresses, waitresses, housework-ers, elevator runners, useful men. Porter's, 142 West 133d. 34 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. Tel. 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORK—Middle-age woman, good cook and laundress; wages not so much as permanent position; city or country; excellent references. Call Mrs. Cooper's Employment Bureau, 657 6th Av., 38th St.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 488 Morningside.

TRAINED and PRACTICAL NURSES, well recommended. Powell Bureau, 1,235 Lexington Av. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes to place her chambermaid. Can be seen from 10 to 11 at 27 East 39th St.

COMPANION.—Middle-aged lady of good family, with good references, wants position as companion; willing and capable to accompany invalid to Winter resort. O 157 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—First-class; colored; understands everything in cooking. 226 West 58th St.

GOVERNESS.—Experienced, speaking, teaching perfectly French, German, English, music, desires re-engagement; thorough care training children; highest references. Education, 233 East 60th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted in city or country as managing housekeeper by middle-aged woman; prefer situation in a home where there are servants; have a thorough knowledge of every detail in the management of a home; years of experience and very good references as to character and trustworthiness. O 168 Times, Times Square.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

HOUSEKEEPER or Lady's Companion.—Middle aged German girl, just arrived, wants situation; speaks fluently English, French; best references. Miss A. Schmidt, 44 Jackson St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER'S position required by a refined English woman; an excellent cook and manager; highest references. Juddgreen, 38 West 130th St.

MATRON'S ASSISTANT or housekeeper in institution by Protestant woman. L. S., 90 8th Av.

NURSE GIRL.—Young girl would like position to care middle-aged lady; willing and obliging. Morrissey, 118 West 61st St.

NURSE.—A competent, refined North German, capable of taking entire charge of children. 231 West 26th St.

NURSE.—To adult, visiting or otherwise; German, speaking English, French. B., 2,117 8th Av

PARLORMAID.—Lady wishes to place her parlormaid. Can be seen from 10 to 11 at 27 East 39th St.

PHYSICAL training and dancing; private instruction given to ladies and children only; 'phone, 2550W Morningside.

RELIABLE party going to England would transact message or business. O 21 Times, Times Square.

SECRETARY, &c.—By educated young woman as visiting secretary, companion; handle correspondence; experience; also kindergartener; willing to combine; references. M. A., 956 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, seven years' experience legal, literary, commercial, well educated, absolutely competent, trustworthy, and reliable, seeks permanent position; unquestionable references; salary, $18. S 176 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; High School graduate; competent to fill responsible position; lives with parents; familiar with office detail; best references; $12. Miss M., 115 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Year's experience; operates any standard machine with accuracy and neatness; educated; quick; correct at figures; $8. C 116 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Am business college graduate; will take beginner's or substitute's position; modest salary. Miss Harris, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993—Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, with some experience, desires position; salary moderate. Miss Kalb, 42 West 99th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, accustomed turning out large quantities first-class work. Integrity, 120 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, college education; best references. J. R., 65 Bank St. 'Phone 526 Chelsea.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Quick, accurate; file clerk. J. M., 752 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—A distinguished, experienced visiting governess, North German, diplomee, speaking and instructing fluent French, English, and German, and music desires additional engagement; highest city references. Capable, 233 East 60th St.

WANTED—Position by a respectable lady as seamstress in private family or as companion to an invalid lady; 19 years' reference from last position. Competent, 14 Warren Place, Brooklyn.

WANTED—By respectable woman, position as housekeeper in apartment hotel; very economical; thoroughly understands business. Call 101 West 37th St. Bradly.

WASHING, &c.—Colored woman out by day washing, ironing, cleaning. Toles, 10 West 99th St.

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Situations Warted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER—COMPETENT TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE; EXPERIENCED IN CREDITS AND COLLECTIONS; HAVE HELD SIMILAR POSITION EIGHT YEARS. O 120 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, financial statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, disentangled, systematized, audited, $5 monthly upward; kept part time. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, professional auditor, systematizer; balances, keeps, disentangles books. Nemeror, 200 5th Av., 2082 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, writes up books; monthly trial balances. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, (21,) capable interviewing customers, handle correspondence, knowledge bookkeeping; business experience; connection with small concern preferred. O 124 Times, Times Square.

AM 17, 1½ years high school; business experience; desire position with advancement. N. Woods, 415 57th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant seeks work; books opened, written up, systematized; special arrangements with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 300, 302 Broadway. Telephone 1544 Worth.

CHAUFFEUR.—By reliable, experienced young man; can make all repairs; highest references. Competent, 377 Times, Times Square.

DRIVER.—Married, experienced, desires position; security and references. Nathan Wachtel, 328 Henry St.

GROCERY CLERK.—Experienced; good references, inside or outside, wants position as second hand. 1,052 Decatur St., Brooklyn. Klenck.

MAN experienced in forwarding and routing of foreign and domestic freight wishes position with concern requiring the services of competent man to take charge of department. D 126 Times Downtown.

MAN, WIFE, country; useful; care horses, driving; wife plain cook. Charles, 241 West 19th St.

MASSEUR—Male, thoroughly experienced, wishes private engagements with gentlemen only, mornings or evenings. O 118 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—Experienced male nurse; take care of invalid; terms moderate; references. O 160 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—By experienced children's nurse; wages, $30. Write or call, 3 1st Place, Brooklyn.

OFFICE and SALES MANAGER, 34 years, with proved ability and integrity, high recommendations, speaking English, French, Italian, and German; filled position of responsibility with large manufacturers for ten years here and abroad; open for engagement. Box O 127 Times, Times Square.

OFFICE WORK—Young man, 20 years of age, desires position in office; five years with former employer; can furnish references from same. M 157 Times, Times Square.

SALES AGENT, &c.—Young man, 27 years, with real estate firm as sales agent or office assistant. Address Alexander, O 17 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN—12 years with one firm; wants suits and cloaks or misses' and children's; Southwest territory; only reliable manufacturers considered. O 167 Times, Times Square.

SPANISH, French, and Portuguese business letters translated; reasonable prices. M. Rivera, 270 West 43d St.

USEFUL MAN—Understands care of gentleman's clothes, furnace; first-class city references. O 133 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 26, educated, speaking and writing English, German, French, Italian, with some experience in business, references, desires commercial or other employment. Address K. B., 110 East 50th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN of neat appearance, age 20, wishes position, preferring a wholesale house where eventually a salesmanship will be offered if he makes good; not afraid of long hours; regarding my ability, character, and willingness, the reference which I can furnish speaks for itself. Box O 131 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 23, speaking and writing French and English, having good experience in lace goods, desires a clerical position. W. Soucoar, care Wady Mallouk, 35 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG MAN desires position as time keeper or paymaster with construction company; 2 years with Niagara Falls Power Co. J. W. Blunden, 107 Henry St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, having good education and appearance, wishes to change from overcrowded profession. O 169 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) college graduate, wishes position; references. M. Sippel, Concourse and 172d St.

YOUNG MAN (25) desires position at something with chance for advancement. B. B., 1,364 Broadway.

YOUNG FRENCHMAN—High school graduate, some knowledge of German, wishes position; references. Jules, 262 West 54th St.

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Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—IN THE SAME "HIGH CLASS"
AS THE REST OF OUR HOUSES.
Single Rooms, next door to bath; continuous hot water, steam heat,
with meals, $12 weekly.
HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED.
Palatially furnished and appointed, Steam Heated, "brownstone front."

TABLE GUESTS, $7 WEEKLY.

CUISINE AND SERVICE
"THE BEST IN NEW YORK."
Unequaled elsewhere except at twice our rate.
Why pay higher prices?
Dinners, 75c.
Lunches, 40c.
Breakfasts, 50c.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT
and $1.50
GOOD FOR THREE DINNERS,
Sundays and holidays excepted.
SPENCER, 139 West 69th,
Just off Broadway.
'PHONE 5774 Columbus.

A.—A.—Newport Court,
111-117 West 104th St.
Telephone, 5420—Riverside.
Single rooms, $3-$6 week.
Two rooms, kitchen, $10, $15 per week.
Elevator service day and night.
Restaurant on premises.
Special rates for resident guests.

1.—Attractive suites; single rooms with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

1.—57TH ST., 143 WEST.—Handsome, large front room, bath; also three rooms, with or without board; references exchanged.

5TH AV., 46, Corner 11th.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; table guests accommodated.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large front rooms, second floor; well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

25TH ST., 34 WEST.—Pleasant single rooms; good table accommodations for Winter guests; references.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Two single rooms; telephone; table guests accommodated; table strictly first-class.

55TH ST., 357 WEST.—Rooms, singly, en suite; board optional; central location; telephone.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, small steam-heated rooms; entire house newly redecorated; inexhaustible hot water supply; private baths; table board.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, running water; first-class table; moderate.

68TH ST., near Central Park.—Private house, with owner; ideal home for few select people; newly decorated, furnished; private baths, electric light; separate hot water plant. Owner, O 161 Times, Times Square.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Single room; southern exposure; parlor dining room; references.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Large front room; also hall room; references exchanged.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; single room; private baths; electric lights; table guests.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Small and medium rooms, newly decorated; table boarders; references; telephone.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite; also small room, with board; private family; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with board; also table guests; references.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; ample closets; table guests accommodated; references.

80TH ST., 146 WEST.—Large and small rooms; superior table board; American family; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Large front room; also large room; private bath; parlor dining room.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room bath; steam heat; parquet floors; excellent table; splendid service.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Finest cuisine; single and double rooms; pleasant surroundings; cleanliness; homelike.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private bath; electric lights; large closets; superior board; telephone; near Park.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; also parlor floor; private bath; excellent table board.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table boarders; telephone 7442 Riverside.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; parlor dining rooms; $8 upward; permanent; references; table boarders.

111TH ST., 127 WEST.—Large second floor, sunny front room; also single; homelike; private house.

121ST ST., 150 WEST.—Handsome, refined home, unlike boarding; accommodations for family couples, gentlemen; moderate.

126TH ST., 122 WEST.—Choice, large rooms; select house; desirable location; superior table; Subway references.

126TH ST., 136 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, with or without board; private Jewish home; table guests.

128TH ST., 40 WEST.—Nice large heated room; board optional; elevator apartment; reasonable. Noar.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large heated rooms, running water; good board; telephone; reference; table guests.

146TH ST., 349 WEST, (Washington Heights.)—Boarding; established 10 years; all comforts of first-class home.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, Near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon."—Account opening another annex, have few newly furnished rooms to offer; first-class meals; every comfort; terms very reasonable to first-class permanent parties. Write for booklet. P. Vondrann, Prop.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large room, well furnished, suitable one or two gentlemen; excellent table, board; best Southern cooking; one block Subway express station; private house. Telephone 4678 Audubon.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

CONVENT AV., 427, Near 148th St.—Room, with or without board.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 842.—Pleasant, sunny rooms, with board; private family; references.

East Side.

1.—148 MADISON AV.—Desirable double and single rooms; steam heated; telephone; army, navy, and Southern people accommodated.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Very desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Double rooms, bath; excellent table; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Beautiful large rooms (second floor) en suite or separate; excellent board; table guests accommodated.

149TH ST., 326 EAST.—Excellent furnished rooms; fine board; Subway or "L" one block.

MADISON AV., 78, (Melrose,) corner 28th St.—Sunny; reasonable; telephone 3474 Madison Square.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient homelike; on Little Neck Bay. Easy commuting distance.

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Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Moderate-sized room, with board, wanted by young man; references. O 136 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, well heated; every convenience; quiet house; reasonable.

16TH ST., 206 EAST.—One large and two small nicely furnished, sunny rooms; private house.

22D ST., 252 WEST.—Desirable, neatly furnished rooms; hot water; steam heat; bath. Walker.

23D ST., 365 WEST.—Very handsome, warm rear room; running water; private family; meals optional.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 45 WEST.—Large second story front room, heated; gentlemen only; references required.

48TH ST., 246 WEST, Maison Francaise.—Parlor floor, basement, for doctor or business; beautiful rooms; all conveniences; French cooking; references. Tel. 4058 Bryant.

48TH ST., 219 WEST.—Three comfortably furnished rooms for one or two; running water; heat; $5 up; telephone.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Elegantly appointed two-room suite, and single room; private baths; gentlemen.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—For gentlemen; electric lights, telephone, private baths; European service; breakfast; references.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Sunny rooms, suitable two gentlemen; bath; continuous hot water; $4, $6 weekly.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; home comforts; near "L" and Subway; references.

74TH ST., 100 WEST.—Attractive newly furnished front room, suitable two; telephone; references. Dutton.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Attractive rooms, second floor; singly, en suite; medium room; reference.

80TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large rooms; every convenience, suitable two or three; parlor for physician.

81ST, 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished large parlor; running water; also large room adjoining bath.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated rooms; private house; L and Subway.

81ST ST., 207 WEST.—Large room; running water; all conveniences; $3.50; convenient "L," Subway. Mullen.

82D ST., 113 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, suitable for gentlemen.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Handsome back parlor; southern exposure; private bath; suitable gentlemen or doctor.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, private house, large, Southern exposure, running water, (plenty hot;) telephone.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room; handsomely furnished; second floor; quiet; telephone.

88TH ST., 183 WEST.—Large, sunny room; hot, cold water; suit two; select house; 'phone.

91ST ST., Near Central Park West.—Room for business women. Telephone, after 5 P. M., 7197—Riverside.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; private bath; suitable for two; convenient; telephone.

93D ST., 103 WEST.—One large room, opposite bath; private hall; all improvements; $3. Wilson.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone.

94TH ST., 35 WEST.—Finely furnished room, private house; private bath, electric light, telephone; breakfast served in room if desired; gentleman.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Newly furnished light rooms; near Subway and elevated; one flight. Corwin.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Desirable large, small room; also suite, with bath; private family; telephone.

95TH ST., 206 WEST.—Gentlemen; 3-room suite, sunny and comfortable; latest improvements; reference.

101ST ST., (21 Manhattan Av.)—Large, bright room; heat, gas, bath; breakfast optional; reference. Charlton.

111TH ST., 137 WEST.—Desirable sunny rooms, good board; private house; Subway and "L."

112TH, 504 WEST. Near Broadway.—Room adjoining bath; newly furnished; elevator; telephone; references. Wills.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Artistic connecting, independent rooms; phone, elevator; references required; permanent people. Cooke.

114TH ST., 500 WEST.—An elegant outside room, overlooking Columbia campus, in high-class apartment; every modern convenience. Laden.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Select corner; four windows; every convenience; single, en suite; $4-$6. Hungerford.

121ST ST., 362 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; every convenience; private family; board optional; terms moderate.

123D, 112 WEST.—Large, medium room; superior board; cleanliness; references.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—A particularly attractive, desirable, large room; select house; convenient; desirable location.

127TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large, clean, warm, light; one gentleman, $4.50; two, $5; all conveniences.

128TH ST., 212 WEST.—Furnished room to let for one or two gentlemen; private house; telephone. Bracken.

131ST ST., (2,138 5th Av.)—Spacious corner room with private bath; suit; hall room; telephone.

132D, 236 WEST.—Small room, back; telephone; select neighborhood; reasonable; exceptional references; Subway, elevated.

138TH ST., 248 WEST.—Newly decorated large and small furnished rooms; private bath and telephone.

145TH, 544 WEST.—Sunny room, 10x12 feet; plenty closets; private family; telephone; steam heat; modern apartment; Subway station. Ogden.

145TH ST., 328 WEST.—Neatly furnished room; private house, with owner; bath; near Subway, "L."

145TH ST., 508 WEST.—Large, comfortable front, suitable two; heat, bath; Subway; single, $3. Fisher.

A.—A.—BROADWAY, 2,333, (86th Subway.)—Comfortable room with lavatory, bath, telephone; reasonable. Bowdoin.

ABSOLUTELY select, noiseless residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; exceptionally desirable. S 169 Times Downtown.

CLAREMONT AV., 192.—Near Grant's Tomb, Subway; two bright, clean rooms; steam; moderate.

Furnished parlor floor, suite, or separate, suitable for doctor or any light business; terms reasonable. Apply at 247 West 121st St.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

REFINED gentlemen share large front room; bath; West Eighties, $4.50. O 166 Times, Times Square.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343 corner 127th.—Handsomely furnished, beautifully decorated four, five, six rooms, bath; elevator; telephone, electric light, silver, linen; $50, $55, $70 monthly; also single rooms.

East Side.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; swimming pool, shower baths; centrally located.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST,
THE NAYLOR.
Desirable rooms; telephone; table board.

35TH ST., 15 EAST.—Parlor floor, suitable high-class business or dwelling purposes; other rooms.

57TH ST., 141 EAST.—Beautiful large front room, bath, heated; private house; telephone.

58TH ST., 34, 36 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, single or connecting; physician's office; references.

86TH ST., 58 EAST.—Private house; large rooms; suitable for couples; refined people; select: Americans.

92D ST., 401 EAST.—Rooms or parlor for gentleman; afer 5. Rudin.

DIXIE APARTMENTS,
32D ST., 19 EAST.
One and two room suites; restaurant attached; best Southern cooking in city; all cakes and bread and products home-made.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, (near 72d).—Rooms $5-$15; newly furnished, unfurnished; housekeeping; electricity, steam heat, telephone; exceptional accommodations doctor or business.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,074.—Comfortably furnished, large heated room; $4 weekly; telephone; private house, owner.

LEXINGTON AV., 363, (Near 40th.)—Alcove; also back parlor; electric lights; every convenience; telephone.

MADISON AVE., 348.—Handsome room, private bath; single room, running water; breakfast optional; references.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Brooklyn.

10TH ST., 422.—Large and small rooms, $5 with board; German cooking; all conveniences.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Comfortably furnished, well-lighted room wanted; Southern exposure preferred. N 1 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

39TH ST., 45 WEST.—Rooms with private bath, parlor floor and basement.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Room wanted, unfurnished; must be well heated and lighted; state price. O 171 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

PRINTERS, PUBLISHERS.
All-around printer, past 20 years working foreman superintendent, manager, composing room, press room, pamphlet bindery, and office, (in New York,) seeks new connection; practical all departments; economical buyer; estimate, correspond; also linotype machinist-operator; prefer connection where I can invest, if I win my spurs; would correspond with firm or corporation having sufficient printing to start own plant; age 38, Christian, non-union; temperate. O 126 Times, Times Square.

Advertiser wants financial assistance, from $5,000 upward considered, to establish high-class stock and bonds house in New York City upon present well-laid foundations. Address for interview, O 76 Times, Times Square.

Patent for everyday article

HOLD MRS. STEWART IN WARRINER CASE

Accused of Having Received Part of Stolen $643,000—Was Starting for Chicago.

WARRINER ALSO IN A CELL

Fails to Plead to Indictments Charging Embezzlement and Larceny—Neither Gets Bail.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 16.—Mrs. Jeanette Timmins Ford Stewart, accused of having received part of the $643,000 stolen from the Big Four by Charles L. Warriner, some of which, Warriner says, was paid by him to blackmailers, was arrested to-night in her home, in the Sun Building, Thirteenth Avenue and Bremen Street. A constable from Magistrate Mullen's court called there at 6 o'clock and handed her a warrant, in which she was charged with "knowingly receiving stolen property in the form of $1,000 in currency on Oct. 1, 1909."

The warrant was sworn to early in the afternoon by Prosecutor Henry Hunt, who is said to be acting for both the Big Four and for Charles L. Warriner. Prosecutor Hunt says he has information which will convict Mrs. Stewart and is going to see that she is kept under the closest observation until the case is over.

Mrs. Stewart said nothing except "I expected this," and told Constable Philip Tiernan to wait a moment until she got ready to go out on the street. She asked a newspaper man to get a cab, and drove in it to the county jail. All the evening she tried to get bondsmen, but could find no one. Prosecutor Hunt says that he learned that Mrs. Stewart was getting ready to go to Chicago, and that he forced her arrest to keep herhere. She will be arraigned Thursday morning in the Magistrate Court.

This evening, a few minutes before Mrs. Stewart was arrested, Warriner was led to a cell in the county jail. He had been trying all day to get bondsmen, but had failed. When asked to plead to the two indictments returned against him yesterday, in which he is charged with embezzling $5,000 on Oct. 1 and committing grand larceny to the same extent, he asked that he be allowed to let the plea go unanswered for the present. His lawyers asked that the bond be reduced from $20,000 to $10,000, but Judge Woodmansee, who heard the case in Criminal Court, said that the bond could not be reduced very well without Prosecutor Hunt's consent. The Prosecutor then said he thought it best to keep it as it was, saying that if Warriner could get $10,000 bond he could get $20,000.

To people who know him very well, Prosecutor Hunt said that he did not want Warriner to get out of jail, and that he was glad when he was safely intrenched behind the bars.

"I have never seen any one so closemouthed as Mrs. Stewart," said Prosecutor Hunt to-night. "I have already got some valuable information from her, but she says that for the rest which I am seeking I shall have to look elsewhere. I only wish Edgar S. Cook were here, for we could soon get the information we wish. However, I understand that Cook is coming here, and if he does I shall see him."

It is said that Mrs. Stewart was to have gone to Chicago to see Cook to-night. It is said that she wishes to get into communication with him before she says anything for publication. She is said to have telephoned and reserved berth accommodations on a late train. This was told to Prosecutor Hunt, and he swore to the warrant for her arrest before she could get away.

The failure of Warriner to secure bondsmen is taken to indicate that his former friends in Wyoming have deserted him, and will let him fight it out alone.

MAYOR NOW TO PROBE SCHOOL

Orders Mitchel to Report on Brooklyn Institution.

Mayor McClellan directed the Commissioners of Accounts yesterday to investigate the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys. The order was issued after the receipt by the Mayor of a letter from Richard Bennett, President of the Board of Managers of the School, in which he said that he and his colleagues would welcome such a course. The investigation will be under the direction of John Purroy Mitchel.

In his letter President Bennett says:

"It is the prevailing opinion among the members of our board that a broader inquiry should be made and that some agency other than the Board of Managers should conduct such an inquiry. It should be said in this connection that the board in asking the Mayor to order an investigation to be made by the Commissioners of Accounts has no desire to shirk any official duties, but on the contrary they are ready and willing to actively assist any such investigation as far as practicable. It is felt, however, that the Commissioners of Accounts have authority to issue subpoenas and examine witnesses under oath, and also having a trained staff of experts is better equipped than this board to make a thorough and comprehensive investigation."

JUMPS TO HIS DEATH.

Reporter Commits Suicide from Washington Bridge.

Ralph A. Goodenough, 34 years old, for ten years a reporter in Harlem and the Bronx, went to the Washington Bridge, at 181st Street, yesterday morning about 11 o'clock and jumped from one of its parapets down to the speedway below, striking a tree as he fell. The distance was some 125 feet. He was dead when picked up.

The suicide was married and lived at 2 St. Nicholas Terrace. He leaves a widow and a five-year-old son. In his clothes were found three letters, all sealed, one addressed to F. W. Bell, his father-in-law, who has been staying with his family; a second to his city editor, and the third to J. S. Bache & Co., brokers, at 42 Broadway.

Members of his family could not explain why he should have killed himself, except that he was ill and nervously broken down. Mr. Goodenough was a graduate of Princeton University. He covered Harlem and the Bronx in the Winter and seaside resorts in the Summer.

Comes to Study American Art Exhibits

Ludwig Justi, the recently appointed Curator of the National Art Gallery in Berlin, was among the passengers who arrived in New York on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. yesterday morning. Dr. Justi will visit the leading art exhibits of this country, inspecting and studying the best of the public and private galleries in this city, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, and other cities. While in New York he will visit the Rembrandt exhibition in the Metropolitan Museum of Art as well as some of the most famous of the private galleries in this city, among the latter, it is expected, that of J. Pierpont Morgan.

GOMPERS TO ASK FOR WRIT.

Will Surrender to Marshal on Monday and Begin Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—President Samuel Gompers, Vice President John Mitchell, and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, who are under sentence on the charge of contempt of court, will not have to return to Washington from Toronto to surrender themselves to the United States Marshal until next Monday.

It is expected that they will then sue out a writ of habeas corpus before some Judge of the District Supreme Court, and should the Judge refuse to discharge them under the writ, the next step would be an appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

This method of getting the case before the United States Supreme Court is said to be the most satisfactory, as no doubt exists of the right of appeal in habeas corpus proceedings from an adverse decision of the District Court of Appeals. By this means the alleged violation by the court of the immunity from prosecution said to be guaranteed by the First Amendment to the Constitution, providing for free speech and the liberty of the press, can be called into question and an opportunity given to the United States Supreme Court to determine what the framers of that amendment had in mind.

The mandate of the District Court of Appeals directing the execution of the sentences probably will reach the District Supreme Court Saturday morning. An order of the lower court is necessary to give judgment on the mandate. The men will remain at liberty until Monday morning, when it is expected they will voluntarily surrender.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 16.—Congressional investigation of the steel industry as it relates to labor was indorsed to-day by the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, in session here. It was decided to petition Congress to appoint a special committee to investigate the methods employed by all great corporations engaged in the steel business, and if it is found that the tariff is being used to maintain corporation profits rather than benefiting general industrial conditions, the Federation will recommend that the tariff on steel be suspended.

The council was also authorized to levy assessments when necessary to provide funds for asisting in strikes against the United States Steel Corporation.

It was decided to designate the Sunday preceding the first Monday of September in each year as Labor Sunday, and to request the churches of America to devote some part of the day to a presentation of labor questions.

SNOWSTORM BALKS DIRIGIBLE.

Parseval III. Compelled to Land After Several Hours—Slightly Damaged.

GOTHA, Germany, Nov. 16.—The dirigible balloon Parseval III., while proceeding to Bitterfield to-day, was compelled to land after several hours of hard fighting against a snowstorm, in which it was impossible to see in what direction the balloon was heading.

The stability plane and several steel wires attached to the gondola were broken.

The vessel has been entirely deflated and will be transported to its destination by train.

SLEUTHS PLEAD FOR ACTRESS.

Magistrate Warns Them to Stop Trying to Protect Bessie Toome.

Bessie Toome, an actress, living at the Hotel Gerard, again was arraigned in the Harlem Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny. The case has been hanging fire since Nov. 5, when the young woman was arrested, accused of selling furniture from her rooms in the Gerard. The Fifth Avenue Auction Company lays claim to a chattel mortgage on the furniture she sold. It is valued at $640.

Since the last adjournment, Magistrate House said he had been pestered continually by friends of the prisoner. Among them were certain detectives at Police Headquarters, he said. When the young woman's counsel asked for a further adjournment, the Magistrate said:

"I'm getting sick of this sort of business. The wires between Headquarters and here have been burning up for the last few days. Now, this sort of thing must stop. If half the influence was used in my behalf years ago that has been used in behalf of this young woman I would be Governor of this State, or President of the United States by now.

"This case has become a stench in the nostrils of decent people. If any one else tries to influence me in any way, I will expose him to the newspapers and issue a warrant for his arrest. There are still Magistrates on the bench who are honest, and cannot be reached."

The case was adjourned until to-day and the prisoner's bail of $1,500, which had been furnished by Percy Nagle, was continued.

WOMAN HURT IN SUBWAY CAR.

Her Foot Caught in a Door and She Is Removed to a Hospital.

Miss Elinor N. Lynn, a downtown milliner, who lives at 452 Mott Avenue, the Bronx, was one of many strap hangers in a Lenox Avenue Subway express last night which drew up at the 110th Street station at 6:30 o'clock. She stood by one of the side doors. When the gong rang to start the train the door near her slammed and caught her right foot.

After struggling silently for a few minutes she began to scream. Those nearest her could not see what was the matter with her. There was a fight between those who wanted to get nearer to see what was the matter and those who wanted to move away from her. One of the guards fought his way to her side, but by that time she had fainted, and the train had come to a stop at the 116th Street station.

Miss Lynn was lifted out on to the platform and Policeman Blohm of the East 126th Street Station called an ambulance from the Harlem Hospital, to which she was removed, suffering from contusions of the foot and hysteria.

Ejected from a Car, Gets Damages.

There was an echo of the ten-cent fare riots on the Coney Island lines three years ago in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, when Jacob Greenblatt obtained a verdict for $160 in his suit for damages against Col. T. H. Roberts of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's counsel. Soon after the decision by Justice Gaynor, which was followed by the disorder on the Coney Island cars, Greenblatt was a passenger on a Nostrand Avenue car, bound for the island. At Neck Road, he alleged, a special policeman ejected him from the car for refusing to pay a second fare. He asserted that he was assaulted by Col. Roberts while being put off the car.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
2:55—15 W. 64th St.; Mary Travis	$100
7:45—2,173 5th Av.; Jos. Sowecorn	$50
P. M.	
2:30—95th St. and E. River; Barker Construction Co.	Unknown
2:45—27 Cherry St.; William Fish	Trifling
3:10—541-545 W. 34th St.; Gledhill Wall Paper Co.	$200,000
3:40—1,566 Park Av.; P. Silverman	Trifling
4:30—442-448 Lexington Av.; N. Y. Post Office Branch	Trifling
4:40—90 Goerck St.; Herman Daditz	$2
5:15—347 Beekman Av.; Bessie Klein	Trifling
5:45—442-448 Lexington Av.; N. Y. Post Office Branch	Trifling
5:45—18 Stanton St.; Israel Blum	$10
6:05—175th St., east of Amsterdam Av., Highbridge Park	None
6:15—Judson Av. and Westchester Av.; Gude & Co.	Trifling

TELEPHONE YOUR LOSS.
If you lose anything telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise it in The Times. The Times offers the best way to recover lost articles. Go to any Advertising Agent or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

GEO. CROCKER DYING, A VICTIM OF CANCER

Long a Sufferer from the Same Disease That Killed His Wife in 1904.

CALLS HIS BROTHER HOME

William H. Crocker Hastens from Europe—$6,000,000 Inheritance Won by Five Years' Fight Against Drink.

George Crocker, youngest son of the late Charles Crocker, and inheritor of one-fifth of the $30,000,000 estate his father left, has only a few weeks at longest to live. He is lying in intense pain with cancer, the same disease from which his wife died in 1904, and for which he himself was operated upon in the Spring of 1908 by the late Dr. William T. Bull at the Crocker town house, 1 East Sixty-fourth Street.

This was announced by his brother, William H. Crocker, who landed here from Europe yesterday. He had come, as he said, because his brother, so near death, wished to see him.

"There is nothing new about this," the brother said last night. "My brother is under the constant care of trained nurses, and Dr. Sam Lambert calls twice a day, but we all know it is only a question of a few weeks. His trouble is the same one for which Dr. Bull operated on June 24, 1908. As soon as its extent was known by the physicians we realized that a cure was hopeless. Last June at his home in Ramsey, N. J., he grew much worse—the operation had given some relief—and then it was a question of months. He came back from New Jersey early in September, and now he cannot leave his bed.

"His sister, Mrs. George B. Alexander, is here, and his nephew, C. Templeton Crocker is on his way from California. We are doing what we can to relieve his suffering, but we can do very little. His only relaxation is reading the newspapers; he does that a great deal. He said to me to-day, 'You don't know at all what pain is.'"

Mr. Crocker is about 54 years old. Charles Crocker, the father, a man of great daring in his business enterprises, was one of the California pioneers. He built the first railroad across the Sierras, worked a number of mines, and in all the early industries of the State his name figured. His associates were such men as Flood, Fair, Mackay, and O'Brien.

He died in 1888, leaving $30,000,000 to his children, but stipulating that in this his son George should have no share till "for the space of five years continuously he shall abstain from the use of spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors to the extent that he shall not during this period have been intoxicated."

If he did this he was to get $6,000,000.

Three years later George Crocker notified his brothers, Col. Fred and William Crocker, the trustees of his share, that his abstinence had begun. He went forthwith to a property of his own that had never paid, a $375,000 ranch in Utah. He worked hard for three years. At the end of that time he had not only won back the confidence of skeptical relatives and friends, but had made the ranch a property of real value. It was then he married Mrs. Emma Rutherford and set out on a wedding trip to Europe. When he came back his brothers turned over to him the $6,000,000.

His devotion to his wife was well known; but in 1904, after a long and hopeless illness, she died of cancer of the stomach at her home in Newport. She had been operated upon in Paris, and later George Crocker sued the operating physician, Dr. Doyen, for $20,000, on the ground that "veritable moral violence" had been used to convince him she could be cured.

His business life consisted in carrying on the companies started by his father. He was a member of the banking house of Tuller & Co., and Director of several corporations. He was also interested in sports, and belonged to most of the well-known clubs of the city.

Herbert Carr, Actor, Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Herbert Carr, a character actor, who had appeared in several New York productions, died Monday morning in the hospital of George Washington University, where he had been confined since "The Girl from Rector's" company, of which he was a member, left the city. Carr was a very stout man, and for a year or two had suffered from dropsy.

PRAISES FOREIGN VOTERS.

Congressman Bennett Says They Are Honest and Intelligent as Natives.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 16.—Before the joint convention of the National Municipal League and the American Civic Association to-night Congressman William S. Bennet of New York delivered an address on "The Effect of the Immigrant in Municipal Politics." Mr. Bennet declared that the foreign-born citizen had proved himself fully the equal of his neighbors of American birth in political honesty, intelligence, and liberality.

In the recent New York Mayoralty campaign, Mr. Bennet said, the great proportion of foreign-born voters supported Mr. Hearst because they believed in the sincerity of his ideals. He added that the "thinly veiled offer of license put forward by the Tammany candidate, Mr. Gaynor," had not affected Mr. Hearst's followers, although the latter candidate was openly for reform.

Pleas for the Government regulation of natural monopolies were voiced by James R. Garfield, former Secretary of the Interior, and President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University. Both spoke on the conservation of natural resources and both declared that it was imperative that the Government take immediate steps toward that end.

"The sentiment of preserving our natural resources has gone like wildfire throughout the country," said Dr. Eliot. "The people mean to have conservation. It is the experience of the American people that when any monopoly establishes itself, whether of labor or of capital, then is time for the stepping in of Government regulations. Many monopolies are inevitable and when such is the case proper supervision is essential."

BUSINESS MAN, NOT TRAMP.

Man Who Died in Lodging House Was W. C. Lytle of Motor Improvement Co.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 16.—The body of a supposed tramp, who died penniless in a ten-cent lodging house last Thursday, was to-night identified as the remains of W. C. Lytle, Vice-President and General Manager of the Motor Improvement Co., who had been missing since July 15. The identification was made by Albert L. Talcott, attorney, and a constable from a Justice's court, who were summoned to the county morgue on advices from New York.

Lytle disappeared immediately following a minor dispute over a diamond ring, in which a woman procured his arrest. Worry over the trouble affected Lytle's bearing toward his friends, and a few days before the day set for his trial he vanished. Talcott went his bondsman, having signed the $1,000 bail warrant.

Last week a ragged stranger appeared at the lodging house and registered as M. Marion. The next morning he was found dead. The cause of his death is still a mystery to the Coroner and other physicians who examined him. There is no clue as to his movements while gone from Cleveland, except that in September he took rooms in the outskirts of the lodging house district under the name of Mason.

John G. Carlisle Is Improving.

There was a marked improvement last night in the condition of ex-Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle, who is ill in St. Vincent's Hospital. Mr. Carlisle spent a comfortable day and was resting easily.

Wigs AND Toupees

To Cover Total or Partial Baldness

Those of my make are the standard of perfection as to fit and naturalness. It costs nothing to try them on.

Private Entrance for Gentlemen No Publicity

And, as Usual,

An Unequalled Assortment of

Ladies' Hair Goods.

A. Simonson

398 FIFTH AVE., 36th & 37th Sts.

No Branch Stores No Agents

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Kennedy's Hats are Money Savers

Flexible Derbys, $1.90

Elsewhere 3.00

Skeleton finish.

Rough Finish Alpines, 1.90 & 2.75

Opera Crush Hats, 3.90

Golf & Motor Caps, 95c

The Greatest Variety You Ever Dreamed Of.

Parrots

African Gray Parrots.

$25, $40, $50, $200, $300, $500, $1,000.

Extra Good Talkers

Canaries.

Warranted Singers $2.00, $2.50, $3.00

Soft Singers $5.00, $6.00, $8.00

Holden Contraltos.$10.00,$15.00,$20.00,$25.00

Piping Bullfinches, $40, $50, $75, $100.

Animals, Birds, Fish.

Holden's, 25 W. 23d St.

Near 5th Ave. and Madison Square.

SELLING OUT

Old-Established High Grade Men's CLOTHING and FURNISHING SHOP at 38 New St., One Block Below Wall St., Everything at ⅓ Former Prices.

$10 BUYS A $20 SUIT or OVERCOAT

$30 Overcoat or Suit (silk lined) $15

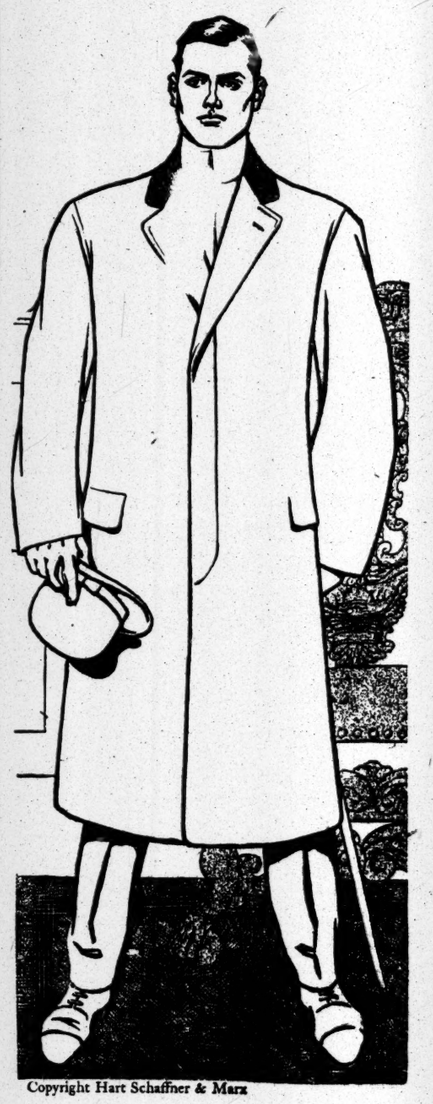
Fur lined Overcoats, English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, & complete lines of Furnishings } ALL AT ½ FORMER PRICES.

ADVERTISED BRANDS OF SHIRTS. $3 and $3 VALUES, $1.90 and $1.40.

JAMES YOUNG, 38 NEW ST.

Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

Wallach Bros.



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Third Ave. Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)

1195 Broadway Just below 29th Street

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats

THIS picture can give you but a faint idea of the style and swing of our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats.

For pen drawn pictures like word pictures are faint and lifeless when compared with their original.

So we'll not try to describe these Overcoats.

But,—we will say this:

You owe yourself more than a glimpse of them, you owe yourself knowledge of their Qualities and their Values.

So come in Today.

Overcoats $15 to $65.

Hats

SMART men are wearing rough Beaver Hats this Fall—

Get one of ours, they are very soft and comfortable, and there's the famous Wallach style in every one, and Wallach quality, of course, $3 or $2.

Underwear

NEW YORK men are wearing lighter weight Winter underwear nowadays.

We have an ever renewing stock of balbriggan and lisle garments, besides all good makes of wool and mixtures in winter weights.

WINTER OVERCOAT WEATHER

is here. We are ready with a tremendous large stock of fine English meltons, kerseys, moule cloths and imported fancy cheviots, satin lined, to measure, $25. A special Thanksgiving offering.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

THE NEW THEATRE

Central Park West, 62-63d Sts. Tel. 8300 Col.

To-day 2, THE BARTERED BRIDE (Opera.) Tonight 8:15, (Premiere) & Thur. Ev., STRIFE Thurs. Mat., Fri. Evg., The Cottage in the Air Sat. Aft. 2, Ev. 8, Antony and Cleopatra.

NEXT WEEK—Drama: The Cottage in the Air, Strife, Antony and Cleopatra. Opera: Il Barbiere di Siviglia, Czaar und Zimmermann. Choice seats for opera as well as drama. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.50.

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Daily Mats. 2. Best seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c. to $1.50.
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 Circus Acts

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Thanksgiving 2:15. FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY.

LYRIC 42d. West of B'way. Evgs.8:15. Last 4 Nights. Mats.To-day & Sat. WM. FAVERSHAM IN HEROD

Next Week—THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Sat., Thanksgiving 2:30 FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Thanksg'v'g. SAM BERNARD THE GIRL AND THE WIZARD.

BROADWAY THEA., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS

COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs 8:15. Mats.Today,Sat.,Thanksg'v'g 11TH WEEK Popular Matinee To-day Best Seats $1.50 Whiteside in Zangwill's Great Play, THE MELTING POT "The Little Theatre with the Big Play."—SUN.

LEW FIELDS HERALD SQUARE $1.50 Mat.To-day Evs. at 8:15. Last Week Here. Next Week Lyric. Whitney Opera Co. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER MON. EVG., NOV. 22, Seats To-morrow. (Mat. Thanksgiving) LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH

HACKETT 42d St., W. of B'way. Last 6 Times. Evs.8:15. Mats.To-mor. & Sat. 2:15. Elsie Ferguson in SUCH A LITTLE QUEEN MON. EVG., NOV. 22, Seats To-morrow. (Mat. Thanksgiving) GEORGE ARLISS IN SEPTIMUS

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee Today 2:15. BERT A. Williams Of Williams & Walker, in MR. LODE OF KOAL.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.50. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2. Last Week John Mason IN THE Witching Hour Next Week, PAID IN FULL Seat Sale Thursday

WEST END 125th St. W. of 8th Av. Evs.8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day 2:15. THE ROSE OF ALGERIA.

CARNEGIE HALL.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York

GUSTAV MAHLER

Conductor.

Friday, November 19, at 2:30 P. M.

First Concert of the

Beethoven Cycle

Programme:

Symphony No. 2, D major.
Overture, "Leonore," No. 3.
Overture, "Fidelio."
Overture, "Leonore," No. 1.
Overture, "Leonore," No. 2.

Seats 75c. to $2. Boxes $12, $15 and $18. Subscriptions for the Beethoven and Sunday Cycles now on sale at Carnegie Hall. Box Office open daily from 9 to 5. FELIX F. LEIFELS, Secretary, 1777 B'way.

NEW THEATRE.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY

of New York.

WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.

NEXT SUNDAY, NOV. 21, AT THREE.

Soloist, MYRTLE ELVYN (First New York Appearance.)

Symphony No. 2, BRAHMS; Concerto for Piano, LISZT; Rhapsody Espagnole, RAVEL. Tickets, 50c. to $2. 1 W. 34th & New Theatre.

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THE DISTINGUISHED INTERPRETER OF SONGS.

A Program Equal to Ten Lessons for any Student.

Only appearance this season CARNEGIE HALL.

Tuesday Eve., Nov. 23.

PRICES POPULAR—25c. to $1.50. Sale of seats opens to-morrow (Thursday) at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL.

Next Saturday Aft. at 2:30

Rachmaninoff

PIANO RECITAL.

Seats 75c. to $2 at Hall. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, This Afternoon at 3

YOLANDA MERO

FIRST PIANO RECITAL.

Tickets 50 cts., $1.00, $1.50, at Hall. Management Wolfsohn Bureau. (Steinway Piano.)

CARNEGIE HALL. TO-MORROW EVE. at 8:15 FIRST CONCERT. Seats, 50c.-$2.00, Box Office or Tyson's. RUSSIAN Symphony Society. MODEST ALTSCHULER.....Conductor Soloist.....YOLANDA MERO.....Piano Programme will include TSCHAIKOWSKY'S Pathetique

STUYVESANT THE BELASCO 44th St., nr B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. —LAST WEEKS— FRANCES STARR in THE EASIEST WAY.

BELASCO THEATRE. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:15. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

PLAZA 59 St., Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Svengali Mystery, Empire City Quartet, Felix & Caire, Maude Odell and others.

AMERICAN 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. 4—MORTONS—4 Nellie Wallace, Willie Hoppe, Karno's Co., etc. Next Week HARRY LAUDER. Seats Now.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Geo. Beban & Co., Nella Bergen, Albert Whelan, Stepp, Mehlenger & King.

BRONX 149th St. 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. "At the Waldorf," "The Bandit," "Motoring," Foy & Clark and others.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c Annette Kellermann, Murphy, Nichols & Co., Bond & Benton, Six Cuttys, etc.

METROPOLIS Mat. Daily, 25c. Ev. Prices, 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c. PARISIAN WIDOWS. Burlesque and Vaudeville.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th. Mat. Daily. Girls from Happyland, with Billy W. Watson

DRUG SHOW

Madison Square Garden, November 15th to 20th. Open daily from 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. THOUSANDS of SAMPLES. SOUVENIRS—MUSIC. Adults, 50c. Children, 25c.

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Under Patronage of H. M. Queen Margherita, exhibition of ITALIAN LACES and EMBROIDERIES, copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of the Italian Colony of New York, 10 to 5, 59 West 39th Street.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE To-night 8:15 & Sat. Mat. 2:15. Hauptmann's Comedy, "Der Biberpelz"; Thurs., Fri. & Sat. Evs., "Die Fledermaus," (The Bat)

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Mat.To-day 25c.-50c. WILLIAM COLLIER THE PATRIOT.

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.

MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. Augusta Glose, Flo Irwin & Co., Bedini & Arthur; Kalmer & Brown, Avon Comedy Four, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S VALESKA SURATT Frank Fogarty, "Star Bout," Pat Rooney & Marion Bent, others.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. THE BLUE RIBBON GIRLS.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX, Gypsy Music, CINEMATOGRAPH each hour, STORY OF HIAWATHA, etc.

MURRAY HILL THEA., Mat. To-day. Smoking. Follies of the Moulin Rouge.

ICE SKATING ST. NICHOLAS RINK, 66th St. & Columbus Av.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. & Nov. 25. "His Best Play in Years."—Evs. World. JOHN DREW INCONSTANT GEORGE

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. & Nov. 25. Bellew at His Best in the Greatest Success of His Career. KYRLE BELLEW In THE BUILDER OF BRIDGES By ALFRED SUTRO

HUDSON THEATRE. Special Seats now TO-MORROW (Thurs.) also FRIDAY. NEXT WEEK, MON., TUES. & FRI. SPECIAL MATINEES RUTH ST. DENIS in her Repertoire of HINDOO DANCES.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. & Nov. 25. "A Dramatic Sensation."—Eve. World. ISRAEL by Henri Bernstein, author of "THE THIEF" and of "SAMSON." "A big play."—Sun.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Evs. 8. Mats.Sat.& Nov.25 at 2. 100TH TIME MONDAY, DEC. 13. "A MERRY WIDOW HIT."—World. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

SAVOY B'y & 34 St. Evs. 8:15. Sat.Mat.2:15 Special Mat. To-morrow. Miss ANGLIN in Helena Richie

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Ev. at 8:15. Matinee To-morrow & Sat. 2:15. The famous Detective-Thief Play. ARSENE LUPIN

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats.To-day & Sat. & Nov. 25. 2:15. "MORE POWERFUL THAN THE WITCHING HOUR."—Tribune. AUGUSTUS THOMAS' GREATEST TRIUMPH. THE HARVEST MOON with GEORGE NASH. Who says you can't, the other fellow or you? Are you quitting under a suggestion from some other person or have you asked for failure yourself? See The Harvest Moon at the Garrick and take heart.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. TO-DAY Best Seats $1.50. GENEE IN THE SILVER STAR BICKEL & WATSON and cast of 100.

W. 42 St. LIBERTY THEATRE MABEL TALIAFERRO in "SPRINGTIME" by Tarkington & Wilson. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat.

NEW YORK THEATRE EVES.8:15 MAT.TO-DAY SAT.2:15 IN COHAN'S LAUGHING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN WHO OWNS B'WAY HITCHCOCK

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. EVES. 8.15 MATS WED & SAT. 2.15 WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE FORTUNE HUNTER

Joe Weber's B'way & 29th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Climax MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. & $1. No Higher. MABEL

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.

Evenings at 8.....Saturday Matinee at 1

This Evg., OTELLO. Mmes. Alda, Wickham (debut;) MM. Slezak (debut,) Scotti, Witherspoon, Bada, Reschiglian. Cond., Toscanini.

Thurs. Evg., LA TRAVIATA. Mmes. Lipkowska (debut,) Niessen-Stone, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Reschiglian. Conductor, Podesti (debut.)

Fri. Evg., MADAMA BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Destinn, Fornia; MM. Martin, Amato, Reiss, Bourgeois (debut,) Muhlmann. Cond., Toscanini.

Sat. Aft., LOHENGRIN. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Jorn, Forsell (debut,) Hinckley, Whitehill. Conductor, Hertz.

Sat. Evg., LA BOHEME. Mmes. Nellsen, Alten; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Didur, Pini-Corsi, de Segurola, Gianoli. Cond., Podesti.

Sun. Evg., POPULAR PRICES, at 8:30. GRAND SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT.

Soloists: Mmes. de Pasquali, Meitschik, Wickham; MM. Edmond Clement (his first appearance,) Didur, Whitehill. Entire Metropolitan Opera Orchestra. Conductor, Max Bendix (debut.)

NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., TOSCA. Mlle. Farrar; MM. Martin, Scotti, Ananian, Gianoli. Conductor, Tango (debut.)

Wed. Evg., Double Bill. CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA and PAGLIACCI. Mmes. Destinn, Noria (debut,) Wickham; MM. Caruso, Martin, Scotti, Gilly. Conductor, Tango.

Thurs., THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEE at 12:45 precisely. PARSIFAL. Mmes. Fremstad; MM. Burrian, Forsell, Blass, Gorlitz, Witherspoon. Conductor, Hertz.

Thurs. Evg., IL TROVATORE. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Martin, Gilly, Rossi. Conductor, Tango.

AT THE NEW THEATRE.

To-day Matinee at 2—THE BARTERED BRIDE. Mmes. Destinn, Mattfeld; MM. Jorn, Didur, Reiss, Witherspoon, Muhlmann. Cond., Hertz.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Mon. Evg., Nov. 22, MADAMA BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Destinn, Fornia; MM. Caruso, de Segurola, Reiss, Muhlmann, Bourgeois. Cond., Podesti.

WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.

GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.

Prices: Gr. Opera, $5 to $1. Op. Comique, $3 to 75c.

To-night at 8, (first time in America,) SAPHO, Miss Garden, Miles. D'Alvarez, Walter-Villa; MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdean, Villa, Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente. Fri., TRAVIATA, Mme. Tetrazzini; Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco. Sat. Mat., HERODIADE. Sat. Night, (Comique,) LA MASCOTTE. Thanksgiving Night (Special,) CARMEN. SUN. NIGHT GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT NEXT WEEK—Mon., DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT (in Italian.) Mmes. Tetrazzini, Duchene; Mr. John McCormack, MM. Gilibert, Nicolas. Mus. Dir., M. Anselmi.

Tues., (Op. Comique,) LA MASCOTTE. Mlles. Delormes, Nolba; MM. Blondel, Dufour, Leroux, Dambrinne, Moyroud. Mus. Dir., M. Alfred Haakman.

Wed., HERODIADE. Mlles. Cavalieri, Gerville-Reache, Duchene; MM. Dalmores, Renaud, Crabbe, Vallier, Nicolay, Venturini. Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente.

Thanksgiving Night, (Special,) CARMEN. Mlles. Cavalieri, Miranda, Trentini, Duchene; MM. Zenatello, Dufranne. Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente.

Fri., TOSCA. Mme. Carmen Melis (debut;) MM. Zenatello, Renaud, Gilibert. Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente.

Sat. Afternoon, SAPHO, Miss Mary Garden and original cast.

Sat. Night, (Opera Comique,) LES DRAGONS DE VILLARS. Mmes. Dumesnil, Duchene; MM. Devries, Dufour, Dambrinne, Nicolay, Grenier, Moyroud. Mus. Dir., M. Haakman.

Next Week's Sale Opens Thurs. 9 A. M.

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Ev., 8:15. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. to $1.50. BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS by Mary Roberts Rinehart & Avery Hopwood. SEATS 10 WEEKS AHEAD.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Sat., Thanksgiving. Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50. 7th Week The Fourth Estate The Great Newspaper Play. "One of the season's real sensations; make no mistake about that."—Eve., Sun.

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